WATER QUALITY OF THE ELBOW RIVER

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OVERVIEW

The Elbow River is a tributary of the Bow River in the South Saskatchewan River basin. It flows through Subalpine, Boreal Foothill, and Aspen Parkland ecoregions before joining the Bow River in downtown Calgary. Urban development along the Elbow River upstream of Calgary is limited, as much of the watershed here is used for recreation or agriculture. There is one mainstem impoundment on the Elbow River, the Glenmore Reservoir, which was completed in 1932 and now provides Calgary with approximately 50% of it's drinking water. City of Calgary officials have expressed concern that drinking water quality may deteriorate because proposed residential development upstream of the reservoir could increase the loading of nutrients and other contaminants.

Because of ongoing concerns with respect to this important watershed, Alberta Environment initiated a detailed survey of the river in 1988 to develop a basin overview of water quality. The specific objectives of this survey were to: 1) assess the effects of existing development on water quality of the Elbow River upstream of Calgary; 2) examine phosphorus loading patterns and determine major sources, particularly during peak flow conditions; and 3) provide baseline data to assess the effects of future development. Because the limnology of the reservoir was not investigated in this study, no attempt has been made to link river water quality with reservoir conditions.

This report summarizes the major findings of the investigation. The reader should note that the design and implementation of appropriate management strategies to protect river water quality for future use will inevitably require more detailed, site-specific study.

In general, water quality was good upstream of Calgary, although increases in particulate matter during peak flow conditions predictably reduced water quality for short periods. There were few cases of any variables exceeding Canadian Water Quality Guidelines or Alberta Surface Water Quality Objectives and most that occurred did so during peak flow. There were no licensed municipal or industrial discharges upstream of Calgary during the period of study (1988-1990).

Most of the phosphorus in the river upstream of the Glenmore Reservoir was in particulate form. High levels of particulate phosphorus were transported by the Elbow River during peak flow between the site downstream of Bragg Creek and the Sarcee Barracks Bridge site, probably as a result of scouring of the floodplain or erosion of the river's banks.

Average phosphorus levels upstream of Bragg Creek were usually below the analytical detection limit. A comparison with historical data suggested that the development of Kananaskis Country in the Elbow River watershed did not increase nitrogen and phosphorus levels in the river between 1979 and 1988-1989. Nitrite+nitrate levels upstream of Calgary decreased between 1982 and 1990, whereas calcium, magnesium, and chloride concentrations increased over the same period.

Three main tributaries were also sampled during the study. McLean and Bragg creeks appeared to have little effect on water quality of the Elbow River, probably because of dilution. Lott Creek, however, had a higher discharge and therefore, a greater loading of

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total nitrogen, total phosphorus, and fecal coliforms into the Elbow River than did the other two creeks.

At the 9th Avenue Bridge site near the mouth, the Elbow River is influenced by urban stormwater and, to a much lesser degree other effluents and had elevated levels of aluminum, barium, iron, sodium, potassium, chloride, epilithic chlorophyll <u>a</u>, fecal and total coliforms, nitrate+nitrite, and total nitrogen. Aluminum levels exceeded the Canadian Water Quality Guideline to protect aquatic life in over 50% of the samples at this site, and total coliform levels frequently exceeded the Alberta Surface Water Quality Objectives for recreational use.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Elbow River is a tributary of the Bow River in the South Saskatchewan River basin, originating in the eastern slopes of the Rocky Mountains. It flows through Subalpine, Boreal Foothills, and Aspen Parkland ecoregions to join the Bow River near downtown Calgary (Figure 1). There is one mainstem impoundment on the Elbow River, the Glenmore Reservoir, which was completed in 1932. In 1988, the Glenmore Reservoir provided the City of Calgary with approximately 50% of its drinking water supply (Hargesheimer and Lewis 1988).

The primary water quality concern for the Elbow River basin is the effect of increased upstream development on the water quality of Glenmore Reservoir. Agricultural, recreational, and residential developments may increase phosphorus and nitrogen loads to the reservoir, providing nutrients for algal blooms (Marshall, Macklin, Monaghan Ltd., 1984). Based on the Vollenweider eutrophication model and using 1982-83 data, the reservoir was classified as slightly eutrophic (Marshall, Macklin, Monaghan Ltd. 1984), and in 1986 it was classified as bordering on mesotrophic (Hargesheimer and Lewis 1988). Taste and odour problems in reservoir water have been reported occasionally by Calgary residents (Dixon 1991). In addition to nutrients, the Elbow River basin appears to provide the Glenmore Reservoir with the majority of its total suspended solids, turbidity, total alkalinity, total iron, fluoride, and barium loadings (Marshall, Macklin, Monaghan Ltd. 1984). The reservoir also receives direct stormwater inputs from the City of Calgary.

Because of ongoing concerns with respect to this important watershed, Alberta Environment initiated a detailed survey of the river in 1988 to develop a basin overview of water quality. The specific objectives of this survey were to: 1) assess the effects of present development on water quality of the Elbow River upstream of Calgary; 2) examine phosphorus loading patterns and determine major sources, particularly during peak flow conditions; and 3) provide baseline data to assess the effects of future development. The limnology of the Glenmore Reservoir was not addressed in this investigation.

1.1 STUDY AREA

In its headwaters, the Elbow River is a fast flowing, single-channel stream that flows through subalpine meadows and boreal forest. This region is used extensively for recreation as part of Kananaskis Country, with facilities for hiking, overnight camping, and

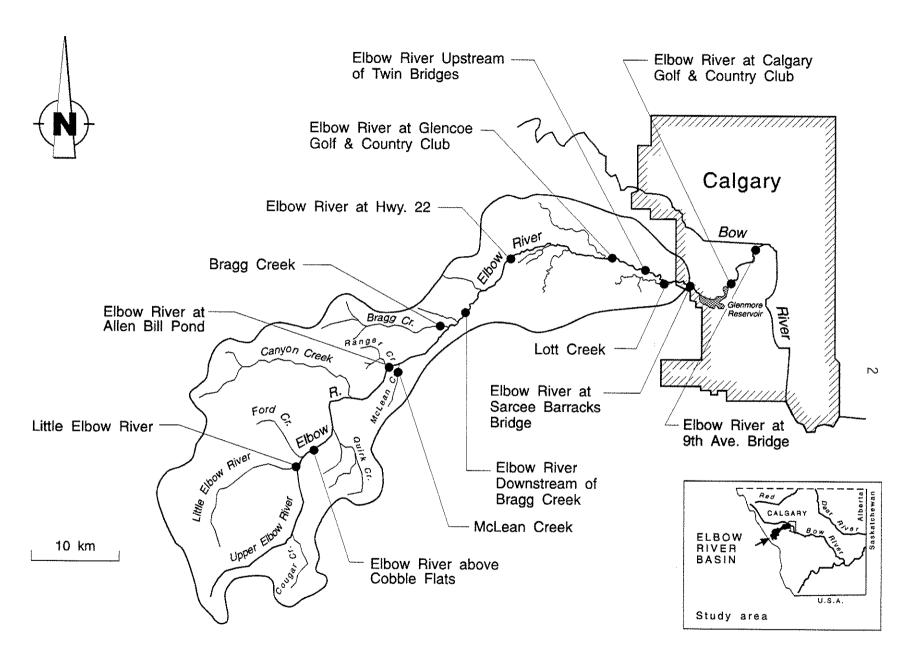


Figure 1. Elbow River Basin showing routine sampling locations.

horseback riding. Downstream of Bragg Creek, the channel begins to divide and meander, and the adjacent terrain changes from boreal forest to aspen parkland. Along this reach of the river there is increased agricultural activity. Between the sites upstream of the Twin Bridges and the Glenmore Dam, the increased meandering is accompanied by some slumping of the river's banks.

Four main tributaries were sampled routinely in this investigation: the Little Elbow River, McLean Creek, Bragg Creek, and Lott Creek. The Little Elbow River was the furthest upstream site and was assumed to be representative of pristine conditions. This site was selected because of the difficulty gaining access to the upper Elbow River in this area, and was treated as a mainstem site. The other three tributaries were sampled to assess their effects on water quality of the main river. McLean Creek enters the Elbow River in Kananaskis Country. Discharge at the McLean Creek sampling site is regulated by bottom release from a new reservoir (McLean Reservoir), which was constructed in 1985. Bragg Creek joins the Elbow River at the town of Bragg Creek and the lower Bragg Creek basin drains agricultural areas. Lott Creek is the largest of the three tributaries and flows into the Elbow River upstream of Sarcee Barracks Bridge. Lott Creek is spring-fed and therefore discharge is relatively constant throughout the year.

2.0 BASIN CHARACTERISTICS

2.1 HYDROLOGIC AND GEOMORPHIC FEATURES

The Elbow River originates from Elbow Lake (115° 00' 15s W, 50° 37' 20s N), in the eastern slopes region of the Rocky Mountains. Approximately 120 km downstream, the Elbow River joins the Bow River near downtown Calgary (Figure 1). The watershed covers 1230 km² of land within the Alpine, Subalpine, Boreal Forest, and Aspen Parkland ecoregions. The Elbow River is one of the steepest rivers in Alberta, originating at 2095 m above sea level and joining the Bow River at an elevation of 1033 m above sea level (Figure 2). The river bed is predominantly gravelly, cobble-sized alluvium (Hudson 1983).

The Glenmore Reservoir is 12 km upstream of the confluence with the Bow River. Seasonal flow patterns below the Glenmore Reservoir were similar to unregulated flows at Bragg Creek except that the peak discharge was less pronounced (Figures 3, 4). Peak flows in the Elbow River basin occur during mountain snowmelt, about 60% of the total annual

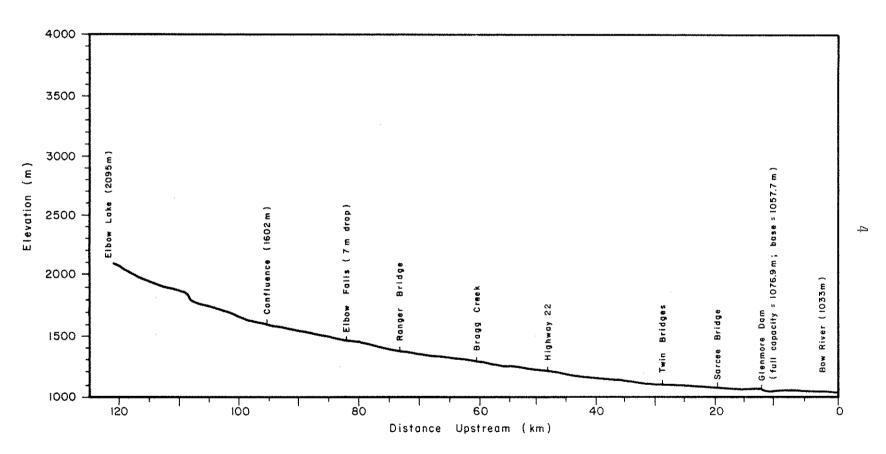


Figure 2. Elbow River longitudinal profile (from Hudson 1983).

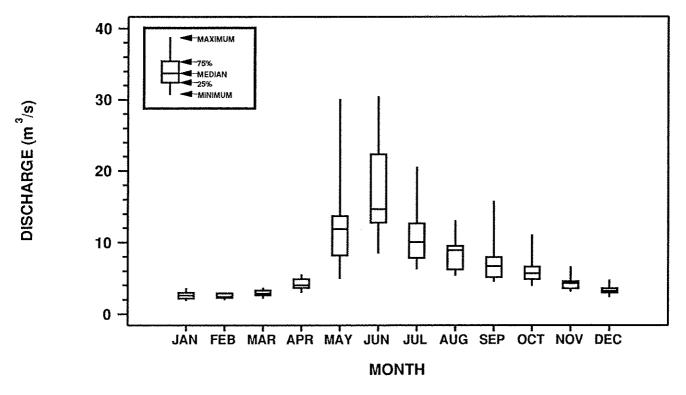


Figure 3. Median monthly discharge of the Elbow River as recorded at the Bragg Creek gauging station between 1968 and 1989.

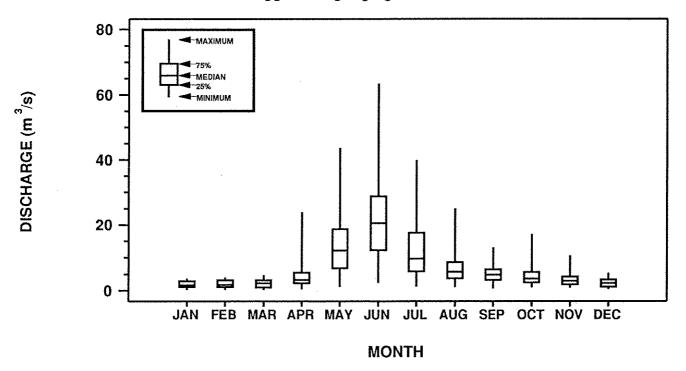


Figure 4. Median monthly discharge of the Elbow River as recorded below the Glenmore Dam gauging station between 1932 and 1990.

discharge occurring between May and July. June is usually the month of highest flow, 25% of the total annual discharge taking place then (Hudson 1983; Figure 3).

According to Hudson (1983), the sediment yield regime of the Elbow River basin is controlled by the hydrologic regime and the sediment supply regime. The steep, gravel bed river has a typical high latitude runoff regime. Flows are low during winter when the river is frozen over. Winter snowfall is effectively redistributed so that it is largely removed over a short period to produce a spring snowmelt flood which may be enhanced by rainfall. Summer rainfall may generate several, generally smaller, flood peaks following the main spring flood. Small magnitude floods tend to be generated from snowmelt in the mountains and upper foothills, rainfall may complicate the response. Large floods are produced as the result of a combination of rainfall and snowmelt from the whole of the basin.

The annual sediment export from the Elbow River watershed has been estimated at approximately 62 t/km² per yr. Sediment loads are highest during spring runoff, with 98% of the total annual sediment load entering the river between May and July and 75% entering in June (Hudson 1983). This pattern of the majority of sediment loading occurring during peak flow is typical of Alberta rivers. The regional mean annual sediment exports reported for Alberta watersheds are 75 t/km² per yr for rivers in the mountains and 50 t/km² per yr for mountain-source rivers flowing in prairie regions (Dickinson and Wall 1977).

In contrast, the upstream watershed of the Elbow River contributes little of the sediment load to this river: 11-34 t/km² per yr enters upstream of Bragg Creek, compared to 138 t/km² per yr entering between Bragg Creek and the Glenmore Reservoir. Bedrock in the upstream reaches produces little sediment and the banks of the river here have more vegetative cover, which may decrease erosion. Downstream, the river's banks hold less vegetation and are composed of sands and silts that are easily eroded.

Solute yields average 25 t/km² per yr in the plains compared to 98 t/km² per yr in the mountains. The lower yields in the plains are thought to be a result of the shorter residence time of groundwater in this region (Hudson 1983).

2.2 CLIMATE, GEOLOGY AND ECOREGIONS

Because it lies in the cool temperate zone, the Elbow River watershed has a continental climate, with long summer days and short winter days. Mean annual air temperatures are near 4°C; January is usually the coldest month and July the warmest

month (Meyboom 1961). Mean January temperatures are approximately -10°C, and mean July temperatures are 10°-15°C. Cold winter weather is punctuated by chinooks, which combine warm temperatures and high winds to increase evaporation. The average growing season is short, with a frost-free period of less than 60 days throughout the watershed. Total annual precipitation is usually 45-50 cm, approximately half of which falls between June and August (Hardy 1967). Precipitation is generally highest in June and lowest in January (Meyboom 1961).

The front ranges of the cordillera, the foothills, and the plains of the Alberta syncline are the three main physiographic zones through which the Elbow River flows (Hudson 1983). Upstream of the confluence of the Elbow and Little Elbow rivers the bedrock is of Palaeozoic origin, consisting primarily of marine limestone and dolomite rock (Figure 5: Seagel 1971; Hudson 1983). Six different Mesozoic shale and sandstone formations form the bedrock of the Elbow River channel between the confluence of the Elbow and Little Elbow rivers and the study site at Highway 22 (Figure 5: Seagel 1971). Downstream of Highway 22, the tertiary Paskapoo Formation forms the bedrock and consists of quartz, feldspar, and a chert/calcareous matrix. Bedrock in most of the Elbow River basin is overlain by glacial and lacustrine deposits from the Pleistocene glaciation. Upstream of Highway 22, the Cordilleran ice sheet was dominant, whereas downstream, the Laurentian ice sheet dominated (Seagel 1971). There is speculation that the boundary between these ice sheets lies further east of Highway 22, although the specific location was not identified (Hudson 1983).

Groundwater has been estimated to account for approximately 40% of the total flow into the Elbow River basin between August and April (Meyboom 1961). The area upstream of Bragg Creek recharges groundwater, whereas between Bragg Creek and the Sarcee Barracks Bridge, groundwater flows into the Elbow River, as indicated by an inverse relationship between total dissolved solids and discharge (Hudson 1983). Solutes in this reach appear to be primarily from rock weathering; below Bragg Creek, regional groundwater appears to be the main source of solutes.

Soils in the alpine and subalpine regions are poorly developed. The boreal foothills are characterized by gray podzols, typified by leached surface soils and deeper soils enriched with clay and organics. The aspen parklands have black chernozem soils that are higher in nitrogen (Hardy 1967) and represent the main cultivated region in the watershed.

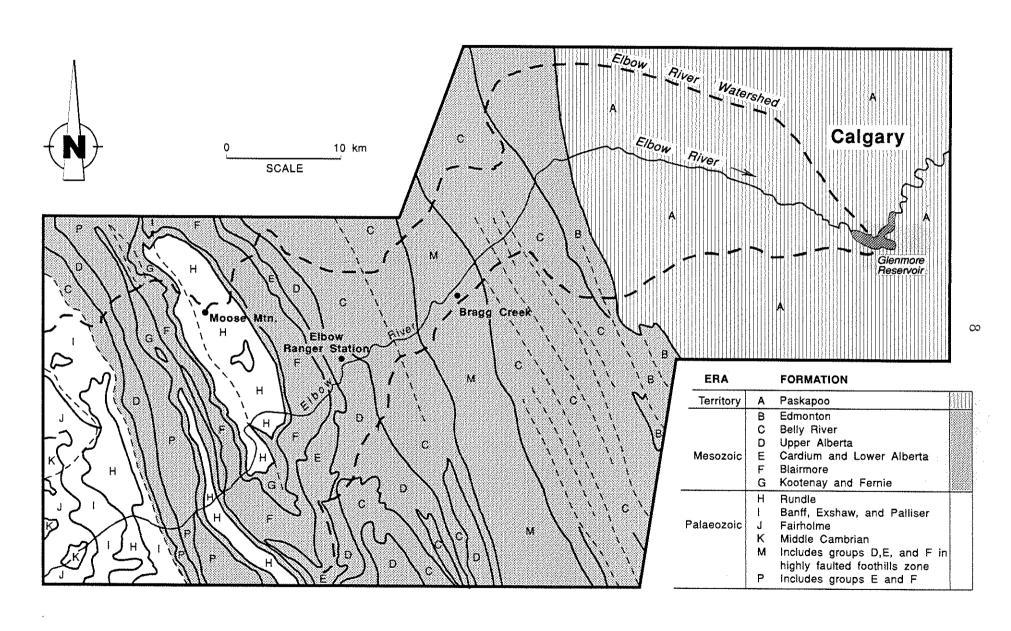


Figure 5. Bedrock geology of the Elbow River Basin (from Seagal 1971).

2.3 BASIN DEVELOPMENT AND LAND USE

During this study (1988-1990) there were no licensed discharges of municipal or industrial effluents into the Elbow River upstream of Calgary. Sewage has occasionally overflowed from the lift station at Redwood Meadows to a quarry north of the station (Pentney 1992). This lift station is along Highway 22 near the north boundary of the Sarcee Indian Reserve, and pumps sewage to an irrigation system in the reserve. Such an overflow was reported June 2, 1990. There was no surface flow to the Elbow River when this overflow was inspected. Below the Glenmore Reservoir, the City of Calgary is licensed to discharge effluent from its water treatment plant.

Land within the Elbow River watershed is used primarily for recreational and agricultural activities. Approximately 60% of the watershed is within Kananaskis Country (Figure 1) and is used for recreation, and about 20% of the watershed is used for agricultural purposes, primarily ranching. Only 2% of the watershed was within the Calgary city limits in 1988. There are few developments around the study sites upstream of the Bragg Creek townsite because here the Elbow River flows through Kananaskis Country and is affected primarily by recreational users (e.g. backpackers, hikers, horseback riders). In summer, cattle range throughout Kananaskis Country; this could contribute additional coliforms, nutrients, and suspended sediments to the river. Two gas plants are located close to the watershed boundaries: Esso-Quirk Creek and Shell-Jumpingpound.

The town of Bragg Creek is the only community on the Elbow River upstream of Calgary. In autumn 1984, coliform, nitrate, and chloride concentrations in the river were evaluated to determine whether septic tank leachates from the Bragg Creek area were contaminating the Elbow River. Levels of these variables either did not change or decreased in the area from upstream to downstream of the Bragg Creek townsite, suggesting that septic tank leachates were not causing a detectable effect on Elbow River water quality at that time (Appendix I). There are residential developments and ranches along Bragg Creek and Iron Creek.

Downstream of the Bragg Creek townsite, Lyon Mountain Creek joins the Elbow River. Lyon Mountain Creek includes water that drains from Wintergreen Golf and Ski Resort area; this water settles in a wetland area upstream of its confluence with the Elbow River. Near Lyon Mountain Creek, residential housing and a golf course are currently under construction. The next downstream reach of the Elbow River flows through the Sarcee

Indian Reserve. A residential area, Redwood Meadows, and a golf course are situated in this reach. Downstream of the Reserve, the land adjacent to the Elbow River is primarily cultivated or used as range for cattle. Some of the cultivated areas have irrigation withdrawal permits for water from the Elbow River. Irrigation return flows may enter the Elbow River via Milburn and Lott creeks, although specific data are not available to confirm this. Several summer camps are located in this area, and local residents also withdraw water for domestic use.

The Glencoe Golf and Country Club is the first golf course downstream of Highway 22. Two more golf courses adjacent to the Elbow River are currently operating between the Glencoe Golf and Country Club and the Calgary city limits; several more are proposed or are already under construction. The land adjoining the reach of the Elbow River from the Glencoe Golf and Country Club to the Calgary city limits includes residential developments, as well as farms and ranches. At Lott Creek, a fish hatchery was operated during the period of this study. This area was also under consideration for a 700-house residential development and a golf course. Between Lott Creek and the Glenmore Dam, much of the river flows through Glenmore Park and land leased to the military by the Sarcee Nation for training.

