Meningococcal Conjugate (Groups A, C, Y and W-135) Vaccine (MenC-ACYW)

Revision Date: August 10, 2022

Rationale for Update:
• Updated to include the outbreak control schedule.

This policy is evergreen and will be updated as new information becomes available.

Please consult the Product Monograph for further information about the vaccine.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>MENACTRA®</th>
<th>MENVEO®</th>
<th>NIMENRIX®</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sanofi Pasteur Limited</td>
<td>Novartis Vaccines and Diagnostics Inc.</td>
<td>Pfizer Canada Inc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Licensed use**
- Individuals 9 months to 55 years of age.
- Individuals 2 months to 55 years of age.
- Individuals 6 weeks to 55 years of age.

**Indications for use of provincially funded vaccine**

**Pre-exposure:**
- **Students in Grade 9** – routine program in Alberta.

  **Notes:**
  - Students should receive the vaccine regardless of previous meningococcal immunization received in a routine infant/preschool program.
  - Students, who are eligible in Grade 9 (starting in 2010-2011 school-year) but did not receive the vaccine, continue to be eligible to receive this vaccine up to the end of Grade 12 if they present to public health.
  - **Laboratory workers** routinely exposed to *Neisseria meningitides*, if they are involved in conducting subculture identification, susceptibility testing, serological and/or molecular characterization and deep freeze for storage. Laboratory workers who do only initial specimen plants are not eligible.
  - **Individuals at high risk** of invasive meningococcal disease (IMD) due to underlying medical conditions as listed (see Menveo® for at risk children younger than 24 months of age):
    - Asplenia - anatomical or functional (including sickle-cell disease).
    - Acquired complement deficiency due to receipt of the terminal complement inhibitor eculizumab (Soliris®).

      **Note:** Individuals prescribed eculizumab (Soliris®) should receive meningococcal vaccine at least two weeks before receiving the first dose of Soliris® if possible.
    - Congenital complement, properdin, factor D or primary antibody deficiencies.

**Indications for use of provincially funded vaccine**

**Off-license use**
- High-risk adults 56 years of age and older.
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- Hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) recipients. See:
  - Immunization for Child Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplant Recipients
  - Immunization for Adult Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplant Recipients.
- HIV infection especially if it is congenitally acquired.4
- Solid organ transplant candidates and recipients. See:
  - Immunization for Children Expecting Solid Organ Transplant at 18 Months of Age or Older (Catch-up Schedule)
  - Immunization for Adult Solid Organ Transplant Candidates and Recipients.

**Note:** For additional information see: Immunization of Specific Populations.

**Post-exposure:**
- **Close contacts** and/or outbreak control when serogroups A, Y or W-135 are identified.4

**Notes:**
- Results of the index case serogroup should be known before proceeding with immunization.
- Contacts of meningococcal serogroup C who are eligible for meningococcal conjugate quadrivalent vaccine (MenC-ACYW) e.g., students in Grade 9, 10, 11 or 12 who have not already received their adolescent MenC-ACYW vaccine, should receive MenC-ACYW not meningococcal conjugate C vaccine (MenconC).
- Other contacts of meningococcal serogroup C. See Biological Products - Meningococcal Conjugate C Vaccine.
- Contacts of meningococcal serogroup B see Meningococcal B Multicomponent Recombinant Vaccine - BEXSERO®.

For disease information, contact assessment, chemoprophylaxis and reporting guidelines, refer to Public Health Notifiable Disease Management Guidelines – Meningococcal Disease, Invasive.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>0.5 mL</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Route</td>
<td>Intramuscular injection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule</td>
<td>Pre-exposure:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Grade 9 students – routine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 1 dose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Note: Students who have previously received MenC-ACYW (e.g., for travel or close contact of IMD):</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- If MenC-ACYW vaccine was received when younger than 12 years of age, offer the vaccine in Grade 9.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- If MenC-ACYW vaccine was received at 12 years of age or older, the vaccine is not indicated in Grade 9.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Eligible laboratory workers</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- 1 dose (booster doses every five years as long as risk continues).4</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Individuals at high risk of IMD due to underlying medical conditions:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 2 months – 11 months of age (use Menveo® only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Dose 1: 2 months of age</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Dose 2: 4 months of age</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Dose 3: 6 months of age</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Dose 4: 12 months of age (and at least eight weeks after 3rd dose).1,4</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Notes:

- The first dose should not be administered before eight weeks of age.\(^4\)
- Booster dose three years after the last dose (12 – 23 months of age) followed by every five years as long as risk continues.\(^4\)
- Meningococcal conjugate C vaccine (MenconC) is not recommended in addition to Menveo® for infants and children at high risk for IMD.\(^4\)

**12 months – 23 months of age (use Menveo® only)**

- Two doses administered eight weeks apart.\(^4\)
- Booster dose three years after the 2\(^{nd}\) dose followed by every five years as long as risk continues.\(^4\)

**Two years of age and older:**

- Two doses administered eight weeks apart.\(^2,7\)
- Booster doses every 3-5 years:
  - Six years of age and younger at time of initial immunization: administer a booster dose three years after the last dose followed by a booster dose every five years.\(^4\)
  - Seven years of age and older at time of initial immunization: administer a booster dose every five years.\(^4\)

Notes:

- The interval between doses may be reduced to four weeks if accelerated immunization is indicated.\(^4\)
- Individuals at high risk for IMD, who previously received meningococcal polysaccharide vaccine and continue to be at high risk for IMD, should be re-immunized with the appropriate quadrivalent conjugate vaccine.\(^4\) The interval between the polysaccharide vaccine and MenC-ACYW should be at least six months.\(^4\) Booster doses of MenC-ACYW should be administered as outlined above.

- When meningococcal conjugate monovalent C vaccine (MenconC) has been administered previously, the minimum interval between MenC-ACYW and MenconC should be at least four weeks.\(^4\)

**Post-exposure or Outbreak Control (for serogroups A, Y and W-135)**

- **2 months – 11 months of age (use Menveo® only)**
  - Unimmunized: 3 doses administered eight weeks apart with another dose between 12 and 23 months of age and at least eight weeks from the previous dose.\(^4\)
  - Previous immunization MenconC: administer Menveo® series as for unimmunized regardless of when the last dose of MenconC was administered.\(^4\)
  - Previous immunization with MenC-ACYW: administer one dose of Menveo® if at least four weeks after a previous dose and complete the series.\(^4\)

- **12 months – 23 months of age (use Menveo® only)**
  - Unimmunized: Two doses of Menveo® with an interval of at least eight weeks between the doses.\(^4\)
  - Previously immunized with MenconC, administer two doses of Menveo® with an interval of at least eight weeks between the doses regardless of when the previous dose of MenconC was administered.\(^4\)
**Meningococcal Conjugate (Groups A, C, Y and W-135) Vaccine**

### Program Notes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2007 February 1</td>
<td>Meningococcal Conjugate (A, C, Y, W-135) Menactra® introduced into program for high risk groups 2-55 years of age.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2011 February</td>
<td>Meningococcal Conjugate (A, C, Y, W-135) routine school immunization program for Grade 9 students.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2012 January 26</td>
<td>Meningococcal Conjugate (A, C, Y, W-135) for individuals at high risk 56 years of age and older.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2015 February 10</td>
<td>Menactra®/Menveo® updated indication for individuals with acquired complement deficiency on Solaris®</td>
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<tr>
<td>2017 September</td>
<td>Nimenrix® Meningococcal Conjugate (A, C, Y, W-135) was introduced into immunization program</td>
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<tr>
<td>2022 August 10</td>
<td>Outbreak Control added to Schedule section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Contraindications

- Known severe hypersensitivity to any component of the vaccine.
- Anaphylactic or other allergic reactions to a previous dose of vaccine containing meningococcal conjugate vaccine.

### Precautions

- Will not protect against infections caused by organisms other than serogroups A, C, Y and W-135 N. meningitidis.  
  **Note:** NACI now recommends that Menactra® or Menveo® may be administered to people with a previous history of Guillain-Barré Syndrome (GBS). A previous history of GBS is not a contraindication to receiving Nimenrix®.

### Possible reactions

See Product Monograph

### Pregnancy

Conjugate meningococcal vaccines have not been studied in pregnant women; however, in specific situations as outlined above the vaccine should be administered when indicated.¹ ² ³ ⁴

### Lactation

Breastfeeding women should receive vaccine if indicated.⁴

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¹ ² ³ ⁴ Alberta Immunization Policy | Biological Products ©2022 Government of Alberta | Published: August 2022 | Page 4 of 5
References


5. Alberta Advisory Committee on Immunization. (2011, May 31). Record of decisions
