# **Clostridium Perfringens**

#### **Created Dates**

Case Definition	January 2013
Reporting Requirements	January 2013

### **Case Definition**

#### **Confirmed Case**

Clinical illness<sup>[1]</sup> with laboratory confirmation of infection:

 Isolation of ≥10<sup>5</sup> Clostridium perfringens organisms per gram<sup>[2]</sup> from the stool or epidemiologically implicated food.<sup>[3]</sup>

#### **Probable Case**

Clinical illness<sup>[1]</sup> in a person who is epidemiologically linked to a confirmed case.

<sup>[1]</sup> Clinical illness is characterized in some cases by the sudden onset of nausea and vomiting, and in others by abdominal cramps and diarrhea.

<sup>[2]</sup> Isolation of *C. perfringens* in numbers less the 10<sup>5</sup> organisms per gram may be indicative of normal flora only and not necessarily the causative agent.

<sup>[3]</sup> Refer to the <u>Provincial Laboratory for Public Health (ProvLab) Guide to Services</u> for current specimen collection and submission information.



## **Reporting Requirements**

1. Laboratories

Section 23(a)(ii) of the *Public Health Act* requires that all laboratories, including regional laboratories and the ProvLab, shall report all positive laboratory results by mail, fax or electronic transfer within 48 hours (two days) to the:

- Chief Medical Officer of Health (or designate),
- Medical Officer of Health (or designate) and
- Attending/ordering physician.
- 2. Alberta Health Services and First Nations and Inuit Health Branch Report outbreaks only using the Alberta Outbreak Report Form. Completion of a Notifiable Disease Report is not required.