Upstream of the Glenmore Reservoir the City of Calgary has two storm sewers that discharge intermittently into the Elbow River. Five major storm sewers discharge directly into the reservoir (Hargesheimer and Lewis 1988). The Glenmore water treatment plant discharges effluent into the Elbow River below the reservoir. The effluent contains marginally increased levels of chloride and sulphate from its dechlorination process and also suspended solids when settling basins are back-flushed (Seidner 1991). Alum is used in the water treatment process, and the resulting flocculent material was also discharged to the Elbow River during the period of this investigation. Downstream, the Elbow River flows through industrial and residential areas, a golf course, fair grounds, and recreational parks. Many storm sewers discharge into this reach; thus, water quality varies, particularly following storms.

3.0 METHODS

3.1 FIELD METHODS

The Elbow River was sampled at ten mainstem and three tributary sites (Figure 1, Table 1) between April 1988 and March 1989. Additional sampling was conducted during the

Table 1. Elbow River basin sampling sites and NAQUADAT location codes

QUADAT CODE 05BJ0300* 05BJ0400* 05BJ0500* 05BJ0600* 05BJ0700 05BJ0800* 05BJ0810
05BJ0300* 05BJ0400* 05BJ0500* 05BJ0600* .05BJ0700 05BJ0800* .05BJ0810
05BJ0400* 05BJ0500* 05BJ0600* .05BJ0700 05BJ0800* .05BJ0810
05BJ0400* 05BJ0500* 05BJ0600* .05BJ0700 05BJ0800* .05BJ0810
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05CC0004
D5BL1500
05AB0300
5AD0002

^{*} Sites sampled routinely in 1988-89

spring peak flow conditions of 1989 and 1990. Samples were collected over two days, every three weeks from June to September and monthly the rest of the year. A precalibrated Hydrolab 4041 meter was used to measure conductivity, pH, dissolved oxygen (DO), and temperature in the main flow of the river. Samples for water chemistry analysis were collected using standard sampling techniques (Alberta Environment 1988). At each mainstem site, along a transect, right, centre, and left bank water samples were collected in a stainless steel bucket. The three samples were combined in a Nalgene container to obtain a composite sample from that transect. Both the stainless steel bucket and the Nalgene container were acid-washed and triple-rinsed between sample collections to prevent contamination between sites. Grab samples were collected at the tributary sites. Each was poured into a pre-cleaned bottle, preserved as required, and transported on ice to the laboratory (Alberta Environmental Center (AEC) at Vegreville or Chemex Labs Alberta Inc., Calgary) within 24 hours. Dissolved nitrogen and phosphorus were collected by filtering water samples through a 0.45 mm Millipore filter within 10 h of collection. All analytical methods used for water samples are listed by NAQUADAT code in Table 2.

Daily composite samples were collected for phosphorus analysis from the Elbow River at the Sarcee Barracks Bridge. An ISCO automated sampler was installed at the bridge for the duration of mountain snowmelt in 1989 and 1990. Subsamples were collected every 3 h in pre-cleaned bottles containing preservative. The sampler was serviced every 2-3 days, and 24-h composite samples were shipped weekly to the AEC laboratory. These samples were used to calculate total phosphorus loading to the reservoir during peak flow. Phosphorus loading during the remainder of the year was not addressed, as phosphorus levels were then generally near the detection limit (Section 4.19).

To determine sources of phosphorus loading to the river, synoptic samples for nutrient analysis were collected during peak flow conditions on June 9, 1989 and on June 4 and June 26, 1990. Sample collections were timed so as to sample nutrient concentrations in the same parcel of water as it moved downstream. In 1989, samples were collected at all sites from Cobble Flats to the Sarcee Barracks Bridge, whereas on June 4, 1990, water samples were taken from downstream of Bragg Creek Provincial Park to the Sarcee Barracks Bridge, and on June 26, 1990 from Highway 22 to the Sarcee Barracks Bridge (Figure 6).

Samples for fecal and total coliform counts were collected at each site. Grab samples were collected in sterilized bottles, kept on ice, and transported to the Provincial

Table 2. Water chemistry variables for the Elbow River study with NAQUADAT codes

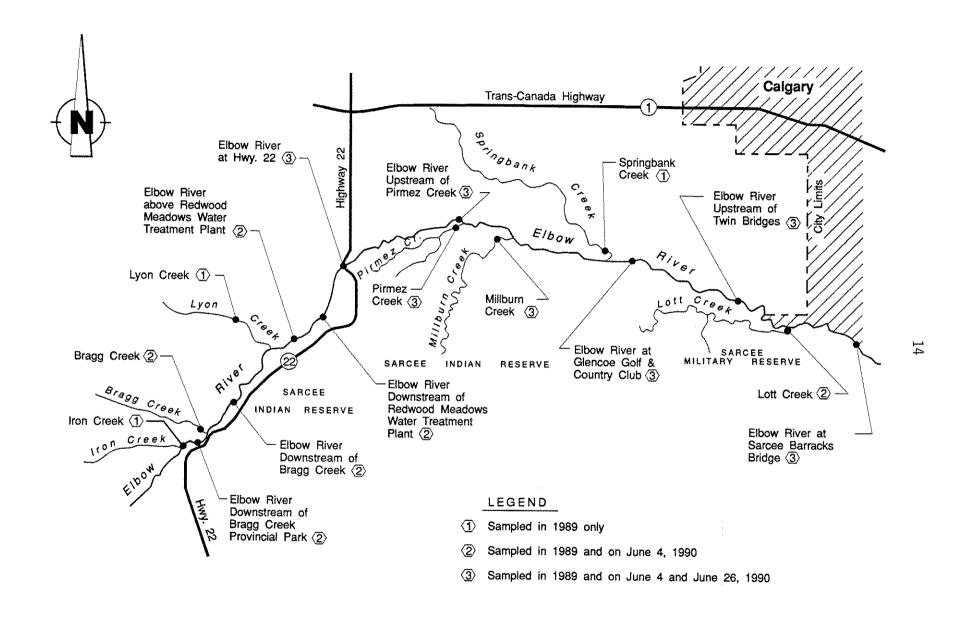


Figure 6. Sampling locations for peak flow surveys in 1989 and 1990 downstream of McLean Creek

Laboratory of Public Health in Calgary within 24 h. Sampling frequency upstream and downstream of Glenmore Reservoir enabled assessment of bacterial water quality for both irrigation and recreational uses.

Epilithic chlorophyll <u>a</u> samples to estimate benthic algal biomass were collected from May until freeze-up (which varied from September to December, depending on elevation). Three replicate samples per site were collected, each consisting of 4 cm² of vegetation scraped from each of three rocks (i.e. 12 cm² total). Samples were preserved using MgCO₃, then frozen and shipped to the EQMB laboratory in Edmonton for analysis by the Moss (1967) technique.

Sediment samples were collected in the autumn of 1988 and during peak flow in the spring of 1989 and 1990. Sediment samples were obtained by allowing sediment from floodwater to settle for 48 h in 5 gallon vessels held in a refrigerated storage area. During lower flow conditions, an "airlift" sampler that uses nitrogen gas was used to collect sediment from the river bed. These sediments were frozen and shipped to AEC for analysis of organic compounds. The different forms of phosphorus in floodwater sediments were determined at Chemex Labs Alberta Inc. using the methods of Mayer and Williams (1981).

Long-term data (1982-1990) for major ions and nutrients in the Elbow River were provided by the City of Calgary. Between 1982 and 1988 samples were collected at the Sarcee Barracks Bridge, and between 1989 and 1990, at the Twin Bridges site. Samples were collected two to four times per month during March to November. These data were used to determine whether any trends occurred at this location during this period. Historic data collected during the development of Kananaskis Country (1978-79) were also available for sites upstream of Highway 22 (Appendix II). Other miscellaneous data collected by Alberta Environment are occasionally referenced in this document.

3.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL

In addition to each laboratory's ongoing internal quality assurance program, field samples were collected as replicates (on two occasions) or blanks (on three occasions) to evaluate sample handling QA/QC. Most metals were analyzed once using the blank samples and once using the replicate samples. Aluminum was analyzed in the replicate samples on both occasions. Blank samples were also submitted with the ISCO daily phosphorus samples

on nine occasions. Quality assurance samples were submitted "blind" (i.e. with a fictitious Elbow River site label) to the lab.

3.3 DATA ANALYSIS

All variables from the current survey were tested for site-to-site similarities using the Kruskall-Wallis test (Siegel 1956). When water quality data fluctuate with time of year, variation in the data increases. This increased variation is called seasonality and can be removed from the data by using a water quality statistics program called WQStat II (Phillips et al. 1988). The occurrence of seasonality was determined by inspecting box and whisker plots. If seasonality appeared to be a factor, data were de-seasonalized before medians were compared. Differences between single years were compared using the Mann-Whitney test in WQStat II.

All long-term data from the City of Calgary's program were initially analyzed for flow dependency by regressing concentration against mean daily discharge, as measured at the nearest gauging station. When the slope was significantly greater than 0 (P<0.05) and the regression model explained a significant amount of the variation, the variable was considered to be flow-dependent. Flow-adjusted concentrations for flow-dependent variables were calculated by subtracting the expected concentration, obtained from the regression analysis, from the actual concentration to determine the residual. For flow-dependent variables, both actual and flow-adjusted concentrations were analyzed for trends, using either the Seasonal Kendall Tau test or the Kendall test (Phillips et al. 1988). Each variable from the two time periods (1982-1988 and 1982-1990) was also tested separately to ensure that trends were not a result of a change in sampling location. These data were analyzed using an IBM-AT personal computer and a LOTUS 1-2-3 program developed to test for flow-dependency and to calculate flow-adjusted concentrations (Shaw et al. 1990).

Median annual values for variables in water samples collected from two sites on the Elbow River, at Allen Bill Pond (ER2) and at the Sarcee Barracks Bridge (ER7), were compared visually with data from five other sites on southern Alberta rivers: the Bow River at Cochrane, the Red Deer River at Highway 2, the Highwood River above High River, the Oldman River near Fort McLeod, and the Oldman River near Lethbridge (Alberta Environment, unpublished data). These river sites were selected for comparison because the rivers flow through similar ecosystems, i.e. they originate in subalpine areas and flow through boreal foothills and aspen parkland. All the sites were upstream of large municipalities, and in each basin there is agricultural activity. Three sites were long-term river network sites: the Bow and Red Deer rivers, and the Oldman River near Lethbridge; data for these rivers in 1988 were compared to Elbow River data. Data from the Highwood River (collected in 1984-1985) and from the Oldman River near Fort McLeod (collected in 1985-1986) were also compared. All data used in this comparison were generated from Chemex Labs using identical laboratory methods.

Quality assurance was evaluated by comparing the mean of the blank samples with the expected value. Chemex Labs Alberta Inc. provided acceptance limits for blanks (one to three times the detection limit for all variables except Ph (5.0-6.0), specific conductance (<10 μ S/cm), total alkalinity (<10 μ m/L), and silica concentrations, which may exceed three times the detection limit). Duplicate samples were evaluated for precision by calculating the percent difference in the results of the two samples. The average percent difference was calculated, and less than a five percent difference was considered to be acceptable.

Peak flow phosphorus sample concentrations were used to calculate phosphorus load in the river. The program used (Alberta Environment, unpublished) calculates phosphorus load using mean daily discharge and mean daily phosphorus concentrations:

$$ANE = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (DNE_{i}+DNE_{i+1}) \times (D_{i+1}-D_{i})$$

$$2$$

where:

n = number of sampling days

DNE = daily nutrient export value
D = Julian calendar date of sample collection

ANE = annual nutrient export value

3.4 WATER QUALITY OBJECTIVES AND GUIDELINES

Water quality was assessed by comparing all concentrations of appropriate variables with the Canadian Water Quality Guidelines (CWQG) for the protection of freshwater life (CCREM 1987) (or the other most restrictive use) and the Alberta Surface

Water Quality Objectives (ASWQO) (Alberta Environment 1977a). Values outside these guidelines were described as being non-compliant. Neither the ASWQO nor the CWQG are legal standards; thus, non-compliance does not imply that enforcement action is required. Also, natural water quality may not be within the suggested limits (Alberta Environment 1977a).

4.0 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

4.1 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL

Most of the quality control samples were within the expected ranges of values for both blank and duplicate samples. Twenty of the 27 variables analyzed in the blank samples were within the expected range (Table 3), and four of the seven variables that were out of the predicted range were detected at <1% of normal Elbow River levels. The three variables that were outside the expected range and high relative to Elbow River levels were total Kjeldahl nitrogen, total nitrogen, and sodium.

Phosphorus was detected in three of the nine blanks at levels greater than expected in the ISCO daily composite samples, and the other six sample results were less than three times the detection limit. Only one result (0.012 mg/L) was close to the range of phosphorus concentrations measured in Elbow River water.

Similar results showed up in the duplicate grab samples, 23 of 30 of the variables analyzed having less than a 5% difference in measured level (Table 3). Four variables with greater than a 5% difference (turbidity, nonfilterable residue, total nitrogen and total phosphorus), are influenced by concentrations of particulate matter in the water. Sulphate, barium, and zinc were the other variables for which more than a 5% difference in concentrations was detected between samples.

These QA/QC data indicate some degree of background contamination in organic nitrogen and sodium analyses, the full extent of which is unknown. Total variance in duplicate samples analyzed for particulate constituents was occasionally high, but most sample data reported below are based on composites consisting of 3 sample units.

Table 3. Results of quality assurance/quality control analysis for routine river sampling

VARIABLE	BLANK SAMPLES		DUPLICATE SAMPLES
VAIGABLE	Expected Value	Sample Result $(x \pm 1 \text{ S.D.})$ $(n = 3)$	Average % Difference (n = 2)
Calcium (mg/L)	L0.01-0.03	0.39±0.53	L0.5
Magnesium (mg/L)	L0.01-0.03	0.13±0.15	L0.5
Sodium (mg/L)	L0.01-0.03	0.34±0.57	0
Potassium (mg/L)	L0.01-0.03	L0.01±0	1
Chloride (mg/L)	L0.01-0.03	L0.01±0	3
Sulphate (mg/L)	L0.1-0.3	0.37±0.29	5.5
Phenolphthalene alkalinity (mg/L)	L0.1-0.3	0.10±0	0.5
Total alkalinity (mg/L)	L10	1.83±0.45	L0.5
pH (units)	5.0-6.0	5.29±0.03	L1
Carbonate (mg/L)	L0.50-1.50	L0.50±0	0
Bicarbonate (mg/L)	L0.50-1.50	2.2±0.55	L1
Total hardness (mg/L)	L0.50-1.50	1.4±1.99	L0.5
Fluoride (mg/L)	L0.05-0.15	L0.05±0	0
Silica, reactive (mg/L)	L0.06-0.18	L0.02±0	L1
Specific conductance (µS/cm)	L10	3.43±3.78	2
Turbidity (NTU)	L0.10-0.30	0.22±0.14	25
Colour (Pt Co Units)	L5.0-15.0	5.80±3.82	0
Phenols (mg/L)	L0.001-0.003	0.001*	not analyzed
Total organic carbon (mg/L)	L0.10-0.30	0.001 0.12±0.08	3.5
Dissolved organic carbon (mg/L)	L0.10-0.30	0.12±0.08 0.10±0.09	1
Total ammonia nitrogen (mg/L)	L0.01-0.03	L0.01±0	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$
Total Kjeldahl nitrogen (mg/L)	L0.02-0.06	0.07±0.05	0
Nitrite + nitrate nitrogen (mg/L)	L0.003-0.009	L0.003±0	2.5
Total nitrogen (mg/L)	L0.02-0.06	0.07±0.05	2.5 5
Total dissolved phosphorus (mg/L)	L0.003-0.009	L0.003±0	0
Total phosphorus (mg/L)	L0.003-0.009	L0.003±0 L0.003±0	23
Total filterable residue (mg/L)	L1.0-3.0	2.67±2.08	23
Total nonfilterable residue (mg/L)	L0.04-0.12	L0.04±0	$\frac{2}{27}$
Aluminum (mg/L)	L0.01-0.03	L0.04±0 L0.01*	1
Arsenic (mg/L)	L0.0002-0.0006	L0.0002*	1.5 0*
Barium (mg/L)	L0.01-0.03	L0.0002*	12
Cadmium (mg/L)	L0.001-0.003	L0.001*	0*
Chromium (mg/L)	L0.001-0.003	L0.001*	0*
Cobalt (mg/L)	L0.001-0.003	L0.001*	0*
Copper (mg/L)	L0.001-0.003	L0.001*	0*
Iron (mg/L)	L0.01-0.03	L0.001* L0.01*	0*
Lead (mg/L)	L0.002-0.006	L0.002*	0*
Mercury (mg/L)	L0.05-0.15	L0.002*	0*
Zinc (mg/L)	L0.001-0.003	L0.001*	50
	1 10.001-0.003	10.001	οv

^{*} Analyzed in only one sample

4.2 COMPLIANCE WITH WATER QUALITY OBJECTIVES AND GUIDELINES

All variables which exceeded the CWQG and ASWQO are summarized in Tables 4 and 5 respectively. Where applicable, the appropriate guideline or objective and the corresponding use are indicated on the box and whisker diagram for each variable.

4.3 TEMPERATURE

Water temperatures generally followed patterns similar to air temperatures: highest in summer (late June to August) and lowest in winter (November to March). There was a general longitudinal trend toward an increase in temperature from the headwaters of the Elbow River to its confluence with the Bow River (Figure 7). The longitudinal trend of increasing temperature from the headwaters of a river downstream is typical (Hynes 1970), as reaches further downstream are often wider and more open, and therefore, receive greater solar radiation. These observations, however, also reflect diurnal variation, as the upstream sites were usually sampled earlier in the day than were the downstream sites. The summer's maximum observed temperatures ranged from 8°C at the Elbow River above Cobble Flats to 22°C near the confluence with the Bow River. Median annual water temperatures in the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond (ER2) and the Sarcee Barracks Bridge (ER7) were higher than in the Highwood River and similar to the water temperatures of three other southern Alberta rivers (Figure 8).

4.4 SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE

Specific conductance is a measure of water's ability to conduct an electrical current (McNeely et al. 1979; Clesceri et al. 1989).

In winter, specific conductance increased in water samples from the headwaters of the Elbow River to the site at Highway 22; it was lower in samples collected between Highway 22 and the 9th Avenue Bridge. Sites of the river with statistically homogenous (similar) specific conductance levels included: (1) the Little Elbow River to the Elbow River at Cobble Flats, (2) the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond to Highway 22, (3) the Elbow River at the Glencoe Golf and Country Club to the Calgary Golf and Country Club, and (4) the Elbow River at 9th Avenue Bridge. Water from the site at the 9th Avenue Bridge had the highest specific conductance readings measured (Figure 9). Specific conductance was higher in samples collected during the winter than during the summer. The seasonal trend in

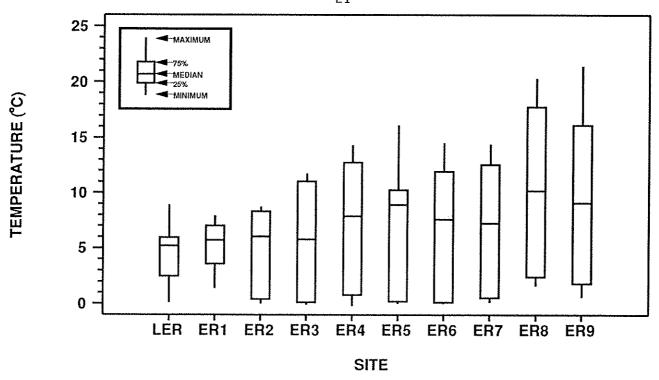


Figure 7. Longitudinal trends in annual temperatures measured in the Elbow River.

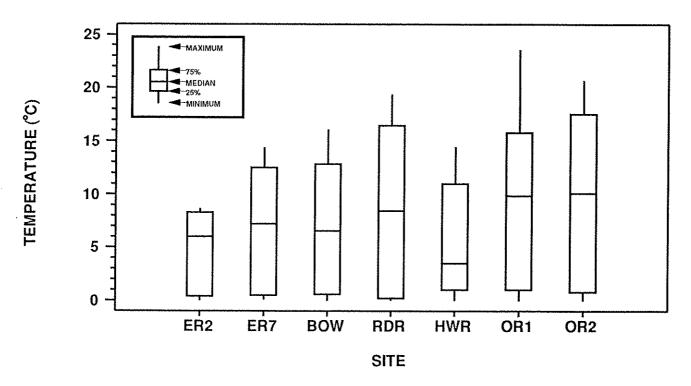


Figure 8. Comparison of annual temperatures in five southern Alberta rivers.

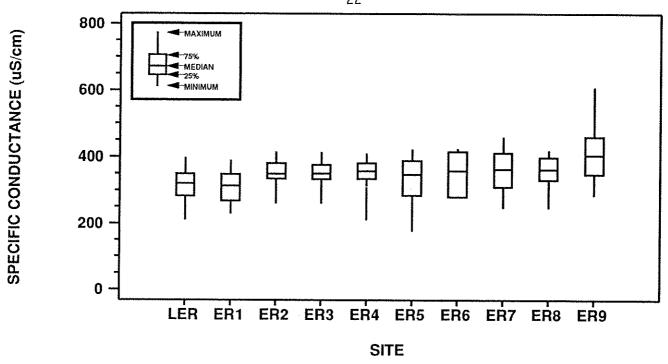


Figure 9. Longitudinal trends in specific conductance in the Elbow River.

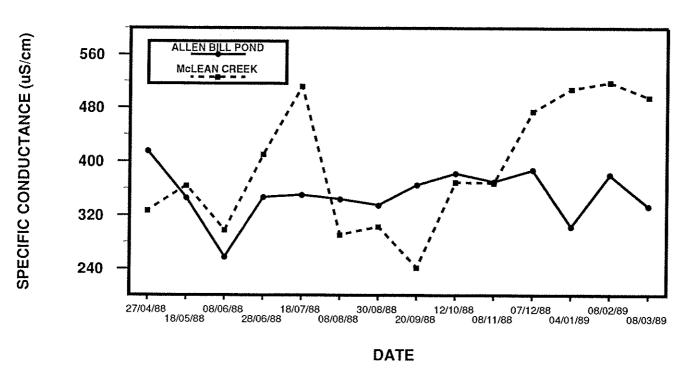


Figure 10. Specific conductance levels in McLean Creek and the adjacent upstream site, the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond, between April 1988 and March 1989.

specific conductance measured in the Elbow River is common in Alberta, as groundwater typically has a higher specific conductance and contributes a greater percentage of the flow to the river during winter.

Specific conductance levels were negatively correlated with flow in water samples from all sites upstream of Sarcee Barracks Bridge except McLean Creek. In McLean Creek specific conductance underwent large fluctuations, not related to flow or season (Figure 10), but probably reflecting the new reservoir's influence on water quality. The flooded soils may have increased the salinity of McLean Creek. In general, specific conductance in Elbow River water was similar to water from the other southern Alberta rivers surveyed (Figure 11).

4.5 COLOUR

Colour in Elbow River water increased during peak flow in the spring and again in the autumn at all sites. Water from most mainstem sites had colour values below the detection limit in the spring and summer, except during peak flow. There were no significant longitudinal differences in colour in water samples collected along the Elbow River (Figure 12) although Bragg Creek and McLean Creek were somewhat stained. Increases in colour may be related to the addition of organic material from decomposing plant material over winter and in the fall after leaf drop.

4.6 TURBIDITY

Turbidity is a measure of the light-scattering properties of water. Inorganic particles such as silt and clay, and organic matter such as microorganisms contribute to turbidity (McNeely et al. 1979; Clesceri et al. 1989). In general, turbidity increased in water collected from the headwaters of the Elbow River to Glenmore Dam. Variance in turbidity measurements, however, was great enough that differences between sites were not statistically significant (Figure 13). Turbidity increased with increased flow in samples collected upstream of the Glenmore Dam, but otherwise did not show a particular trend with season. With high rainfall, overland flow increases soil erosion (Dickinson and Wall 1977), particularly in cultivated areas where tilled soils are more erodible before crop growth occurs (Smith et al. 1987). Turbidity measurements during peak flow conditions at all sites exceeded CWQG (Table 4). These very high turbidity measurements were treated as statistical outliers and excluded from figures by the software used to generate Figure 13, but

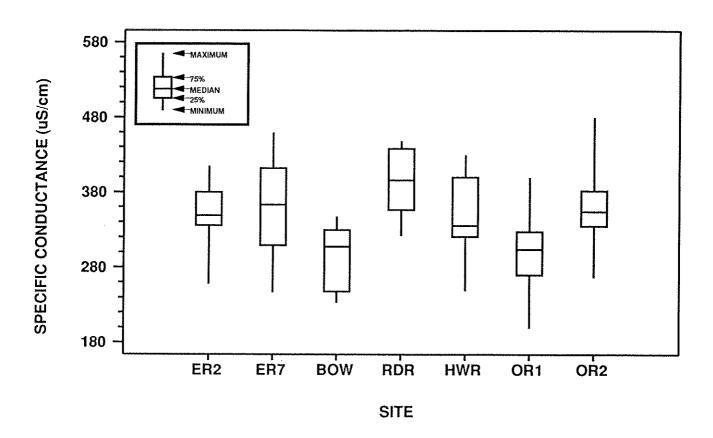


Figure 11. Comparison of annual specific conductance in five southern Alberta rivers.

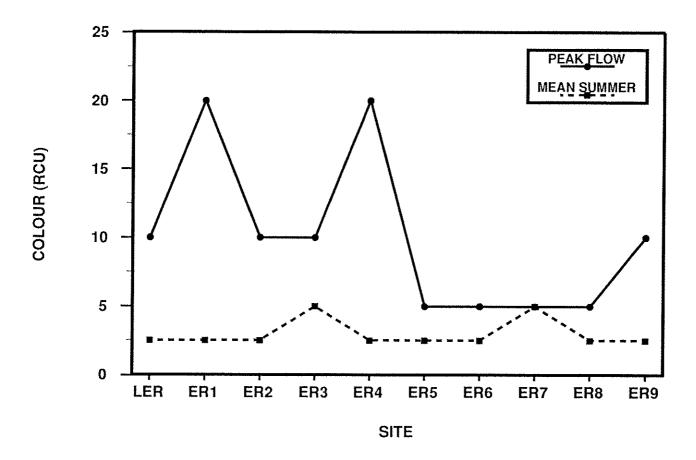


Figure 12. Colour levels measured in the Elbow River during summer (late June to end of August) and peak flow: June 7 - sites from Glencoe Golf and Country Club to 9th Avenue Bridge; June 8 - sites from Little Elbow River to Highway 22. Sites are represented here as being equidistant, although in reality they are not.

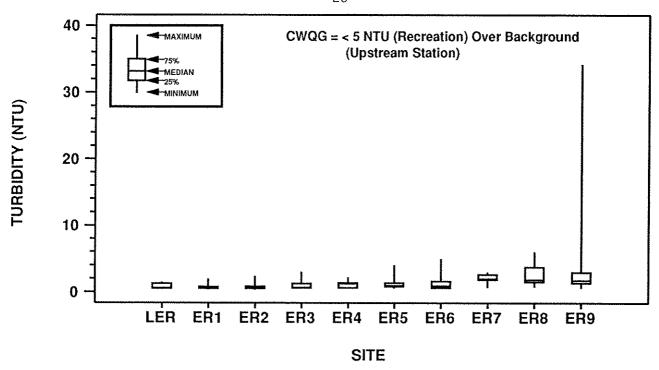


Figure 13. Longitudinal trends in annual turbidity levels in the Elbow River.

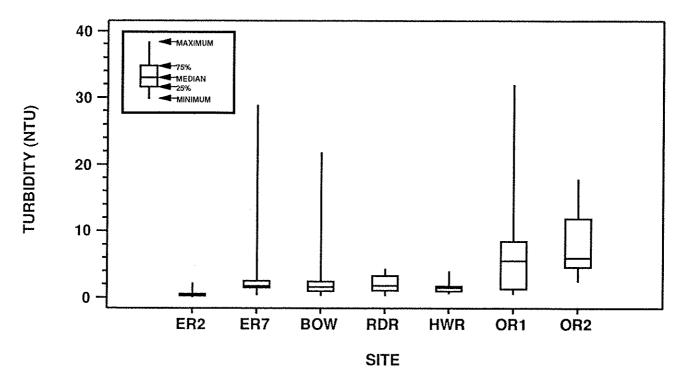


Figure 14. Comparison of annual turbidity levels in five southern Alberta rivers.

Number of samples exceeding Canadian Water Quality Guidelines in the Elbow Table 4. River and its tributaries

VARIABLE	Site	No. of Non- Compliant Samples	Total No. of Samples
Copper	Elbow River at 9th Avenue Bridge	1	6
Chromium	McLean Creek (near mouth) Elbow River downstream of Bragg Creek Elbow River at 9th Avenue Bridge	1 1 1	6 6 6
Iron	McLean Creek (near mouth)	1	6
Mercury ^a	Elbow River at Highway 22	1	6
Lead	Elbow River downstream of Bragg Creek	1	6
Aluminum ^b	Elbow River at Calgary Golf and Country Club Elbow River at 9th Avenue Bridge	9 9	13 13
Dissolved oxygen (for early life stages - cold water species)	Elbow River above Cobble Flats Elbow River downstream of Bragg Creek Elbow River at Highway 22 Elbow River at Calgary Golf and Country Club Elbow River upstream of Twin Bridges Elbow River at Sarcee Barracks Bridge Elbow River at Calgary Golf and Country Club Elbow River at 9th Avenue Bridge Lott Creek (near mouth) Bragg Creek (near mouth) McLean Creek (near mouth)	1 3 4 5 5 2 4 3 6 4 5	12 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 13 14
Phenolic compounds ^c	Bragg Creek (near mouth) Little Elbow River (near mouth) McLean Creek (near mouth) Elbow River above Cobble Flats Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond Elbow River downstream of Bragg Creek Elbow River at Glencoe Golf and Country Club Elbow River upstream of Twin Bridges Lott Creek (near mouth) Elbow River at Sarcee Barracks Bridge Elbow River at Calgary Golf and Country Club	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1	6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Turbidity ^e	Little Elbow River (near mouth) Elbow River above Cobble Flats Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond Elbow River downstream of Bragg Creek Elbow River at Highway 22 Elbow River at Glencoe Golf and Country Club Elbow River upstream of Twin Bridges Elbow River at Sarcee Barracks Bridge Elbow River at 9th Avenue Bridge Bragg Creek (near mouth) McLean Creek (near mouth)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2	12 12 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
Fecal coliforms ^d	Bragg Creek (near mouth) Elbow River at Highway 22 Elbow River at Glencoe Golf and Country Club Lott Creek (near mouth) McLean Creek n April 1988 and June 1990. Guidelines for protection of freshwater life.	6 1 1 6 3	20 20 17 20 17

Samples taken between April 1988 and June 1990. Guidelines for protection of freshwater life were used, expect where indicated. Notes:

Detection limit greater than guideline

CWQG is for total aluminum, thus extractable aluminum results represent a conservative interpretation

Recreational water quality and aesthetics

Tentative guideline for irrigation water (100 fecal coliforms per 100 mL)

Guideline for total suspended solids (≥ 10 mg/L over background) was also exceeded on the same dates as turbidity, except at McLean Creek

were definitely included in the assessment of water quality using CWQG. The data are presented in Appendix II. Turbidity as high as 410 NTU was measured at the Highway 22 site during the spring flood in 1988. Unusually high total phosphorus, coliforms, and nonfilterable residue measurements were also excluded from figures, but are presented in Appendix II (see below).

Turbidity levels in lower Elbow River water were similar to those in Bow, Highwood, and Red Deer River waters, but lower than in Oldman River water (Figure 14).

4.7 pH

The pH of water is a measure of the concentration of hydrogen ions in solution (Clesceri et al. 1989). The pH of Elbow River water was always neutral to basic which is normal for rivers in southern Alberta. It increased from fall to spring, probably because of increased groundwater flow into the river, which may contain greater concentrations of bicarbonate. There was no general longitudinal trend in pH levels (Figure 15).

After deseasonalizing the data, pH levels in water from the mainstem sites were found to be similar. Only water from the Elbow River at Cobble Flats differed significantly from six other sites, specifically samples collected from the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond and from the Elbow River between Highway 22 and the Calgary Golf and Country Club. Elbow River water had somewhat lower pH levels than water from the other southern Alberta rivers surveyed (Figure 16). All pH measurements were within the CWQG and the ASWQO.

4.8 ALKALINITY

Alkalinity is a measure of the acid-buffering capacity of water. Bicarbonate and hydroxide ions are primarily responsible for alkalinity (McNeely et al. 1979; Clesceri et al. 1989).

Alkalinity levels increased in a downstream direction from the headwaters to the Glenmore Reservoir (Figure 17). Following deseasonalization of the data, alkalinity values of water collected from the following sites were statistically similar: (1) the Little Elbow River to the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond, (2) the Elbow River downstream of Bragg Creek to Highway 22, and (3) all downstream sites, except the site at the Glencoe Golf and Country Club, which was different from the Sarcee Barracks Bridge and 9th Avenue Bridge sites.

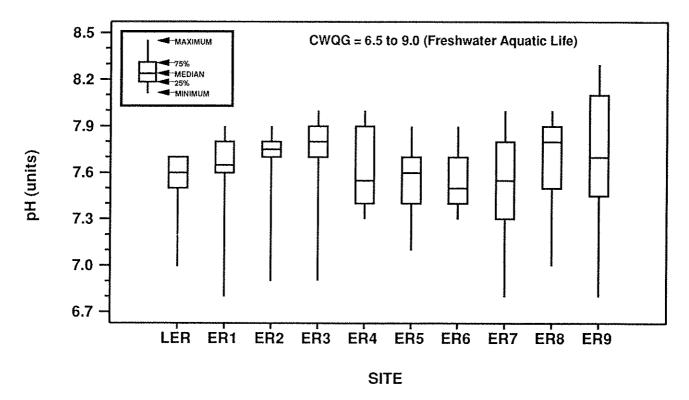


Figure 15. Longitudinal trends in annual pH levels in the Elbow River.

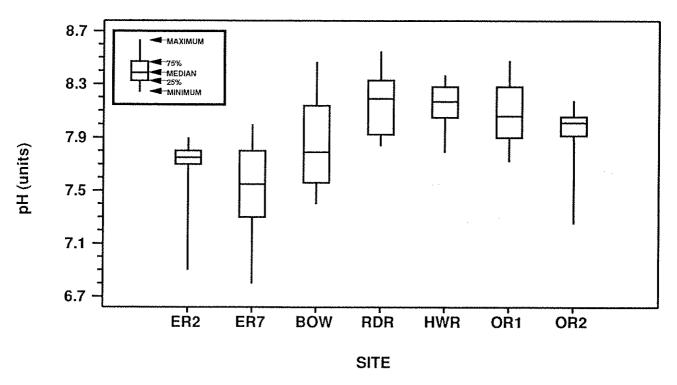


Figure 16. Comparison of annual pH levels in five southern Alberta rivers.

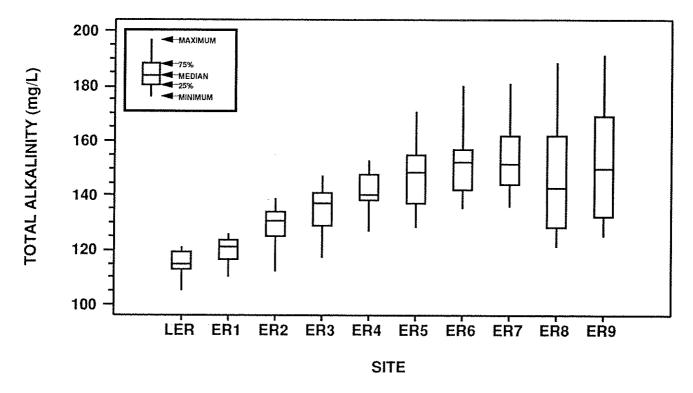


Figure 17. Longitudinal trends in annual alkalinity concentrations in the Elbow River.

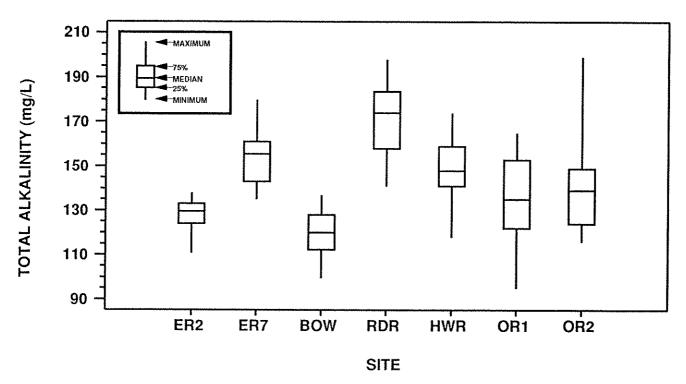


Figure 18. Comparison of annual alkalinity concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.

The highest alkalinity measurements were obtained during autumn. Southern Alberta rivers typically have high bicarbonate levels, and are therefore highly alkaline. Total alkalinity levels were similar in the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond and in the Bow River, and levels at the Sarcee Barracks Bridge site were similar to those at the Highwood River and both Oldman River sites. Both Elbow River sites had lower alkalinity levels than did the Red Deer River site (Figure 18).

4.9 HARDNESS

Hardness is a measure of the ability to produce lather in water and depends mainly on the concentration of calcium and magnesium ions (McNeely et al. 1979; Clesceri et al. 1989). All water samples collected from the Elbow River and its tributaries would be classified as hard to very hard (CCREM 1987), probably because of groundwater flow into the river and the availability of calcium and magnesium in the soil and bedrock.

In general, hardness increased in samples collected from the headwaters of the Elbow River to the Glenmore Reservoir. The sites with similar hardness levels included: 1) the Little Elbow River to the Elbow River at Cobble Flats, 2) the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond to Highway 22, and 3) all sites downstream of Highway 22 (Figure 19). Although water from all five of the southern Alberta rivers that were compared was classified as being from hard to very hard, the two Elbow River sites had slightly harder water than did the others. The exception was water in the Red Deer River, which had comparable hardness values to water from the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond (Figure 20). Differences in bedrock or soil composition of the various river reaches may also account for differences in water hardness between sites or rivers.

4.10 TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS AND RESIDUES

Total dissolved solids (TDS) indicates the amount of dissolved substances in water and can be defined by calculation (NAQUADAT Code 201L) or may be related to total filterable residue (CCREM 1987). TDS and filterable residue levels increased from the headwaters of the Elbow River to its confluence with the Bow River (Figures 21, 22). They also increased in winter, probably because of increased proportion of groundwater in the river during this season, and then decreased in summer. Sites of the river with statistically similar TDS levels included: 1) the Little Elbow River to the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond,

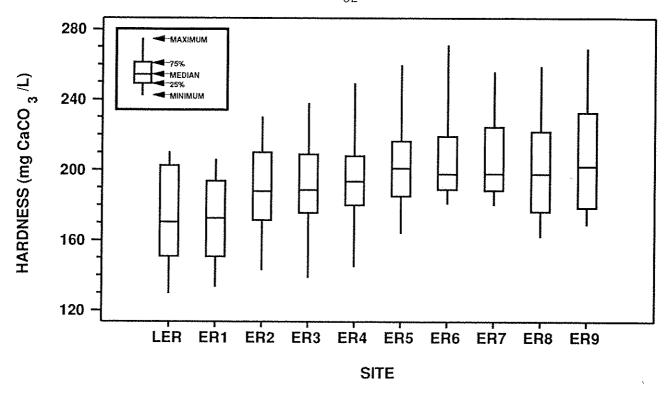


Figure 19. Longitudinal trends in annual hardness concentrations in the Elbow River.

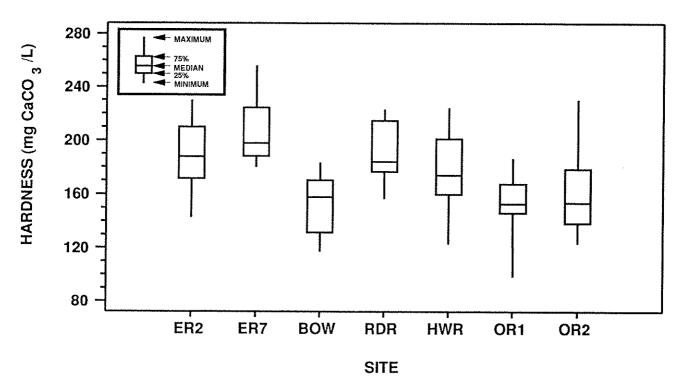


Figure 20. Comparison of annual hardness concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.

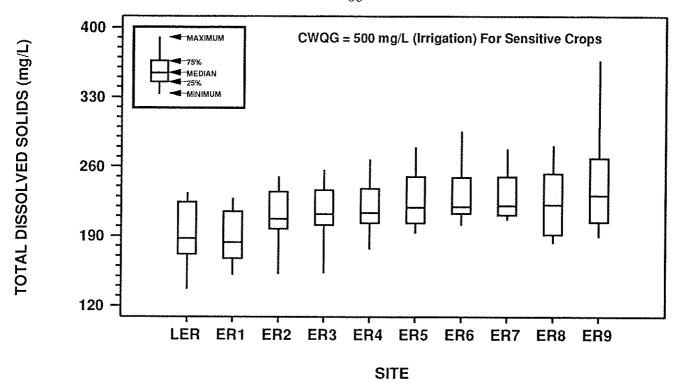


Figure 21. Longitudinal trends in annual total dissolved solid levels in the Elbow River.

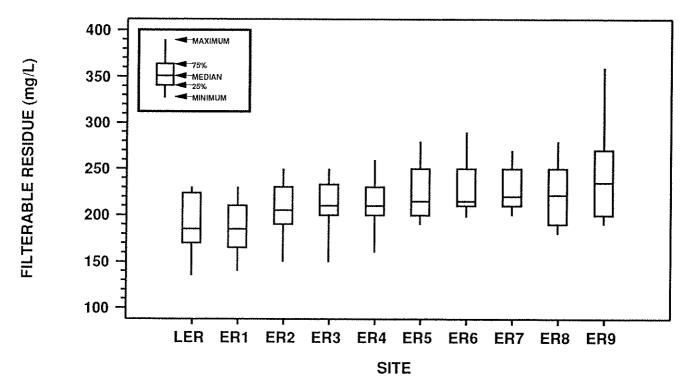


Figure 22. Longitudinal trends in annual filterable residue levels in the Elbow River.

2) the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond to the Glencoe Golf and Country Club, 3) the Elbow River upstream of the Twin Bridges to the Calgary Golf and Country Club, and 4) the Elbow River at the Sarcee Barracks Bridge to the 9th Avenue Bridge.

Filterable residue was the main fraction of total residue except during peak flow. Filterable residue increased in water samples from the headwaters of the Elbow River to the confluence with the Bow River. Those sites of the river with statistically similar filterable residue levels included: 1) the Little Elbow River to the Elbow River at Highway 22 (except for the Elbow River above Cobble Flats, which had levels similar only to the Little Elbow River), 2) the Elbow River downstream of Bragg Creek to upstream of the Twin Bridges and the Calgary Golf and Country Club site, and 3) the Elbow River at the Glencoe Golf and Country Club to the 9th Avenue Bridge. Nonfilterable residue levels were usually very low and were similar in water collected from all sites except during peak flow (Figure 23).

The levels of TDS and filterable residue in Elbow River water were similar to those in the Red Deer River and higher than those in the Bow, Highwood, and Oldman rivers (Figures 24, 25). Nonfilterable residue levels in Elbow River water were lower than in samples from the Oldman River sites and similar to those in the other three southern Alberta rivers surveyed (Figure 26).

4.11 MAJOR IONS

The major ions in the Elbow River are calcium (Ca²+), magnesium (Mg²+), sodium (Na+), potassium (K+), bicarbonate (HCO₃), sulphate (SO₄²+), chloride (Cl¹), and carbonate (CO₃²-). Values for concentrations of most of the major ions were statistically similar in water samples from the following sites: (1) the Little Elbow River to the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond, (2) the Elbow River downstream of Bragg Creek to Highway 22, and (3) all downstream sites (chloride, sodium and potassium concentrations, however, were higher in the river downstream of the Glenmore Reservoir). In general, all of the major ions, except SO₄²-, increased in concentration in samples collected from the headwaters of the Elbow River to the confluence with the Bow River (Figures 27-33). Magnesium and sulphate concentrations were lower in water from tributary creeks than from mainstem sites, whereas HCO₃⁻, Ca²+, Na+, K+, and Cl⁻ concentrations were usually higher in tributary creek water than in mainstem water. Ca²+, Mg²+, HCO₃⁻, and SO₄²- concentrations were higher in winter

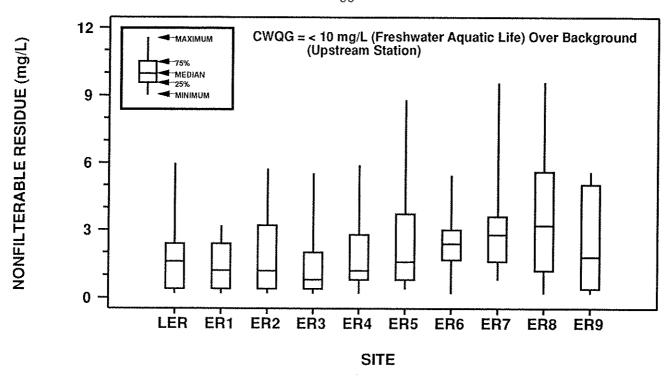


Figure 23. Longitudinal trends in annual nonfilterable residue levels in the Elbow River.

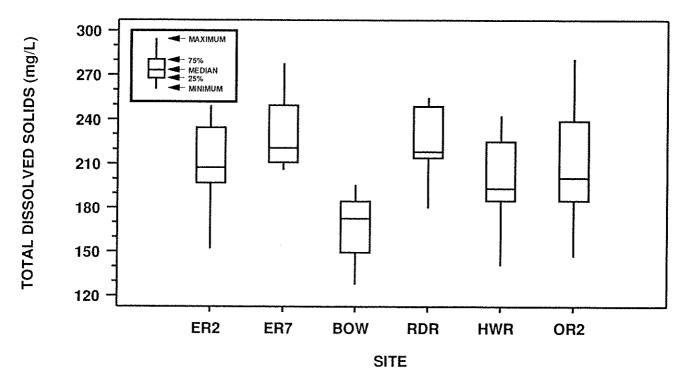


Figure 24. Comparison of annual total dissolved solid levels in five southern Alberta rivers.

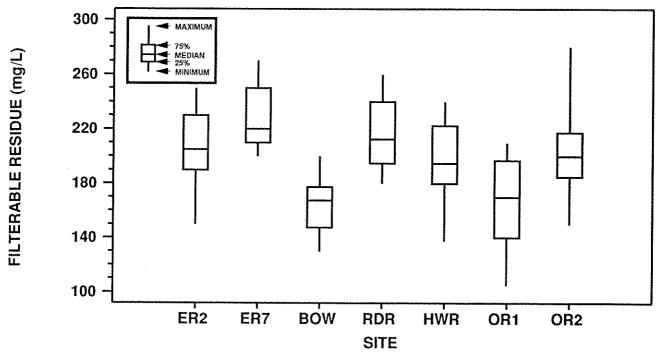


Figure 25. Comparison of annual filterable residue levels in five southern Alberta rivers.

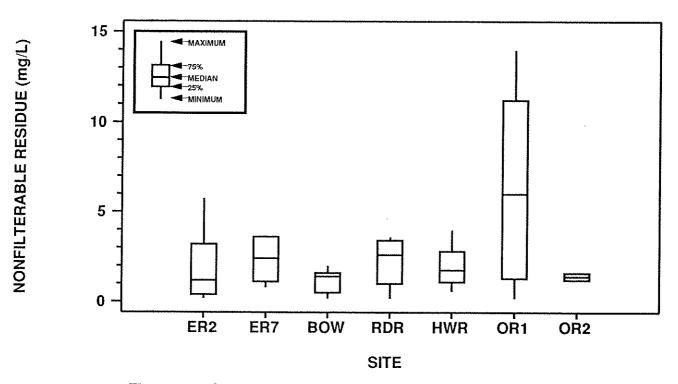


Figure 26. Comparison of annual nonfilterable residue levels in five southern Alberta rivers.

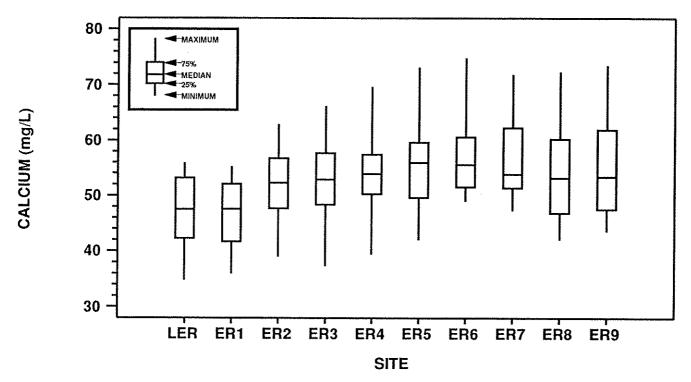


Figure 27. Longitudinal trends in annual calcium concentrations in the Elbow River.

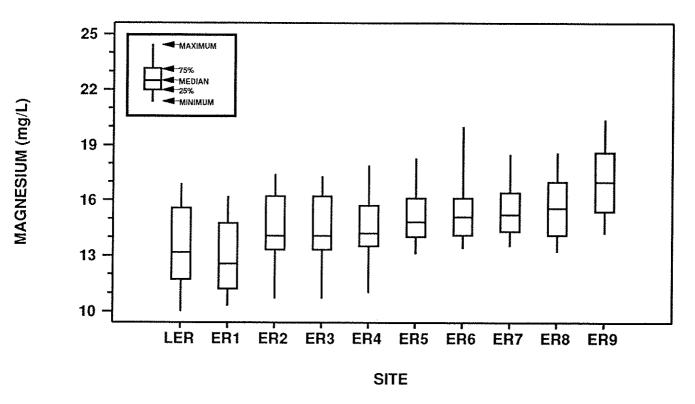


Figure 28. Longitudinal trends in annual magnesium concentrations in the Elbow River.

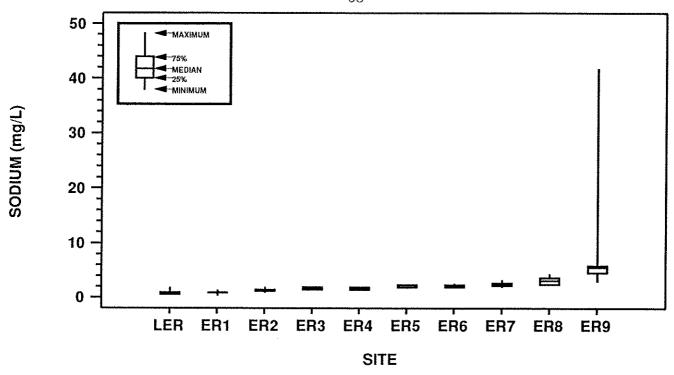


Figure 29. Longitudinal trends in annual sodium concentrations in the Elbow River.

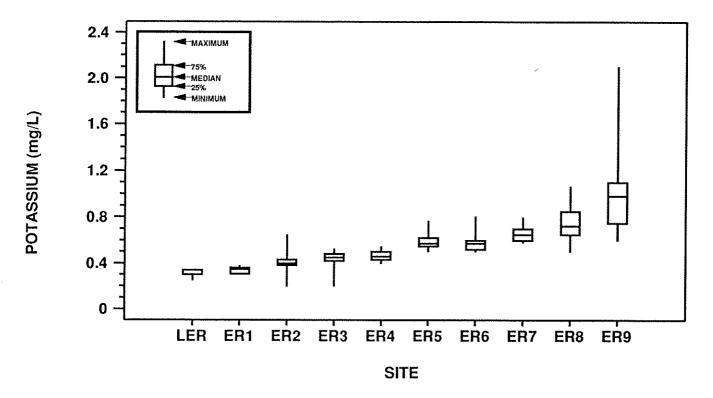


Figure 30. Longitudinal trends in annual potassium concentrations in the Elbow River.

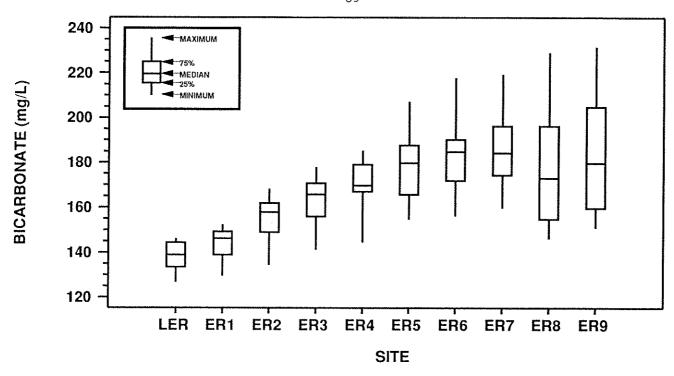


Figure 31. Longitudinal trends in annual bicarbonate concentrations in the Elbow River.

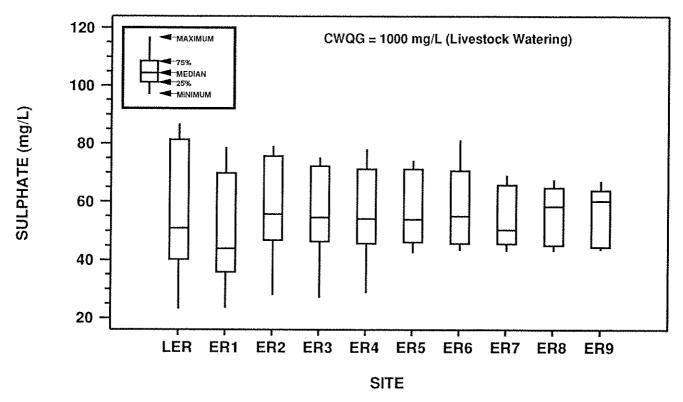


Figure 32. Longitudinal trends in annual sulphate concentrations in the Elbow River.

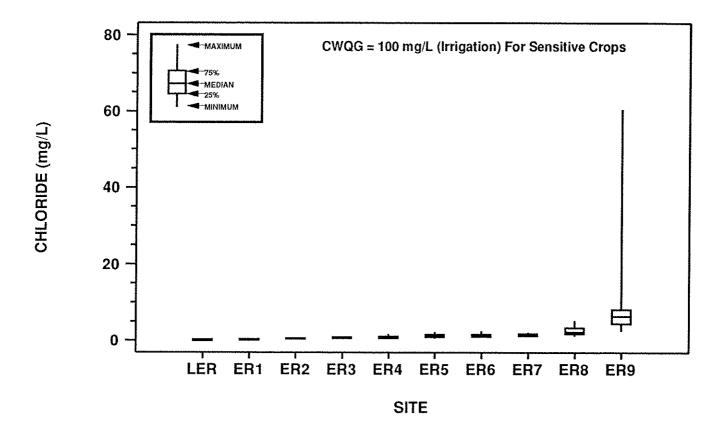


Figure 33. Longitudinal trends in annual chloride concentrations in the Elbow River.

than in summer. Carbonate levels were usually below the detection limit at all sites and were not analyzed statistically.

Bicarbonate levels in the Elbow River were always high, as bicarbonate is the predominant form of inorganic carbon present when the pH of water is between 7 and 9 (Wetzel 1983); this was the pH range measured in the Elbow River. The limestone bedrock in the Elbow River basin is the probable source of bicarbonate. Sodium and chloride concentrations increased downstream of the Glenmore Dam, but much more so below ER8. These increases probably reflect minor chloride discharges from the Glenmore water treatment plant (Seidner 1991), or may reflect increased salt content in urban runoff directly entering Glenmore Reservoir (Hargesheimer and Lewis 1988). The most dramatic changes (between ER8 and ER9) probably reflect stormwater or other unknown inputs to the Elbow River below the reservoir.

Long-term data describing the major ions analyzed by the City of Calgary (Ca²⁺, Mg²⁺, Na⁺, K⁺, SO₄²⁻, and Cl⁻) were inversely correlated with flow (Table 6), which indicate that groundwater may be an important source of these ions. No trend was detected in either actual or flow-adjusted levels of Na⁺, K⁺, and SO₄²⁻ over the periods 1982-1988 and 1982-1990. However, Ca²⁺, Mg²⁺, and Cl⁻ concentrations all increased significantly between both 1982-1988 and 1982-1990 (Figures 34, 35, 36). Chloride was the only flow-adjusted major ion that showed significant seasonality.

The Elbow River had lower concentrations of Na⁺ and K⁺ than did either the Red Deer River or the Oldman River at Lethbridge (Figures 37, 38), perhaps because of differences in soils or underlying bedrock. Sulphate and Ca²⁺ concentrations were higher in the Elbow River than in the other four rivers surveyed (Figures 39, 40). Magnesium levels in the Elbow River were similar to levels in the Oldman River at Lethbridge and in the Red Deer River, and higher than in the other three rivers (Figure 41). Chloride concentrations were similar in the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond and in the Highwood River, and concentrations in the Elbow River at the Sarcee Barracks Bridge were was similar to those in the Bow River and the Oldman River at Lethbridge (Figure 42). HCO₃⁻ concentrations were similar in all five southern Alberta rivers surveyed (Figure 43).

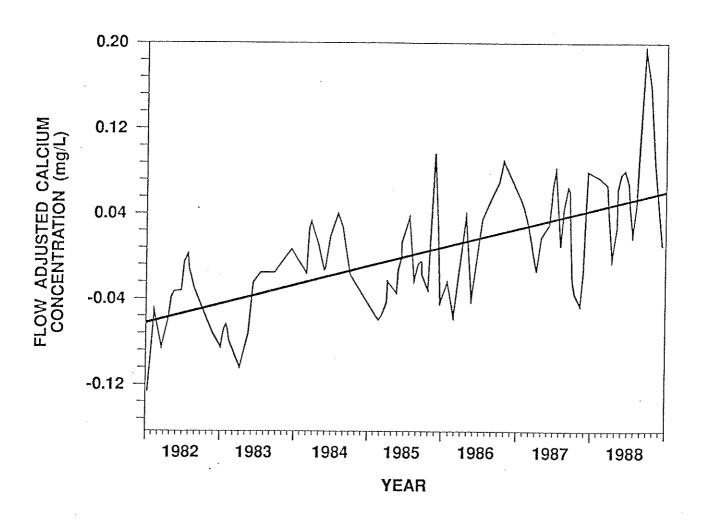


Figure 34. Increase in flow-adjusted calcium concentrations at Sarcee Bridge from 1982 to 1988.

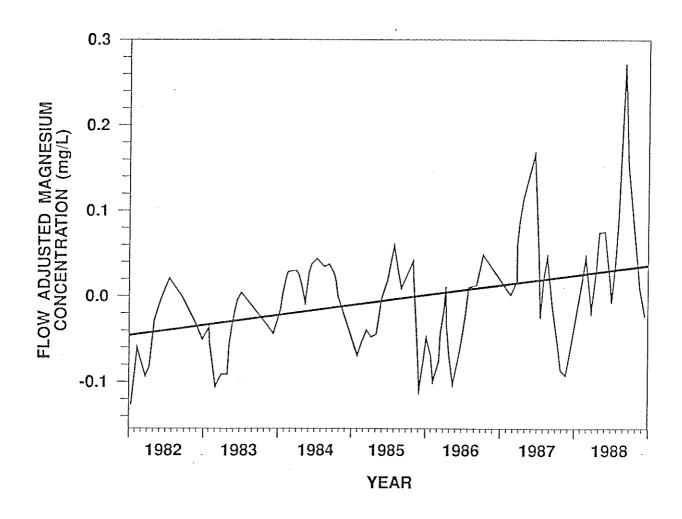


Figure 35. Increase in flow-adjusted magnesium concentrations at Sarcee Bridge from 1982 to 1988.

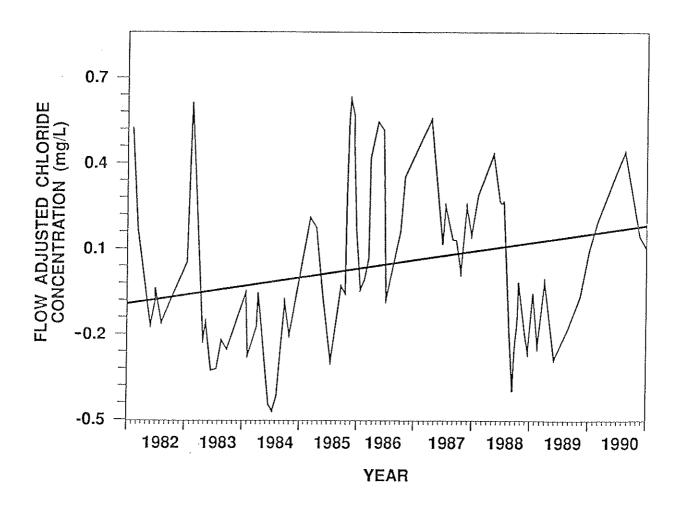


Figure 36. Increase in flow-adjusted chloride concentrations at Sarcee Bridge from 1982 to 1988 and at Twin Bridges from 1989 to 1990.

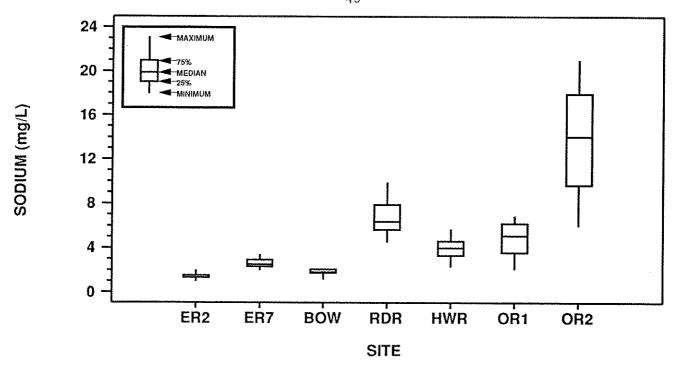


Figure 37. Comparison of annual sodium concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.

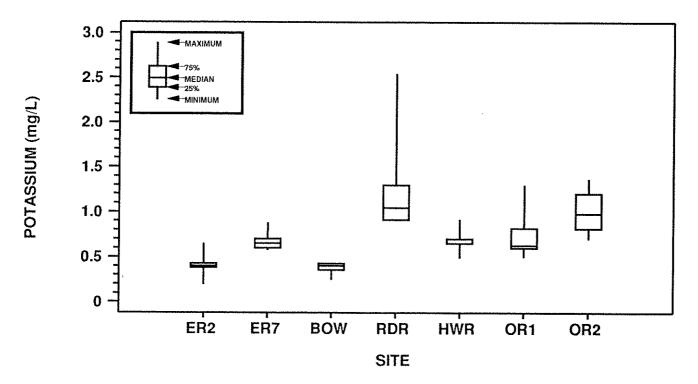


Figure 38. Comparison of annual potassium concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.

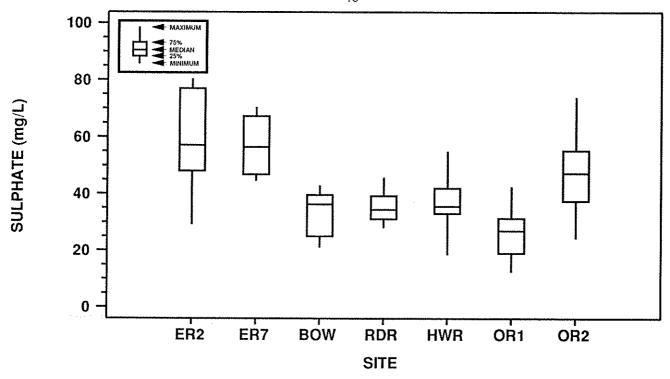


Figure 39. Comparison of annual sulphate concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.

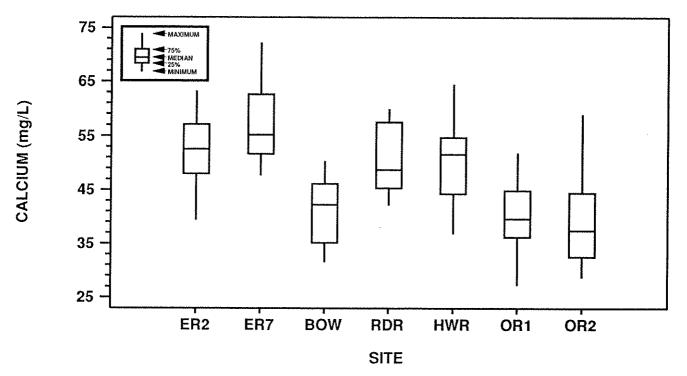


Figure 40. Comparison of annual calcium concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.

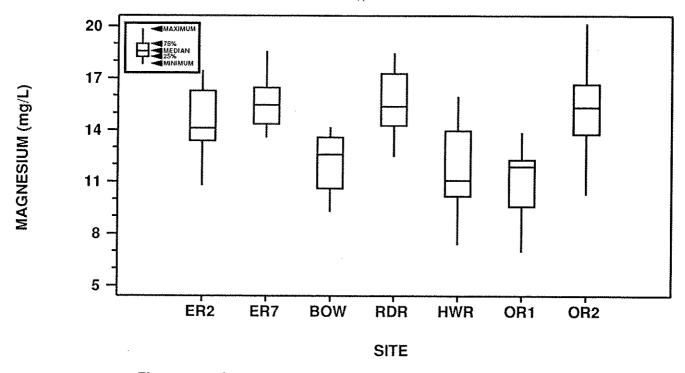
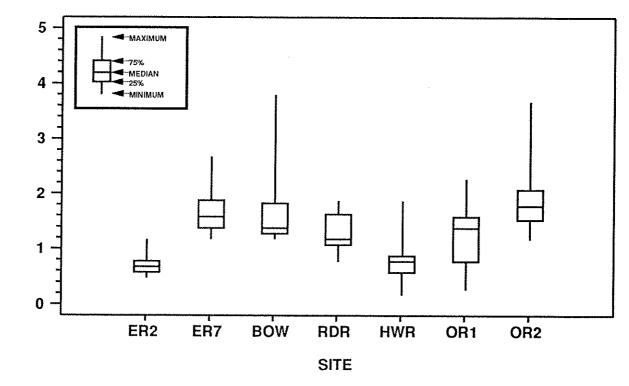


Figure 41. Comparison of annual magnesium concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.



CHLORIDE (mg/L)

Figure 42. Comparison of annual chloride concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.

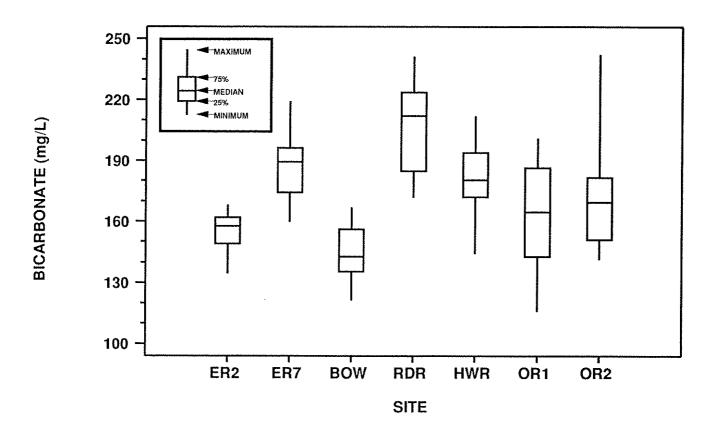


Figure 43. Comparison of annual bicarbonate concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.

4.12 FLUORIDE

Fluoride is released from the weathering of shale bedrock, such as underlies much of the upstream reaches of the Elbow River watershed. Man-made sources of fluoride include insecticides and herbicides (McNeely et al. 1979). Fluoride concentrations increased in Elbow River water between Cobble Flats and Allen Bill Pond, then decreased until the river reached its confluence with the Bow River. Those sites of the river with statistically homogeneous fluoride concentrations included: (1) the Little Elbow River to the Elbow River at Cobble Flats, (2) the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond to the Sarcee Barracks Bridge, and (3) the two sites below the Glenmore Dam (Figure 44). Fluoride concentrations did not increase in areas of the Elbow River where the watershed has adjoining agricultural activity; thus, most of the fluoride is probably from natural rock weathering. Because fluoride levels decreased with increasing flow, groundwater is a likely source of this ion. Fluoride levels in the tributaries were all lower than the levels in the nearest mainstem site (Figure 45). Median fluoride levels in the Elbow River were higher than in the other rivers that were compared, although higher levels were occasionally measured in the Highwood River (Figure 46).

4.13 DISSOLVED OXYGEN

Dissolved oxygen (DO) concentrations were high (>8 mg/L) in all samples (Figure 47). The Elbow River is fast-flowing, and atmospheric oxygen is easily added to the water. DO concentrations were always highest in the spring and fall and lowest in summer. Oxygen saturation was always greater than 80% upstream of the Glenmore Reservoir. Downstream of the Glenmore Dam, oxygen saturation was more variable; several summer measurements were greater than 100% (Figure 48). Such supersaturation of DO is common, however, and higher levels have been calculated for the Bow and Oldman rivers (e.g., Sosiak 1991). Although concentrations of dissolved oxygen decreased slightly from the headwaters of the Elbow River to the confluence with the Bow River, oxygen saturation showed little change.

The oxygen results occasionally did not comply with the CWQG for the protection of early life stages of cold water fish species (9.5 mg/L) (Table 4). However, the departures from the guidelines were small and as indicated above, never dropped below the 6.5 mg/L level suggested to protect adult life stages of the same fish group. The only known spawning

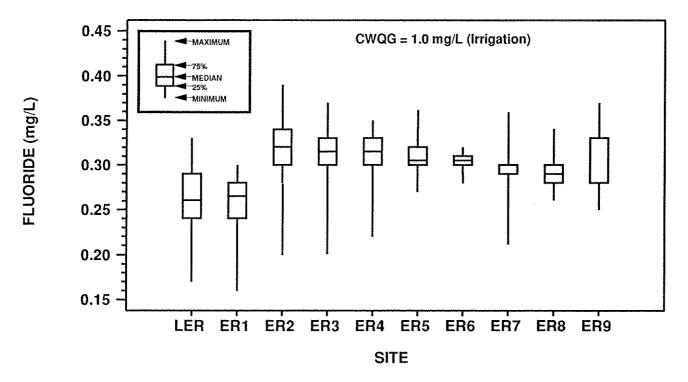


Figure 44. Longitudinal trends in annual fluoride concentrations in the Elbow River.

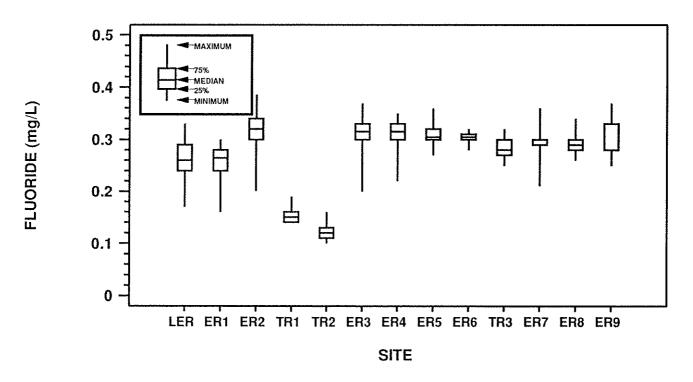


Figure 45. Comparison of annual fluoride concentrations at Elbow River mainstem and tributary sites.

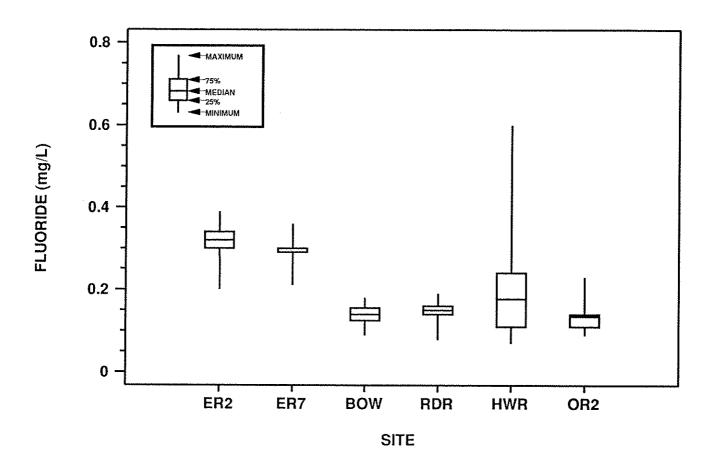


Figure 46. Comparison of annual fluoride concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.

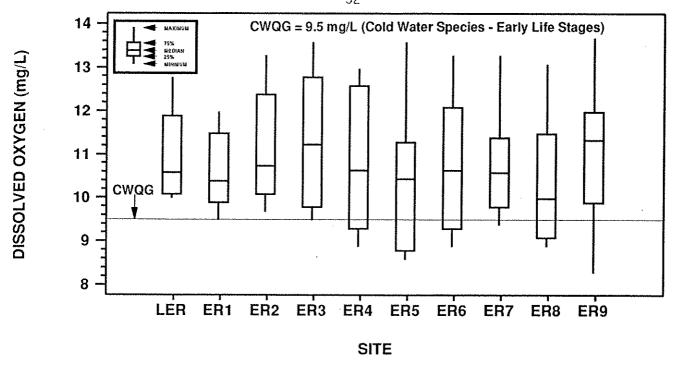


Figure 47. Longitudinal trends in annual dissolved oxygen concentrations in the Elbow River.

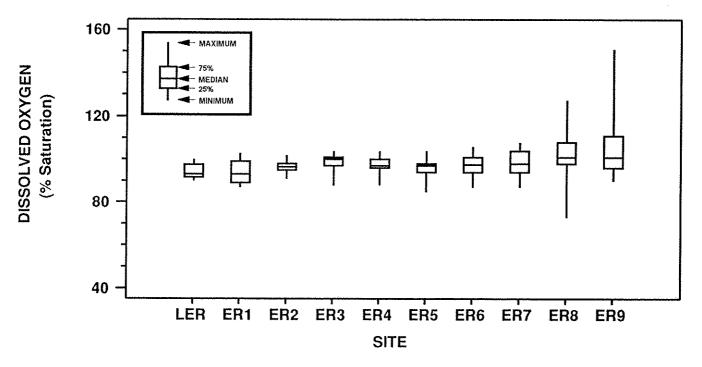


Figure 48. Longitudinal trends in annual percent saturation of dissolved oxygen in the Elbow River.

area where the early life stage guideline was not attained was near ER8 (Calgary Golf and Country Club). This area is used by Bow River brown trout for spawning (Sosiak 1983); the observed non-compliance value occurred once (8.9 mg/L) and appears to be a minor concern. However, more information on spawning areas and diurnal DO fluctuation throughout the Elbow River basin would be desirable.

4.14 METALS

Iron, zinc, barium, and aluminum were detected in the water at most Elbow River sites. These four metals are all also common in bedrock and soils (CCREM 1987). Barium is dissolved from feldspars, which are components of the bedrock underlying the watershed between Highway 22 and Calgary (Seagel 1971). Iron is found in sandstone formations (McNeely et al. 1979), which underlie most of the Elbow River (Seagel 1971). Aluminum is the third most abundant element in the earth's crust, and some aluminum salts are highly soluble in water (McNeely et al. 1979).

Barium and iron were usually detected in very low concentrations, whereas zinc and aluminum were only detected in approximately 50% of the samples (Figures 49-52). There was an increase in both barium and iron concentrations from the headwater sites to the confluence with the Bow River (Figures 49, 51). Both iron and barium concentrations were highest in Bragg Creek and McLean Creek (Figures 53, 54).

Aluminum concentrations in the Elbow River increased downstream of the Glenmore Dam, probably because of the alum discharges from the Glenmore water treatment plant. Alum is now (1992) trucked from this site; this may reduce the amount of aluminum entering and/or accumulating in the Elbow River. Aluminum levels were not compliant with CWQG in 9 of 13 samples collected at both the Calgary Golf and Country Club site and the 9th Avenue Bridge site. CCREM (1987) states that this tentative guideline is based on total aluminum, including particulate forms which may have reduced toxicity. Research conducted at the Alberta Environmental Centre (1986) concluded that alum sludge had low toxicity to rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss). However, smothering of fish eggs in gravel and effects on benthic invertebrates were not included in this study.

Silver, cadmium, and cobalt were at or below detection limits in most samples. Single samples for copper, chromium, iron, mercury, and lead exceeded CWQG at various locations (Table 4), and at times apparently unrelated to flow. Note that guideline values are

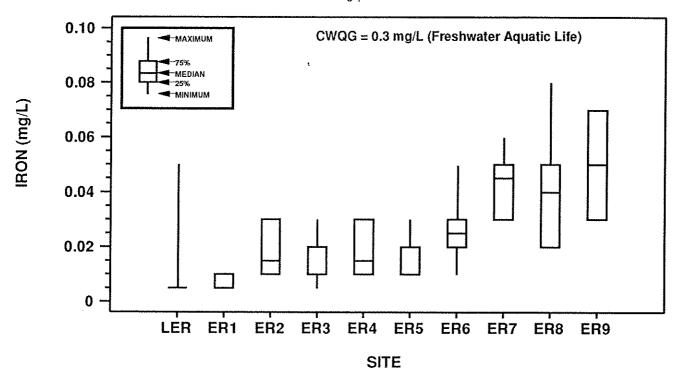


Figure 49. Longitudinal trends in annual iron concentrations in the Elbow River.

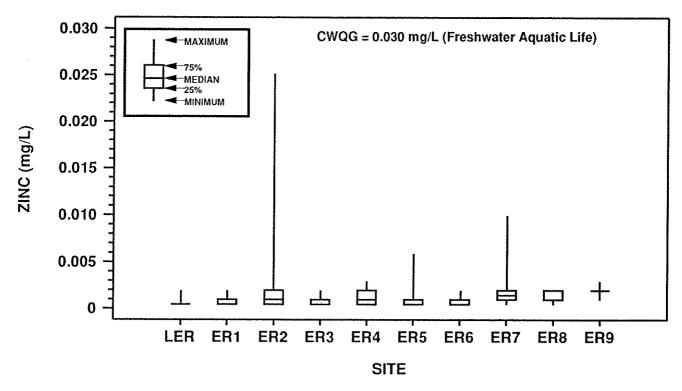


Figure 50. Longitudinal trends in annual zinc concentrations in the Elbow River.

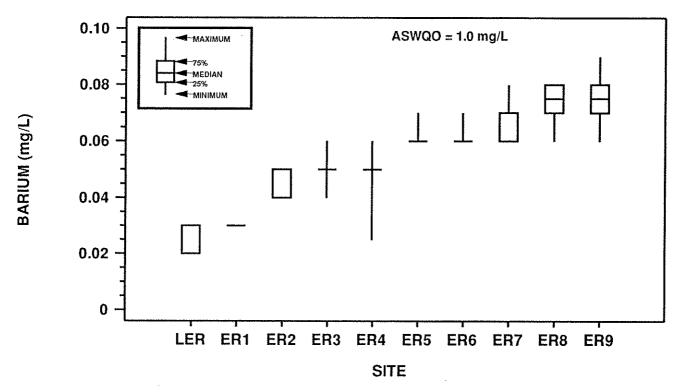


Figure 51. Longitudinal trends in annual barium concentrations in the Elbow River.

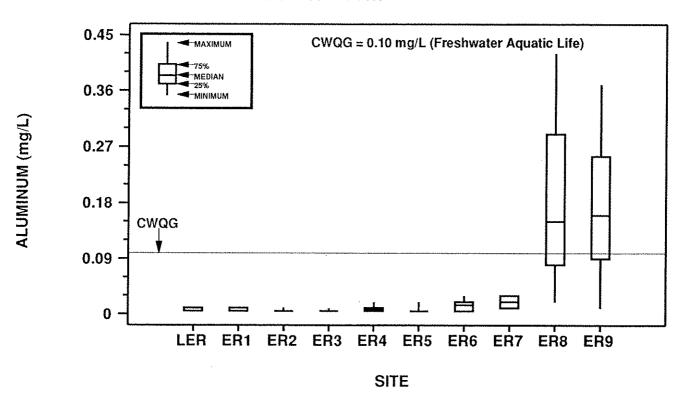


Figure 52. Longitudinal trends in annual aluminum concentrations in the Elbow River.

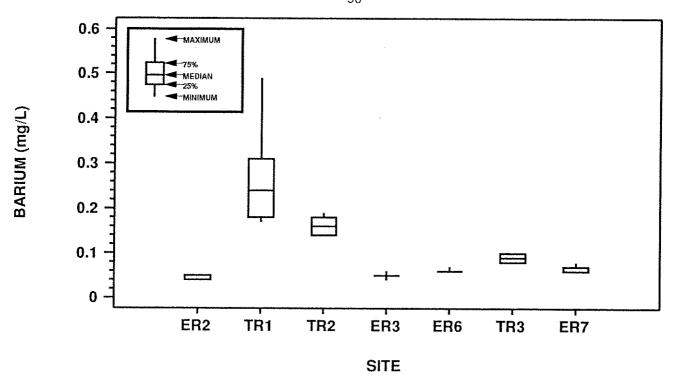


Figure 53. Comparison of annual barium concentrations in Elbow River tributaries and adjacent mainstem sites.

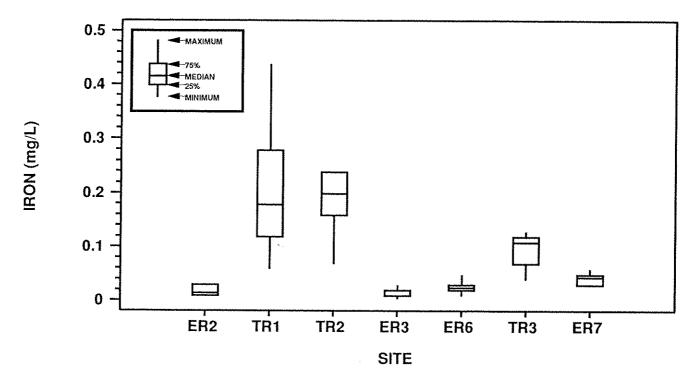


Figure 54. Comparison of annual iron concentrations in Elbow River tributaries and adjacent mainstem sites.

often close to method detection limits, which are the least accurate areas of analytical measurement.

Arsenic and zinc concentrations in Elbow River water were lower than in the four other rivers surveyed (Figures 55, 56). Aluminum concentrations were higher at the two Oldman River sites than at the upper Elbow River sites (above the Glenmore Reservoir). Concentrations in the Bow and Red Deer were similar to ER2 and ER7 (Figure 57). Barium levels were similar in the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond and in Bow River water, and lower in the Elbow River compared to the Red Deer and Oldman rivers (Figure 58). Copper and iron concentrations were lower in the Elbow River than in the Oldman River and higher than in the Bow and Red Deer rivers (Figures 59, 60). Lead levels were frequently below the detection limit at all sites except the Oldman River near Fort McLeod (Figure 61).

4.15 TRACE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

The herbicide, pesticide, and priority pollutant scans run on both water and sediment samples in July and September 1988 detected only phthalate esters and phenolic compounds (Appendix III). Phenolic compound concentrations exceeded CWQG in both spring and autumn (Table 4) at various sites. Low levels of phenolic compounds were found in all five of the southern Alberta rivers that were compared in this study (Figure 62). The Oldman River near Fort McLeod and the Highwood River had higher levels of phenolic compounds than did the Elbow River (Figure 62). Phenolics occur naturally, primarily as a result of decaying vegetation (McNeely et al. 1979). Phenolic compounds were detected during spring runoff when decaying vegetation was probably being washed into the river.

Phthalate esters are used in plastics, rubbing alcohol, insect repellents, and insecticides. Low levels of phthalate esters detected in other Alberta rivers have been attributed to false positive identification at the laboratory (Shaw et al. 1990) and may explain phthalate ester occurrences in the Elbow River. Overall, trace organic compounds were not found consistently in the Elbow River basin during the summer or autumn.

4.16 TOTAL AND DISSOLVED ORGANIC CARBON

Levels of organic carbon, both total (TOC) and dissolved (DOC), were lower in the mainstem than levels measured in McLean and Bragg creeks. Most TOC in the samples was dissolved, and the two fractions showed similar longitudinal patterns (Figures 63, 64). Those

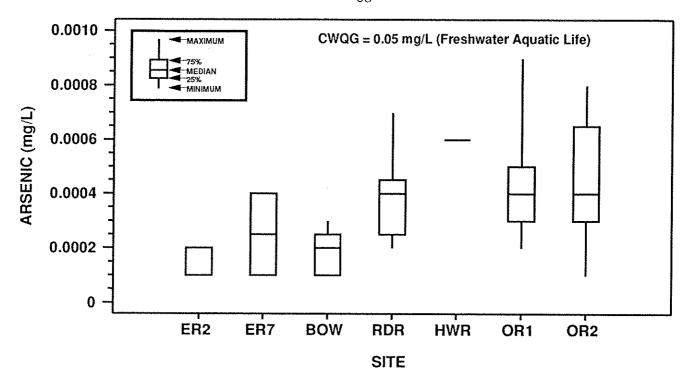


Figure 55. Comparison of annual arsenic concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.

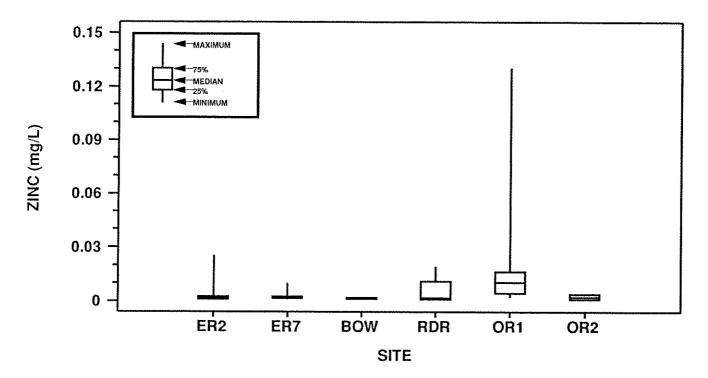


Figure 56. Comparison of annual zinc concentrations in four southern Alberta rivers.

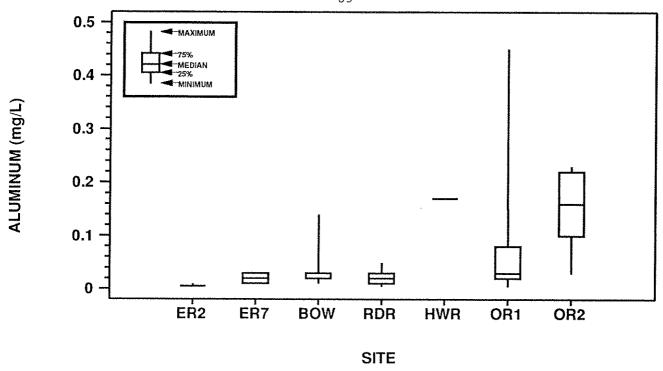


Figure 57. Comparison of annual aluminum concentrations in five southern Alberta rivers.

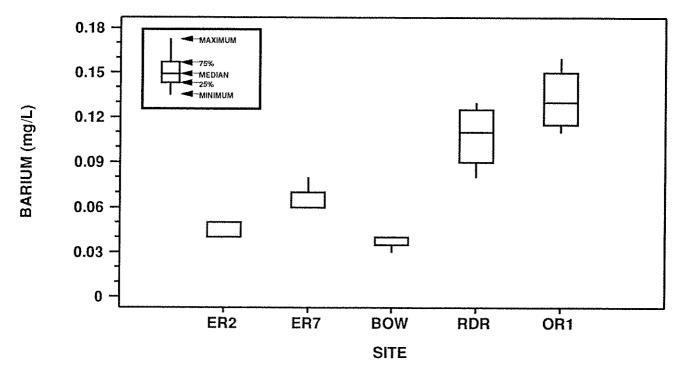


Figure 58. Comparison of annual barium concentrations in four southern Alberta rivers.

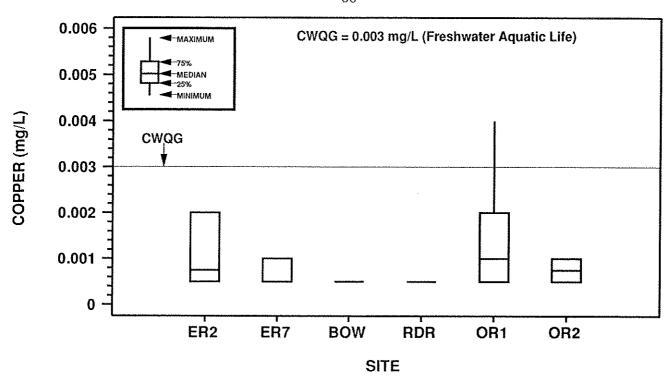


Figure 59. Comparison of annual copper concentrations in four southern Alberta rivers.

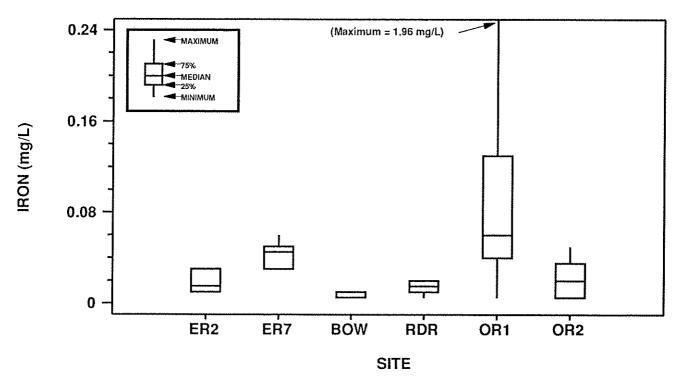


Figure 60. Comparison of annual iron concentrations in four southern Alberta rivers.

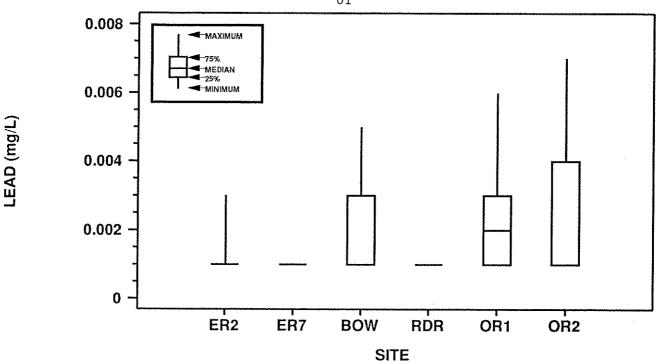
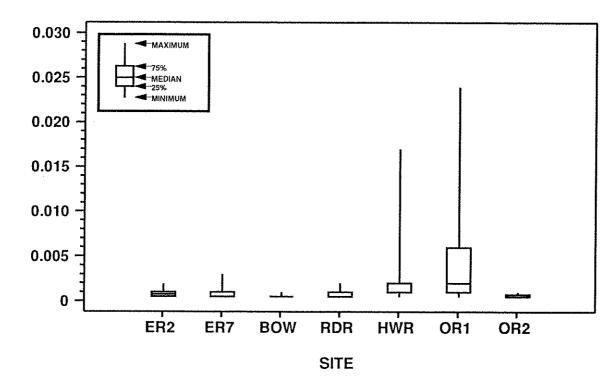


Figure 61. Comparison of annual lead concentrations in four southern Alberta rivers.



PHENOLIC MATERIAL (mg/L)

Figure 62. Comparison of annual concentrations of phenolic material in five southern Alberta rivers.

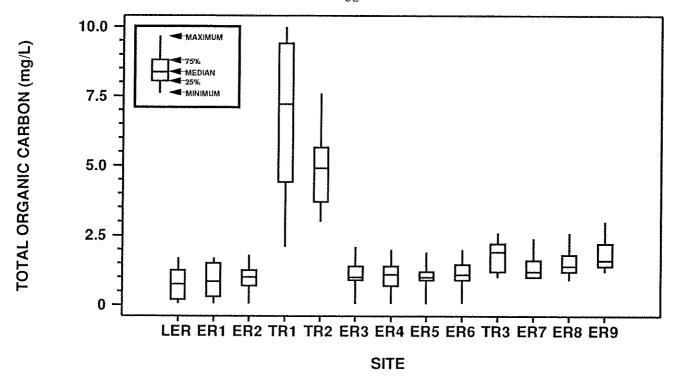
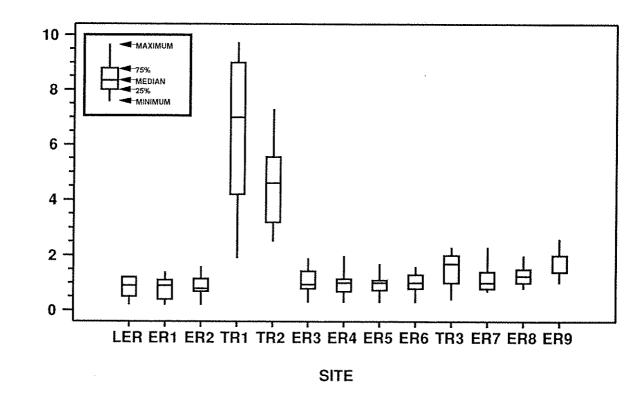


Figure 63. Longitudinal trends in annual concentrations of total organic carbon at Elbow River mainstem and tributary sites.



DISSOLVED ORGANIC CARBON (mg/L)

Figure 64. Longitudinal trends in annual concentrations of dissolved organic carbon at Elbow River mainstem and tributary sites.

sites of the Elbow River with statistically similar total and dissolved organic carbon levels were: (1) the Little Elbow River to the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond, (2) the Elbow River downstream of Bragg Creek to the Sarcee Barracks Bridge, and (3) the two sites below the Glenmore Dam. Total organic carbon levels increased in the autumn in the Elbow River. POC levels were always low and did not differ between sites or with season.

The source of organic carbon was probably natural, from allochthonous (external) detrital inputs. Input of organic carbon from agricultural sources appeared to be low along the mainstem, as there was no difference in organic carbon levels between sites upstream and downstream of cultivated land. McLean Creek may acquire organic acids from wetland areas draining into it. Higher levels in Bragg Creek may reflect the influence of agricultural activity.

TOC concentrations at the Elbow River sites were similar to concentrations in the Bow River and lower than concentrations in the Red Deer, Highwood, and Oldman rivers (Figure 65). Dissolved organic carbon levels showed a similar pattern, although there were no data for the Highwood River (Figure 66).

4.17 BACTERIA

Total and fecal coliform concentrations were statistically similar at all mainstem sites except the Elbow River at the 9th Avenue Bridge, where they were much higher than at the other sites. Both total and fecal coliform concentrations were generally low at sites upstream of the 9th Avenue Bridge, except during mountain snowmelt.

Non-compliance with ASWQO for recreation based on single samples (greater than 2400 total coliforms per 100 mL) and the CWQG for irrigation (greater than 1000 total coliforms per 100 mL) occurred consistently at the 9th Avenue Bridge (Figure 67; Table 5). Coliform concentrations in single samples from the three tributary creeks and the Elbow River at Highway 22 and the Glencoe Golf and Country Club were all non-compliant with tentative CWQG for irrigation (based on fecal coliforms) on at least one occasion (Table 4). However, further sampling should be performed before irrigation practices are restricted. Note that statistical outliers and tributaries are not indicated on Figures 67 and 68 but all data are summarized in Appendix II. Also note that these coliform plots present ranges and medians rather than the geometric means calculated for guideline comparisons, and medians on some plots may be superimposed on the 25 percentile.

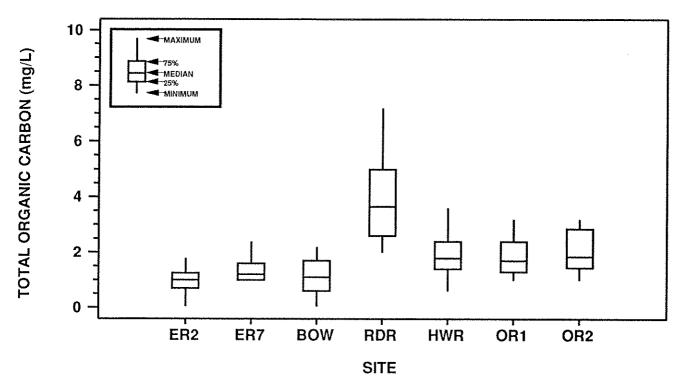


Figure 65. Comparison of annual concentrations of total organic carbon in five southern Alberta rivers.

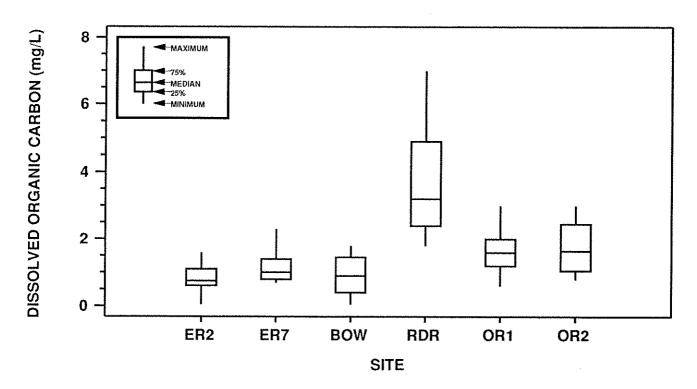


Figure 66. Comparison of annual concentrations of dissolved organic carbon in four southern Alberta rivers.

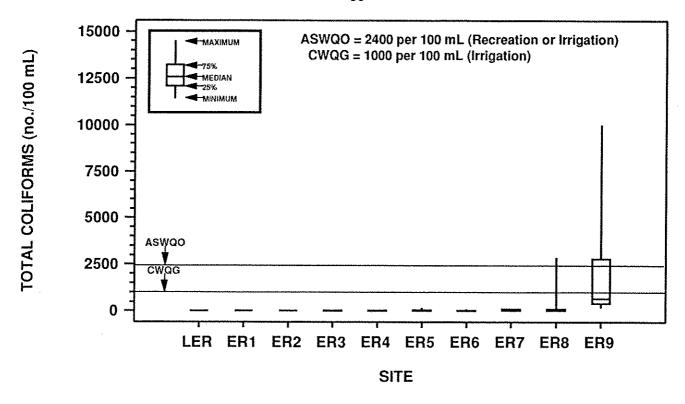


Figure 67. Longitudinal trends in annual total coliform levels in the Elbow River (single samples).

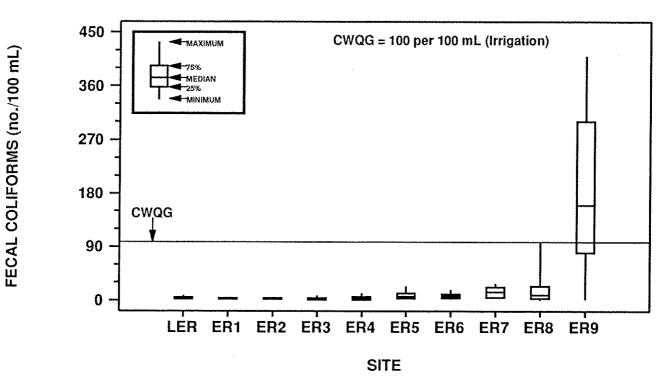


Figure 68. Longitudinal trends in annual fecal coliform levels in the Elbow River (single samples).

Table 5. Number of samples exceeding Alberta Surface Water Quality Objectives in the Elbow River and McLean Creek

Variable	Site	No. of Non- Compliant Samples	No. of Total Samples
Total coliforms	Elbow River at Calgary Golf and Country Club Elbow River at 9th Avenue Bridge	1 7	20 20
Iron	McLean Creek (near mouth)	1	6
Total nitrogen	Elbow River at Highway 22 Elbow River upstream of Twin Bridges Elbow River at 9th Avenue Bridge	1 1 1	14 14 14
Total phosphorus	Elbow River downstream of Bragg Creek Elbow River at Highway 22 Elbow River at Sarcee Barracks Bridge - ISCO sampler June 1989 time-of-travel survey May 1990 time-of-travel survey June 1990 time-of-travel survey	1 1 2 1 7	14 14 46 19 14 7

Note:

Samples taken between April 1988 and June 1990.

Total coliform densities evaluated with instantaneous ASWQO (2400 per 100 mL).

ASWQO for recreation were also exceeded for multiple samples (greater than 1000 total coliforms per 100 mL based on the geometric mean of five samples per month) during detailed surveys in June and August 1988, and June 1989. Non-compliant sites included the Elbow River at the Calgary Golf and Country Club (Figure 71) and at the 9th Avenue Bridge (Figures 69, 71, and 73). More intensive sampling between the Calgary Golf and Country Club and the 9th Avenue Bridge indicated a consistent increase in coliform concentrations near the 9th Avenue Bridge and lower concentrations upstream (Figures 73, 74) The cause of the large increase in coliform counts at the 9th Avenue Bridge site is not known, and requires further investigation. There are both a sanitary sewer line crossing and one storm sewer discharge immediately upstream from this site.

4.18 CHLOROPHYLL a

Epilithic chlorophyll <u>a</u> concentrations were low (generally less than 10 mg/m²) at the Elbow River sites upstream of the Sarcee Barracks Bridge. The lowest concentrations occurred between Highway 22 and upstream of the Twin Bridges. The substrate of the river is relatively unstable in this reach, which may affect the amount of epilithic chlorophyll <u>a</u>. Higher algal biomass occurred downstream of the Twin Bridges, with a peak value of 881 mg/m² at the 9th Avenue Bridge (Figure 75). This level is similar to that reported for a site on the Bow River downstream of Calgary (Charlton et al. 1986) and probably reflects the combined effects of flow regulation and high nutrient levels.

4.19 NUTRIENTS

The addition of nutrients to the Glenmore Reservoir has been of major concern to the City of Calgary, as nutrients may stimulate phytoplankton growth and thereby cause taste and odour problems. Dissolved nitrite+nitrate concentrations decreased from the headwaters of the Elbow River to downstream of the Glenmore Dam and were much higher near the mouth of the river (Figure 76). Nitrite+nitrate consists mainly of nitrate, as nitrite is unstable in the presence of oxygen (McNeely et al. 1979). Nitrate is readily absorbed by aquatic plants (Hynes 1970), and therefore, aquatic vegetation probably removed nitrates from the river during the growing season. The sites of the river that had statistically similar nitrite+nitrate concentrations included: (1) the Little Elbow River to the Elbow River at Highway 22, (2) the Elbow River at Highway 22 to the Sarcee Barracks Bridge, (3) the Elbow

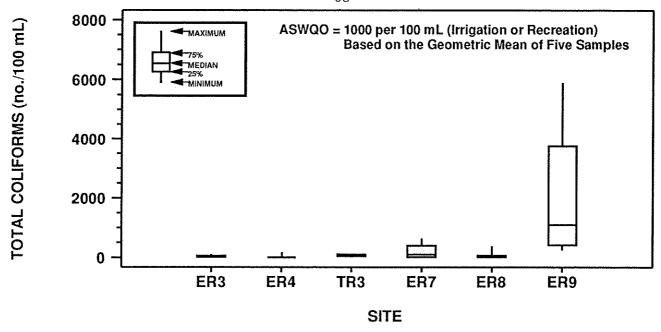


Figure 69. Total coliform levels in the Elbow River and one tributary from the Bragg Creek townsite to the confluence with the Bow River.

<u>Five</u> samples were collected at each site between May 18, 1988 and June 13, 1988, during spring high flow.

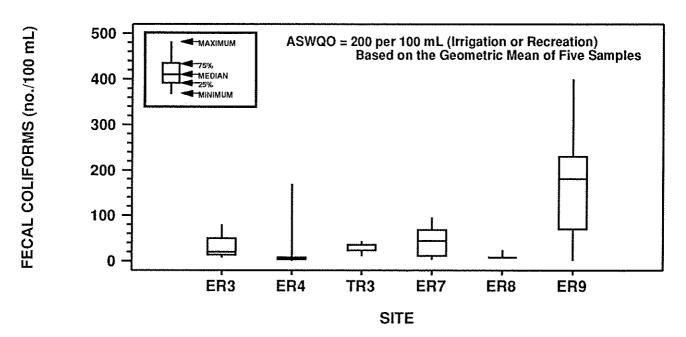


Figure 70. Fecal coliform levels in the Elbow River and one tributary from the Bragg Creek townsite to the confluence with the Bow River.

Five samples were collected at each site between May 18, 1988 and June 13, 1988, during spring high flow.

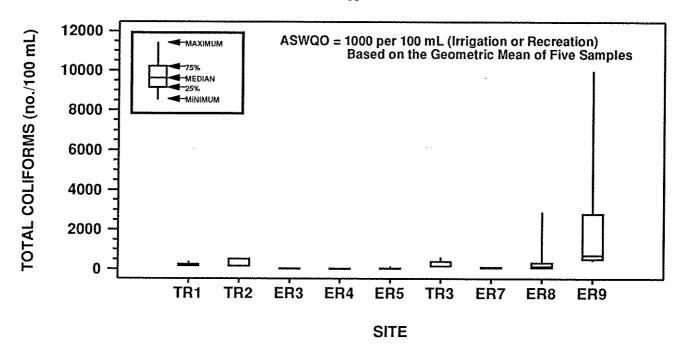


Figure 71. Total coliform levels in the Elbow River and its tributaries from McLean Creek to the confluence with the Bow River.

Five samples were collected at each site between August 8, 1988 and September 6, 1988.

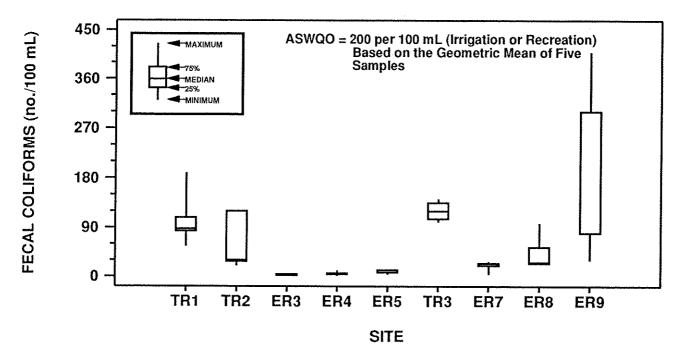


Figure 72. Fecal coliform levels in the Elbow River and its tributaries from McLean Creek to the confluence with the Bow River.

Five samples were collected at each site between August 8, 1988 and September 6, 1988.

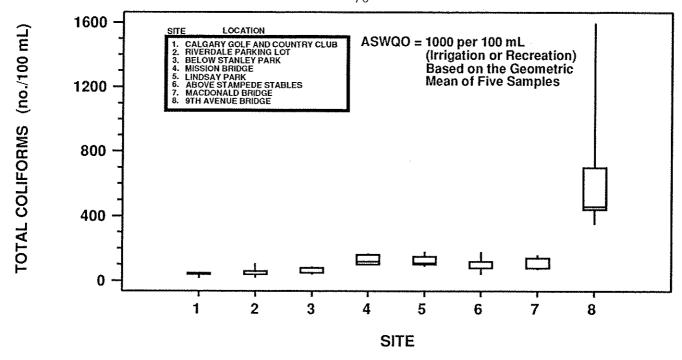
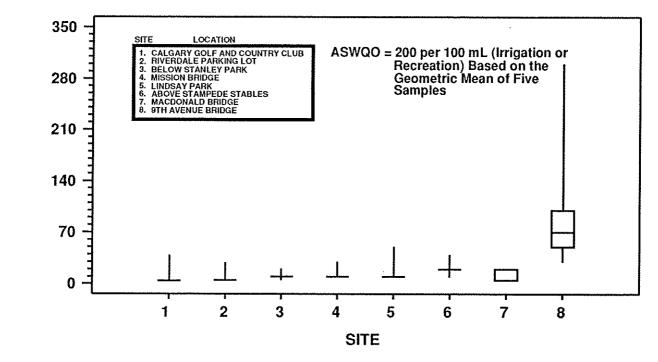


Figure 73. Total coliform levels in the Elbow River from the Glenmore Reservoir to the confluence with the Bow River. Five samples were collected at each site between May 30, 1989 and June 27, 1989.



FECAL COLIFORMS (no./100 mL)

Figure 74. Fecal coliform levels in the Elbow River from the Glenmore Reservoir to the confluence with the Bow River. Five samples were collected at each site between May 30, 1989 and June 27, 1989.

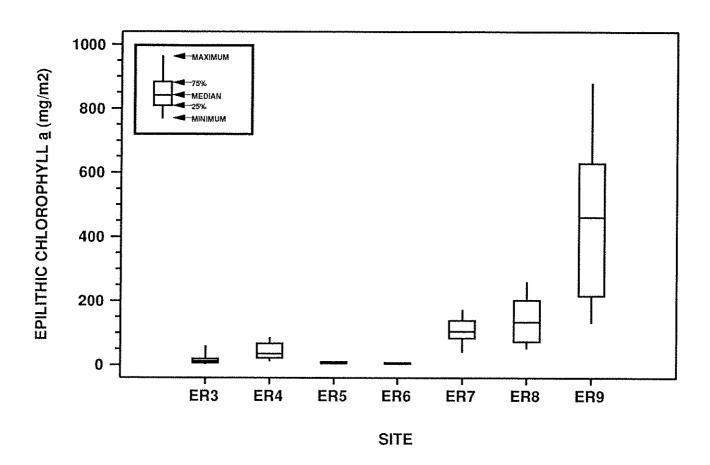


Figure 75. Longitudinal trends in annual epilithic chlorophyll <u>a</u> concentrations in the Elbow River from the Bragg Creek townsite to the confluence with the Bow River.

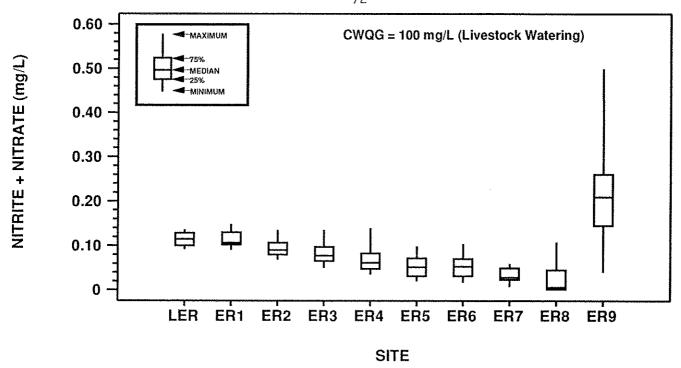


Figure 76. Longitudinal trends in annual nitrite-nitrate concentrations in the Elbow River.

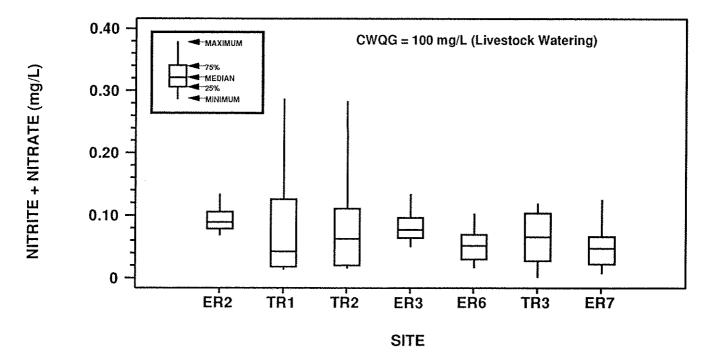


Figure 77. Annual nitrite-nitrate concentrations in Elbow River tributaries and adjacent mainstem sites.

River at Calgary Golf and Country Club, and (4) the Elbow River at the 9th Avenue Bridge. McLean and Bragg creeks had lower concentrations of nitrite+nitrate than did adjacent mainstem sites, whereas nitrite+nitrate levels in Lott Creek were similar to those at adjacent mainstem sites (Figure 77). Nitrite+nitrate levels at all sites except the 9th Avenue Bridge site (near the confluence with the Bow River) increased from fall to spring, then decreased during the summer.

Nitrate levels measured by the City of Calgary were inversely correlated with flow (Table 6). They showed significant seasonality and decreased between both 1982-88 (Figure 78) and 1982-90. Both actual and flow-adjusted nitrate levels decreased.

Total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN) concentrations increased below the Glenmore Reservoir, although TKN variance was much higher at two of the upstream sites (Highway 22 and upstream of the Twin Bridges) than at the other mainstem sites (Figure 79). Above the Glenmore Reservoir, TKN levels increased with peak flow in the spring, then decreased throughout the rest of the year. Overland flow, scouring of the floodplain and bank erosion would add organic nitrogen to the river during peak flow. There was comparatively little variances in TKN levels measured throughout the year below the Glenmore Dam.

Ammonia concentrations were at or below the detection limit in most mainstem samples, but higher in the tributary samples. No evidence of ammonia toxicity is reflected in these data.

Total nitrogen was mainly composed of TKN, and thus, concentrations fluctuated in a pattern similar to those of TKN. The Elbow River at the 9th Avenue Bridge site had significantly different total nitrogen levels from all upstream sites, which were not different from each other (Figure 80).

Total nitrogen concentrations did not change significantly between years at the three sites in Kananaskis Country (McLean Creek, the Little Elbow River, and the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond), which were sampled in 1978-79 and 1988-89 (Appendix II). The Elbow River was sampled at McLean Creek Campground in 1978-79 and Allen Bill Pond in 1988-89, which is slightly upstream. The Elbow River at Highway 22 and upstream of the Twin Bridges was also sampled in 1979 and 1988-89, and again no significant change in total nitrogen levels was measured between study periods. Recent development of the upper watershed has not led to measurable increases in total nitrogen concentrations in the upper Elbow River.

Table 6. Flow dependency and trends in concentrations of flow-adjusted major ions and nutrients at long-term sites

VARIABLE	REGRESSION EQUATION	\mathbf{r}^2	d.f.	KENDALL τ
Nitrate	$\log x = -0.39 \log Q - 1.16$	0.07*	234	-3.33*
Ammonium ^a	$\log x = 0.22 \log Q - 3.47$	0.03	75	N/A
Calcium	$\log x = -0.12 \log Q + 4.30$	0.53*	206	5.18*
Chloride	$\log x = -0.23 \log Q + 0.84$	0.14*	225	2.44*
Fluoride	$\log x = -0.07 \log Q - 1.08$	0.04*	224	-1.82
Magnesium	$\log x = -0.13 \log Q + 2.99$	0.46*	232	3.25*
Potassium	$\log x = -0.14 \log Q - 0.15$	0.07*	239	-1.85
Sodium	$\log x = -0.17 \log Q + 1.11$	0.11*	239	1.20
Sulphate	$\log x = -0.31 \log Q + 4.62$	0.75*	241	-1.30

Notes: Samples were collected between 1982 and 1988 at Sarcee Barracks Bridge and between 1988 and 1990 at Twin Bridges. Data supplied by the City of Calgary.

^{*} p<0.05

Not enough data for trend testing

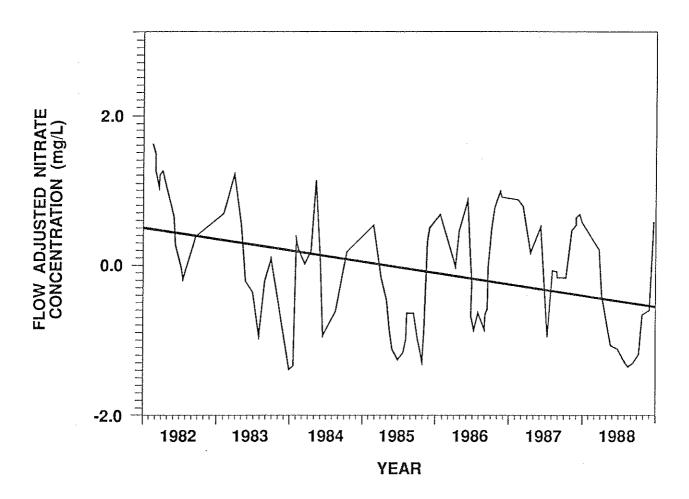


Figure 78. Decrease in flow-adjusted nitrate concentrations at Sarcee Bridge from 1982 to 1988.

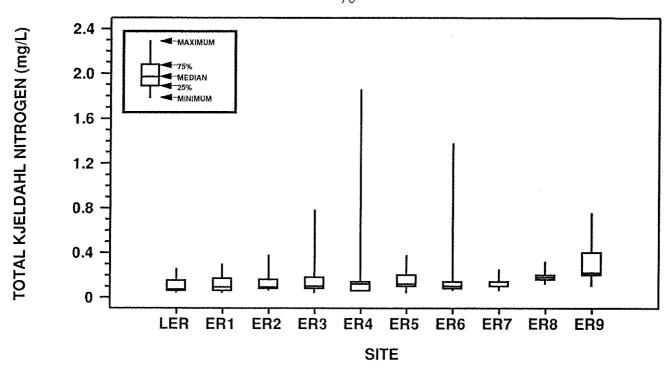


Figure 79. Longitudinal trends in annual concentrations of total Kjeldahl nitrogen in the Elbow River.

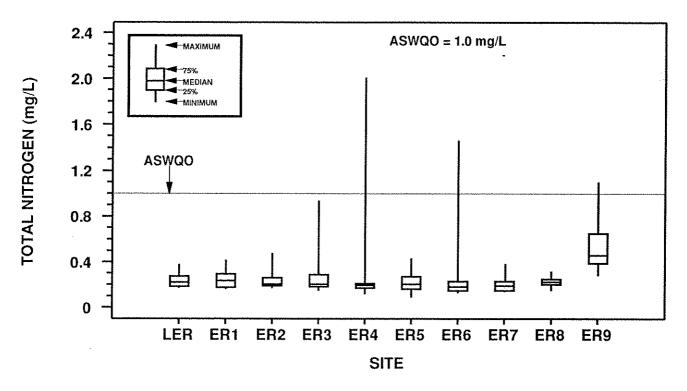


Figure 80. Longitudinal trends in annual concentrations of total nitrogen in the Elbow River.

No significant difference in total nitrogen concentrations was detected in miscellaneous historic data collected from the 9th Avenue Bridge in 1985-1986 when compared to the current data (Appendix II). Non-compliance with ASWQO for freshwater life occurred on one of fourteen sampling occasions at the Elbow River at Highway 22, upstream of the Twin Bridges and at the 9th Avenue Bridge (Table 5).

In general, total phosphorus concentrations were low (near the detection limit) in samples from the headwaters of the Elbow River to the site at Highway 22. Downstream of Highway 22, total phosphorus concentrations increased slightly, though not significantly, until the river reached the site adjacent to the Calgary Golf and Country Club (ER8 - Figure 81). There was no difference in total phosphorus concentrations from the Little Elbow River to the Elbow River upstream of the Twin Bridges. Levels in the Elbow River at the Sarcee Barracks Bridge were different only from those at the two furthest upstream sites (the Little Elbow River and the Elbow River at Cobble Flats) and the Elbow River at the Calgary Golf and Country Club. The latter site had total phosphorus concentrations higher than all other sites except the Elbow River at the 9th Avenue Bridge. Total phosphorus was significantly lower in 1988-89 than in 1978-79 at McLean Creek, but not different between years at any other site (Appendix II). The slight decrease at McLean Creek could reflect the effects of the reservoir built upstream from the site between the sampling years. It should also be noted that all 1978-79 phosphorus data from the other sites were measured with a less sensitive analytical method.

Most of the phosphorus fraction was particulate, as dissolved phosphorus was usually near the detection limit (Figures 81, 82). (Note: values less than the dissolved phosphorus detection limit of 0.003 mg/L were assigned a value equal to one half of the detection limit (0.0015) mg/L in WQStat II analyses.) The tributary streams, particularly Lott Creek, had much higher concentrations of total phosphorus than did the mainstem sites (Figure 83). Non-compliance with ASWQO for freshwater life occurred at those sites downstream of Bragg Creek in both 1989 and 1990 during peak flow (Table 5).

Synoptic samples collected from the Elbow River (allowing for time-of-travel) indicated increasing levels of phosphorus in the reach from upstream of the Twin Bridges to the Sarcee Barracks Bridge on all three sampling occasions (Figures 84, 85, 86). On June 9, 1989, total phosphorus concentrations also increased between the site at Highway 22 and the site above Pirmez Creek. The increase was in the particulate fraction; there was no

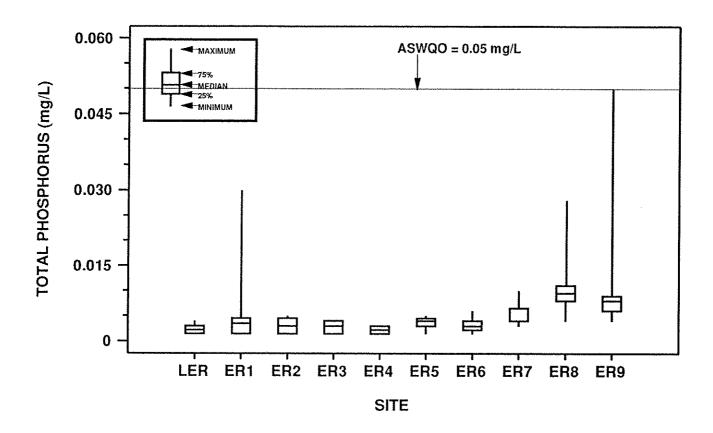


Figure 81. Longitudinal trends in annual concentrations of total phosphorus in the Elbow River. Phosphorus concentrations measured in time-and-travel samples are not included in this figure.

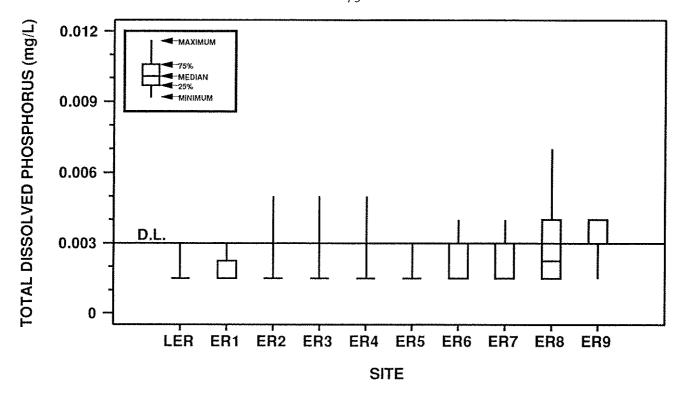


Figure 82. Longitudinal trends in annual concentrations of total dissolved phosphorus in the Elbow River. (D.L.= detection limit)

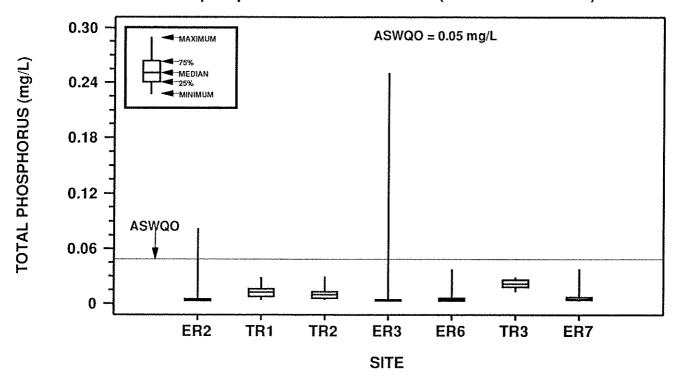


Figure 83. Annual concentrations of total phosphorus in Elbow River tributaries and adjacent mainstem sites.

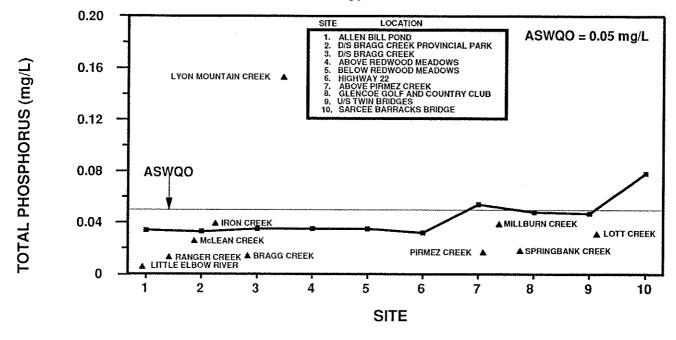
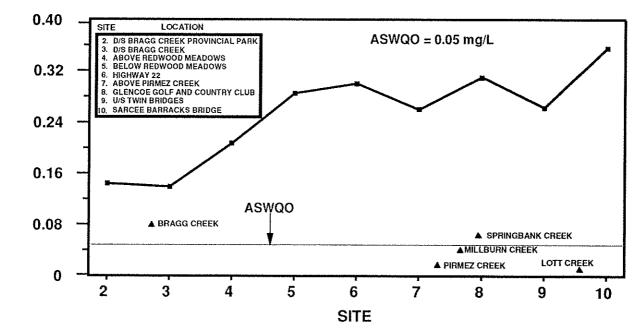


Figure 84. Concentrations of total phosphorus in the Elbow River and its tributaries on June 9, 1989. Sample collections were timed to account for flow rate such that the same slug of water was sampled at each location. (Distances and tributary locations not to scale.)



TOTAL PHOSPHORUS (mg/L)

Figure 85. Concentrations of total phosphorus in the Elbow River and two tributaries on June 4, 1990. Sample collections were timed to account for flow rate such that the same slug of water was sampled at each location. (Distances and tributary locations not to scale.)

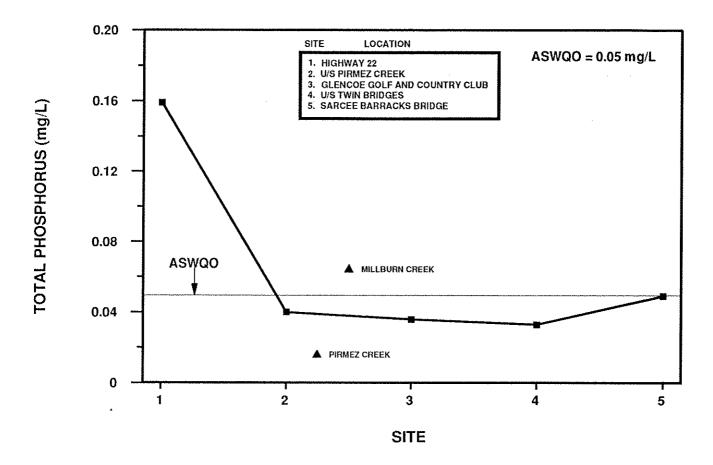


Figure 86. Concentrations of total phosphorus in the Elbow River and two tributaries on June 26, 1990. Sample collections were timed to account for flow rate such that the same slug of water was sampled at each location.

difference in dissolved phosphorus concentrations. This reach contains no major tributary streams. Scouring of the floodplain, overland flow or seasonal runoff, and bank erosion may have contributed to this phosphorus loading. On June 9, 1989, all of the tributaries except Lyon Mountain Creek had much lower concentrations of particulate and total phosphorus, but much higher concentrations of dissolved phosphorus than did the mainstem sites. Although Lyon Mountain Creek had high concentrations of total and particulate phosphorus on the one date that it was sampled, there was no increase seen in either phosphorus fraction in the nearest downstream Elbow River site.

On June 4, 1990, total phosphorus concentrations increased the most between: (1) the Bragg Creek townsite and the site downstream of Redwood Meadows, (2) the site upstream of the Twin Bridges and the Sarcee Barracks Bridge site (Figure 85). Lyon Mountain Creek enters the Elbow River between Bragg Creek and upstream of Redwood Meadows, and spring flow in 1990 was higher than normal. However, there are no tributaries that enter near the Redwood Meadows water treatment sites.

On June 26, 1990, total phosphorus concentrations were highest at the Highway 22 site. Below Highway 22, phosphorus concentrations decreased, then increased slightly between the site upstream of the Twin Bridges and the Sarcee Barracks Bridge site (Figure 86). In all cases, most of the total phosphorus was in particulate form and no change was seen in dissolved phosphorus levels. Bank slumpage in this area may contribute to total phosphorus levels.

Total phosphorus concentrations in tributary streams during the two 1990 surveys showed a similar pattern to that seen in 1989: higher dissolved phosphorus concentrations and lower particulate and total phosphorus concentrations than at adjacent mainstem sites. The one exception to this pattern was Millburn Creek, which had both high dissolved and total phosphorus concentrations. Phosphorus concentrations decreased, however, between the Elbow River sites upstream and downstream of the confluence with Millburn Creek.

Total phosphorus loading calculated from ISCO samples at the Sarcee Barracks Bridge site during peak flow was 1083 kg over 24 days in 1989 and 6924 kg over 29 days in 1990. This probably accounts for approximately 75% of the total annual phosphorus entering Glenmore Reservoir from the Elbow River, as most phosphorus was in particulate form, and approximately 75% of the total sediment transport occurs in June (Hudson 1983). These river loading estimates are far greater than the 425-550 kg total annual phosphorus loading

that Marshall, Macklin, Monaghan Ltd. (1985) estimated for all storm sewers entering the Glenmore Reservoir during wet years. Average daily phosphorus loading was approximately five times greater in spring 1990 (238 kg/day) than in spring 1989 (45 kg/day). The increase was partially because of flow, which was greater in 1990, but also because of higher phosphorus concentrations in 1990 (0.060 \pm 0.052 (mean \pm 1 S.D.) mg/L) than in 1989 (0.035 \pm 0.021 (mean \pm 1 S.D.) mg/L).

Although total phosphorus (TP) concentrations in suspended sediment were slightly lower in 1990 than in 1989, total suspended sediment levels in water samples were much higher (Table 7). Relatively little of this phosphorus was non-apatite inorganic phosphorus (NAIP), and there was no consistent longitudinal trend in either TP or NAIP. The biologically available portion of this phosphorus was not measured. Cross et al. (1986), however, found that NAIP was highly correlated with biologically available phosphorus (algal assays) along the Bow River, where it ranged from 147 to 660 mg/g (17-38% of TP) in airlift sediment samples downstream of Calgary. Sediment NAIP in the Elbow River ranged from 23 to 52 mg/g (4-14% of TP), which suggests that relatively little of the Elbow River sediment phosphorus was biologically available. It should be noted, however, that sediment phosphorus samples from the Bow and Elbow rivers were collected using different methods.

Kallqvist and Berge (1990) reported that about 40% of the phosphorus in runoff from cereal cultivation fields was biologically available for algae. The Elbow River watershed contains 5853 ha in oats and barley and 1522 ha in other crops (Marshall, Macklin, Monaghan Ltd. 1985). Testing of the Elbow River water by algal assay would determine the amount of runoff phosphorus that is available to stimulate algal growth.

Nutrient levels in the Elbow River were slightly lower than in the other four southern Alberta rivers surveyed. Total nitrogen concentrations were similar in the Elbow and Bow rivers, and lower in the Elbow River than in the Red Deer, Highwood, and Oldman rivers (Figure 87). Total phosphorus levels were lowest in the Elbow River at Allen Bill Pond. The Elbow River at the Sarcee Barracks Bridge had total phosphorus levels similar to those in the Bow and Highwood rivers, and lower levels than in the Red Deer and Oldman rivers (Figure 88).

Table 7. Phosphorus concentrations in suspended sediment from the Elbow River during peak flow conditions (1989 and 1990)

SITE	YEAR	TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS ^a (mg/L)	TOTAL PHOSPHORUS (µg/g)	APATITE INORGANIC PHOSPHORUS (µg/g)	NON-APATITE INORGANIC PHOSPHORUS (µg/g)	ORGANIC PHOSPHORUS (µg/g)
Downstream of	1989	19	569	263	49	257
Bragg Creek	1990	215	359	-	52	
Highway 22	1989	32	581	400	25	156
	1990	456	337	-	46	-
Sarcee Barracks Bridge	1989 1990	74 442	519 412	415 -	23 50	81 -

Note: Samples taken on June 7, 1989 and June 20, 1990

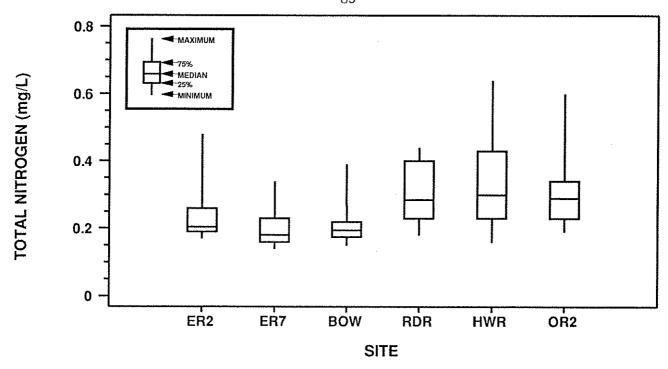


Figure 87. Comparison of annual concentrations of total nitrogen in five southern Alberta rivers.

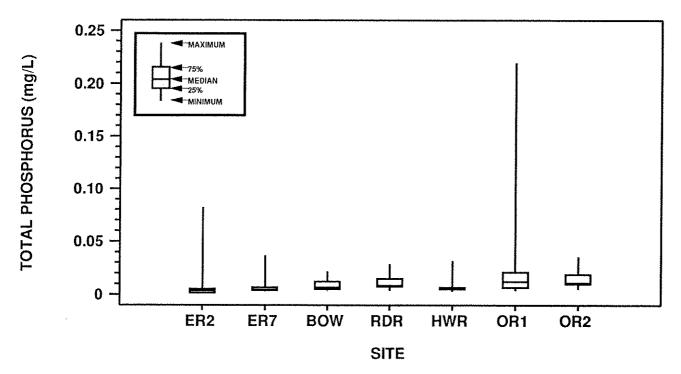


Figure 88. Comparison of annual concentrations of total phosphorus in five southern Alberta rivers.

4.20 MASS LOADINGS FROM TRIBUTARIES

The three tributary creeks showed similar temporal trends in loading. Concentrations of most variables were higher in tributary streams compared to adjacent mainstem sites. However, flow rates in McLean Creek and Bragg Creek were very low relative to flow in the Elbow River. Thus, higher levels of nutrients and coliforms in Bragg and McLean creeks were diluted sufficiently in the Elbow River that levels in the river did not appear to increase downstream of these tributaries (Table 8; Appendix IV). However, loads of all variables in Lott Creek were greater than 5% of the adjacent mainstem site. Fecal coliform loads increased in the Elbow River between the sites upstream and downstream of Lott Creek, but there was no change in total coliform loads along the same reach. Loads of total phosphorus, TKN, and total nitrogen also increased in the Elbow River from upstream to downstream of Lott Creek. One storm sewer and several seasonal tributaries also empty into the Elbow River upstream of the Sarcee Barracks Bridge, but were not sampled in this investigation.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

In general, water quality in the Elbow River upstream of Calgary was good. In this reach, all variables were usually in compliance with CWQG and ASWQO, except during peak flow.

Phosphorus and fecal coliform loadings were much higher during spring runoff. However, most of the phosphorus entering the river during peak flow is in particulate form and may not be highly bio-available for macrophytes and algae.

Groundwater input to the Elbow River was indicated by elevated levels of TDS, major ions, hardness, alkalinity, and specific conductance downstream of probable groundwater inflow areas. This suggests that groundwater quality should be considered in development proposals, and monitoring of groundwater quality may be desirable.

Nutrient levels in the watershed upstream of Highway 22 did not change measurably between 1979 and 1989. Thus, development of Kananaskis Country apparently has not increased the amounts of nutrients entering the Elbow River. Upstream of Calgary, nitrate concentrations decreased between 1982 and 1990. We assume that this could reflect either decreased loading or increased uptake by aquatic plants along the Elbow River. In contrast, calcium, chloride, and magnesium concentrations increased between 1982 and 1990,

Table 8. Mean tributary load as a percentage of the immediate upstream load in the Elbow River

	SAMPLE			
VARIABLE	SIZE	MCLEAN CREEK (%) ^a	BRAGG CREEK (%)°	LOTT CREEK (%) ^a
Flow	12	0.47±0.33	1.90±1,20	6.15±4.38
Alkalinity	12	0.68±0.36	2.53±1.26	6.85±4.22
Hardness	12	0.49±0.28	1.76±0.93	6.44±3.90
TDS	12	0.49±0.29	1.80±0.92	6.43±3.81
Ca	12	0.51±0.28	1.81±0.91	6.46±3.94
Mg	12	0.45±0.28	1.57±0.81	6.81±3.78
Na	12	2.13±1.35	10.42±5.57	9.48±4.98
K	12	1.29±0.74	6.01±2.91	9.85±5.85
HCO ₃	12	0.68±0.36	2.81±1.62	6.87±4.21
Cl	12	2.52±0.90	12.26±7.77	8.51±3.76
SO ₄	12	0.11±0.12	0.33±0.18	5.61±3.07
Fi	12	0.25±0.20	0.74±0.47	5.72±3.96
Si	12	0.84±0.63	3.81±2.27	7.01±5.06
TON	(n = 12)	$1.69 \pm 1.89 (n = 12)$	$5.27\pm4.29 \text{ (n = 11)}$	13.09±11.68
NH ₄	12	0.74±0.69	2.34±1.54	51.05±51.04
NO ₂ +NO ₃ -N	12	0.26±0.14	1.05±0.65	8.70±7.66
TKN	12	1.60±1.77	5.00±3.99	14.98±15.55
TN	12	1.04±0.97	3.60±2.36	20.16±26.55
DP	12	1.13±1.24	2.60±1.68	25.28±15.09
PP	(n = 12)	$1.81\pm1.95 \ (n=6)$	$8.24 \pm 9.61 (n = 6)$	26.04±18,93
TP	12	1.43±1.40	4.42±3.59	35.16±24.70
TCOL	12	7.88±11.19	63.72±68.87	63.17±119.32
FCOL	12	8.37±8.73	39.82±63,07	61.05±103.31
Phenols	5	0.37±0.13	1.50±0.69	10.05±10.69
Al	5	0.35±0.14	2.16±1.64	11.74±17.60
As	5	0.68±0.46	3.39±2.55	15.37±17.26
Ba	5	2.34±0.55	5.77±2.20	10.36±7.34
Cr	5	0.33±0.09	1.25±0.40	6.90±4.92
Cu	5	0.28±0.15	1.43±0.81	6.62±5.24
Fe	5	4.20±4.33	20.24±22.64	37.41±67.68
Zn	(n = 5)	$3.57\pm3.51 (n = 5)$	$1.02\pm1.02 \text{ (n = 4)}$	10.0±3.87
DOC	12	32.63±88.89	72.21±170.45	12.69±21.63
POC	(n = 10)	$0.09\pm1.47 (n=10)$	27.76±8.30 (n = 12)	9.03±6.82

^a These numbers represent average percentages from 13 surveys conducted from May 1988 to March 1989 (Appendix IV)

perhaps because of the increased use of road salt in the area or changes in groundwater quality or inflow.

The Elbow River had higher specific conductance, hardness, TDS, filterable residue, sulphate, and fluoride levels compared with the other rivers in southern Alberta that were surveyed. These higher levels may have been the result of differences in bedrock and groundwater composition in the different watersheds. The levels of nutrients, organic carbon, major ions, metals, pH, and alkalinity in the Elbow River were similar to, or lower than, levels of these variables in the four other southern Alberta rivers surveyed.

McLean and Bragg creeks appeared to have little effect on water quality of the Elbow River, probably because of dilution. Lott Creek, however, had a higher discharge and therefore, a greater loading of total nitrogen, total phosphorus, and fecal coliforms into the Elbow River than did the other two creeks.

Water quality in the lower Elbow River appears to be degraded, with bacterial and aluminum contamination evident at the 9th Avenue Bridge site. Nutrient levels are also higher at this site, and are manifested by comparatively high levels of epilithic chlorophyll <u>a</u>. High levels of sodium and chloride between the Calgary Golf and Country Club and the 9th Street Bridge are indicative of stormwater or other unknown inputs.

This report is intended to provide a basin-wide perspective on water quality in the Elbow River. The reader should note that design and implementation of appropriate management strategies to protect river water quality for future uses will inevitably require more detailed, site-specific investigations.

6.0 LITERATURE CITED

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Appendix I. Elbow River at Bragg Creek

Table 1. Elbow River Sites at Bragg Creek

SITE NO.	LOCATION
1	Below Provincial Park, near Shell station (00AL05BJ1500)
2	At Water Survey of Canada gauge
3	At Herron property
4	At new temporary bridge
5	At Martineau residence at downstream village limits (Sarcee Reserve boundary - 00AL05BJ1600)

Table 2. Elbow River at Bragg Creek Sampling Results

			OBER 24, 19				0	CTOBER 31,	1983	
PARAMETER-		SIT	E LOCATION	<u> </u>			5	SITE LOCATION	ON	
17111111111111111	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Calcium	51	53	54	53	53	54	54	53	55	52
Magnesium	15.1	15.2	15	15.1	15.2	15.5	15.6	15.5	15.5	15.4
Sodium	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8
Potassium	0.39	0.4	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.45	0.43	0.40	0.48	0.47
Chloride	0.80	1.1	0.90	1.20	1.0	0.70	0.80	0.70	1.2	0.80
Sulphate	61.5	60.0	60.0	59.0	60.0	63.5	65.0	64.5	62.5	63.5
PP Alkalinity	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Total Alkalinity	134	135	136	135	136	130	135	135	134	135
pН	8.14	8.15	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.19	8.2	8.22	8.21	8.23
Bicarbonate	163.5	165.0	166.0	165	166	158.5	165	165	163.5	165
Total Hardness	190.0	195.0	197.0	195	195	199	199	196	201	193
Fluoride	0.17	0.18	0.20	0.22	0.22	0.26	0.31	0.31	0.30	0.30
Silica	3.98	4.00	4.04	4.04	4.06	4.06	4.15	4.15	4.20	4.15
Conductance	379	376	381	360	357	364	365	357	361	362
T. Filterable Residue	215	218	220	220	222	230	230	230	220	270
Nitrite Nitrogen	0.006	0.013	0.006	0.004	0.013	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003
Nitrate, Nitrite N	0.096	0.084	0.078	0.080	0.080	0.106	0.106	0.092	0.089	0.102
Iron	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Total Coliform	4	4	2	Nil	4	Nil	Nil	1	3	1
Fecal Coliform	4	4	Nil	Nil	2	Nil	Nil	Níl	Nil	1

NAQUADAT SUMMARY REPORT MAY 11, 1992 SURFACE WATER DATA

STATION 00AL05BJ0500 LAT. 50D 53M 30S LONG. 114D 40M 0S PR 3 UTM 11 664100E 5640150N FOR APR 27, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989 MCLEAN CREEK NEAR THE MOUTH - KANANASKIS PROJECT

MCLEAN CREEK	90 LAT. 50D	53M 3US LONG, NEAR	THE MOUTH -	PR 3 UTM 1 KANANASKIS PI	11 664100E 5640 ROJECT)150N FOR APR	27, 1988 TO M	AR 08, 1989
	02061F TEMPERATURE OF WATER	10301F PH	10301ь РН	02041F SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	02041L SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	08101F OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	08101L OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	02066F TEMPERATURE AIR
SUBI ID	DEG.C	PH UNITS	PH UNITS	US/CM	US/CM 14(0) 316.0 560.0 407.1	20	O2 MG/L	DEG.C.
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW	14(0) .0	11(0) 7.1	14(0) 7.21	13(0) 242	14(0) 316 0	14(0) 8.5		14(0) -6.
нісн	13.3	7.8	8.45	518.	US/CM 14(0) 316.0 560.0 407.1	12.5		18.
AVERAGE STD.DEV.	6.2 5.2			389.9 98.6	407.1 85.7	10.16 1.29		9.9 5.5
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	.0	7.2 7.2	7.39 7.88	291. 303.	318.0 324.0	8.6 9.1		-5.0
MEDIAN 50TH	6.6	7.2	8.10	368.	380.5	10.15		~3, 11.0
75TH	11.5	7.5	8.19	495.	481.0	11.1		14.
90TH SECONDARY CODE	12.6	7.5	8.39	512.	537.0	12.2 02F		17.
		10101L ALKALINITY	06202L BICARBONT. (CALCD.)	06302L CARBONATE DISSOLVED	20103L CALCIUM	12102L MAGNESIUM	19103L POTASSIUM	17203L CHLORIDE
	PHÉNOL PHTRALEIN	TOTAL	(CALCD.)	DISSOLVED	DISSOLVED	DISSOLVED	DISSOLVED	DISSOLVED
SUBA	f CACO3	CACO3	нсо3	CO3	CA	MG	К	CŁ
ID SAMPLES(FLAGS)	MG/L 14(13)	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L 14(13)	CA MG/L 14(0) 44.10 90.50 61.66 16.07	MG/L 14(0) 11.00 19.40 14.42 3.12 11.30	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L 14(0)
LOW	L.10 6.40	14(0) 144.00 307.00	175.5	L.5	44.10	11,00	.75 1.32	1.60
AVERAGE	.55* 1.68*	206.79	251.0	1.0*	61.66	14.42	1.32	8.00 4.04
STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH	1.68* L.10	54.01 153.00	66.6 186.5	1.9* L.5	16.07 45.40	3.12	.15 .87	1.95 1.70
25тн	L.10	161.00	196.3	L.5	48.70	12.40	.90	2.70
MEDIAN 50TH	L.10	186.00	226.7	1.5	55.00	12.75	1.06	3.75
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	L.10 L.10	234.00 295.00	285.3 359.6	L.5 L.5	75.20 89.00	17.10 19.20	1.10 1.25	5.60 6.40
	10603L Hardness Total	36011L COLIFORMS FECAL	36001L COLIFORMS TOTAL	09107L FLUORIDE DISSOLVED	16306L SULPHATE DISSOLVED	06005L CARBON TOTAL	06104L CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC	07403L NITROGEN TOTAL ORG.
SUBM	CACO3	MPN	MPN	F	S04	ORGANIC C	ORGANIC C	(CALCD.) N
ID SAMPLES (FLAGS)	MG/L 14(0)	MPN NO/100ML 17 (5) L4. 290. 60.6* 79.1*	NO/100ML	MG/L	S04 MG/L 14(0) 7.20	C MG/L 14(0)	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L
LOW	160.01	L4.	L4.	.14	7.20	2.10	1.90	14(4) Q.190
HIGH AVERAGE	306.10 213.52	290. 60.6*	430.	.19	15.50 11.94	10.00 6.78	9.75 6.58	.740 .374*
STD.DEV.	52.78	79.1*	116.8*	.01	2.33	2.72	2.70	.154*
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	161.29 167.03	L4. 4.	L4. L10.	.14 .14	10.10 10.50	2.80 4.40	2.70 4.20	Q.190 .230
MEDIAN 50TH	189.77	16.	28.	.15	11.45	7.20	7.00	.370
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	258.38 300.70 05L	88. 190.	124. 252.	.16 .16	13.50 15.40	9.40 9.60	9.00 9.60	.420 .550
STATION 00AL05BJ050 MCLEAN CREEK	0 LAT. 50D	53m 30s Long. NEAR	114d 40m os The mouth -	PR 3 UTM 1 KANANASKIS PR	1 664100E 5640 OJECT	150n FOR APR	27, 1988 то л	л 07, 1989
	07602L	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA	07562L	071101	07015L	15103L	15406L	15901L
	nitrogen Dissolved	NITROGEN TOTAL	NITROGEN DISSOLVED	NITROGEN DISSOLVED	NITROGEN TYYPAL	PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE
Naus	N	AMMONIA	AMMONTA	NO3 & NO2	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL			(CALCD.)
ID		IN	AMMONIA N MG/L	MG/L	n MG/L	P MG/L 15(0)	P MG/L 15(0)	p MG/L
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW	MG/L 14(0) .344	14(4) L.010		14(0) .014	MG/L 14(0) .200 .760	15(0) .003		13(0)
HIGH	.824	.020		.288	.760	.017	.029	.001 .022
AVERAGE STD.DEV.	.482 .115	,014* .005*		.093 .100	.389 .157	.007	.014	.007 .006
PERCNT: 10TH	.388	L.010		.015	.200	.003	.004	.001
25TH MEDIAN 50TH	.430 .451	L.010 .010		.019 .043	.240 .380	.005 .007	.008 .014	.003 .006
75 TH	.500	.020		,126	-440	.009		
90TH SECONDARY CODE	.576	.020		.280	.560	.011 05L	.020 .028 21L	.008 .017
	26304L IRON	10401L RESIDUE	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL	00205L TOTAL	14102L SILICA	19451L RESIDUE	13303L ALUMINUM
	EXTRBLE,	NONFILTR.		DISSOLVED SOLIDS	DISSOLVED	REACTIVE	FILTERABLE	EXTRBLE.
MBUZ ID	FE MG/L	MG/L	NTU	(CALCD.) MG/L	MG/L	SIO2	MOA	AL MC/T
SAMPLES (FLAGS)	6(0)	15(0)	14(0)	14(0)	ENG/ LI	14(0)	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L 6(2)
Low High	.060 .440	.4 10.0	.6 8.9	173.0 327.5		4.95 8.60	169.0 323.0	L.010 .010
AVERAGE	.210	2.5	2.1	230.7		7.16	225.1	.010*
STD.DEV. PERCNT:19TH	.140	2.5 .8	2.1	52.5 179.3		1.18 5.42	52.7 170.0	.000*
25TH MEDIAN 50TH	,120 ,180	.8 1.6	1.2	181.5		6.41	180.0	L.010
			1.6	210.3		7.45	205.0	.010
75TH 90TH	.280	4.0 4.7	2.5 2.8	266.4 308.3		8.00 8.56	260.0 300.0	.010
SECONDARY CODE		07L				05L	200.0	

		48302L CADMIUM EXTRBLE.	29305L COPPER EXTRBLE.	82302L LEAD EXTRBLE.	56301L BARIUM EXTRBLE.	30305L ZINC EXTRBLE.	24302L CHROMIUM EXTRBLE.	27302L COBALT EXTRBLE.	33304L ARSENIC EXTRACTABLE
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV.	SUBM ID	CD MG/L 6(6) L.0010 L.0010	CU MG/L 6(5) L.001 .001 .001*	PB MG/L 6(6) L.0020 L.0020	BA MG/L 6(0) .170 .490 .272 .120	ZN MG/L 6 (0) .008 .023 .016	CR MG/L 6(4) L.001 .003 .001*	CO MG/L 6(5) L.001 .001* .000*	AS MG/L 6(1) L.0002 .0006 .0004* .0002*
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH		L.0010	L.001	ь.0020	.180	.010	L.001	L.001	.0003
MEDIAN 50TH		L.0010	L.001	L.0020	.240	.017	.001	L.001	.0004
90TH SECONDARY CODE		1,70010	3.001	1.0020	.310	.020	.002	2.001	.0008
* THESE STATIST STATION 00AL05B MCLEAN CREEK			53M 30S LONG.		PR 3 UTM 1 KANANASKIS PF	1 664100E 5640 ROJECT	150n FOR APR	27, 1988 TO M	AR 08, 1989
		80011L MERCURY TOTAL	800151, MERCURY TOTAL	06537L PHENOLIC MATERIAL	62021L COLOUR TRUE	08202L OXYGEN BIOCHEMICAL DEMAND-BOD	08301L OXYGEN TOTAL COD	06722L CHLOROPHYLL A EPILITHIC SUBSAMPLE	
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STO.DEV. PERCNT:10TH	SUBM ID	HG UG/L 6(6) L.050 L.050	HG MG/L	PHENOL MG/L 6(1) L.001 .003 .002* .001*	RED. UNITS 14(1) L5.000 40.000 19.286* 11.906* 5.000	O2 MG/L	02 MG/L 2{0} 20.00 28.00 24.00 5.66	(TEMPLATE) MG/M2	
MEDIAN 50TH		L.050		.001	20.000		24.00		
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE * THESE STATIST	ics in		FLAGGED WITH	,003	30.000 40.000				
STATION 00AL05B BRAGG CREEK JUNE 1988			56M 50S LONG.		PR 3 UTM 1	1 670250E 5646	550n FOR APR	27, 1988 то ма	R 08, 1989
	0	02061F EMPERATURE F WATER	10301F PH	10301L PH	02041F SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	02041L SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	08101F OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	08101L OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	02066F TEMPERATURE AIR
: Samples (Flags)	ID	DEG.C 14(0) 3	PH UNITS 13(0)	PH UNITS 14(0)	US/CM 13(0)	US/CM 14(0)	O2 MG/L 14(0)	O2 MG/L	DEG.C. 14(0)
LOW HIGH		14.4	7.0	7.12 8.42	224. 437.	276.0 494.0	$\frac{8.7}{12.9}$		-7. 17.
AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH		6.4 5.9 2	7.1	7.46	334.8 53.7 291.	374.0 73.7 308.0	10.74 1.50 8.8		10.3 5.4 ~6.
MEDIAN 50TH		1 5.9	7.2 7.5	7.77 8.04	313. 322.	314.0 358.5	9.2 11.10		-4. 10.5
75TH 90TH		$\begin{array}{c} 1\overline{2.0} \\ 14.1 \end{array}$	7.7	8.13 8.38	362. 413.	416.0 486.0	11.8		16.
ECONDARY CODE		14.1	7.6	6.38	413.	400.0	12.7 02F		17.
		10151L ALKALINITY PHENOL PHTHALEIN	10101L ALKALINITY TOTAL	06202L BICARBONT, (CALCD.)	06302L CARBONATE DISSOLVED	20103L CALCIUM DISSOLVED	12102L MAGNESIUM DISSOLVED	19103L POTASSIUM DISSOLVED	17203L CHLORIDE DISSOLVED
S AMPLES (FLAGS)	ID ID	CACO3 MG/L	CACO3 MG/L	нсоз мс/ь	CO3 MG/L	CA MG/L	MG/L	K MG/L	CL MG/L
LOW HIGH		14(13) L.10 6.00	14(0) 134.00 246.00	14(0) 163.4 300.0	14(13) L,5 7.2	14(0) 38.10 73.90	14(0) 8.50 16.80	14(0) ,89 1.80	14(0) 1.70 6.70
AVERAGE STD.DEV.		.52* 1.58*	186.79 36.98	226.7 46.1	1.0*	54.04 11.79	12.74 2.80	1.30	4.05 1.89
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH		L.10 L.10	157.00 158.00	180.4 191.4	L.5 L.5	43.50 44.20	9.90 10.30	1.00 1.10	2.10 2.40
MEDIAN 50TH 75TH 90TH		L.10 L.10 L.10	171.00 219.00 239.00	209.0 267.0 291.3	L.5 L.5 L.5	50.25 65.10 73.20	12.15 15.60 16.60	$\frac{1.15}{1.60} \\ 1.76$	3.45 6.40 6.60
						16306L	06005ե	06104L	07403L
		106037.	360111	360017.	001077				
ECONDARY CODE		10603L HARDNESS TOTAL	36011L COLIFORMS FECAL	36001L COLIFORMS TOTAL	09107L FLUORIDE DISSOLVED	SULPHATE DISSOLVED	CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC	CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC	NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.)
ECONDARY CODE	SUBM ID	HARDNESS	COLIFORMS FECAL MPN NO/100ML	COLIFORMS TOTAL MPN NO/100ML	FLUORIDE DISSOLVED F MG/L	SULPHATE DISSOLVED SO4 MG/L	CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC C MG/L	CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC C MG/L	NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.) N MG/L
ECONDARY CODE		HARDNESS TOTAL CACO3 MG/L	COLIFORMS FECAL MPN	COLIFORMS TOTAL MPN	FLUORIDE DISSOLVED F MG/L 14(0) ,10	SULPHATE DISSOLVED S04 MG/L 14(0) 5.90	CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC C MG/L 14(0) 3.00	CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC C MG/L 14(0) 2.50	NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.) N MG/L 14(2) .190
ECONDARY CODE S AMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD. DEV.		HARDNESS TOTAL CACO3 MG/L 14(0) 130.24 253.90 187.52 40.35	COLIFORMS FECAL MPN NO/100ML 20(2) L4. 500. 84.3* 123.1*	COLIFORMS TOTAL MPN NO/100ML 20(1) 8. 1200. 230.0* 301.7*	FLUORIDE DISSOLVED F MG/L 14(0) .10 .16 .12 .92	SULPHATE DISSOLVED S04 MG/L 14(0) 5.90 18.80 11.24 4.21	CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC C MG/L 14 (0) 3.00 7.60 4.90 1.38	CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC C MG/L 14(0) 2.50 7.30 4.55 1.48	NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.) N MG/L 14(2) .190 .700 .333* .143*
ECONDARY CODE S AMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE		HARDNESS TOTAL CACO3 MG/L 14(0) 130.24 253.90 187.52	COLIFORMS FECAL MPN NO/100ML 20(2) L4. 500. 84.3*	COLIFORMS TOTAL MPN NO/100ML 20(1) 8. 1200. 230.0*	FLUORIDE DISSOLVED F MG/L 14(0) .10 .16 .12	SULPHATE DISSOLVED S04 MG/L 14(0) 5.90 18.80 11.24	CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC C MG/L 14(0) 3.00 7.60 4.90	CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC C MG/L 14(0) 2.50 7.30 4.55	NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.) N MG/L 14(2) .190 .700 .333*

STATION 00AL05BJ0400 LAT, 50D 56M 50S LONG, 114D 34M 35S PR 3 UTM 11 670250E 5646550N FOR APR 27, 1988 TO MAY 28, 1990 BRAGG CREEK JUNE 1988 NEAR MOUTH 07602L 07505L 07562L 07110L 07015L 151031. 15406L 15901T. NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2 N NITROGEN NUTROGEN NITROGEN NITROGEN TOTAL PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED PHOSPHORUS TOTAL PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE TOTAL AMMONIA DISSOLVED KJELDAHL Ν AIMONIA (CALCD.) SUBM N N Ŋ P MG/L 16(0) .004 .084 MG/L 14(0) MG/L 14(0) MG/L MCZE. MG/L MG/L 16(1) MG/L 14(0) .285 .797 .439 .147 Samples (Flags) 14(2) 16(1) 1,003 .012 .005* .003* L,010 .016 .284 .093 .200 .720 .346 .001 .072 .011 LOW .020 .013 HIGH AVERAGE .005 .146 .019 STD.DEV. .090 .0174 .289 .303 .426 PERCNT: 10TH ь.010 018 .240 .003 .005 .002 25TH MEDIAN 50TH .010 .004 .003 .290 .063 .005 .011 .005 75TH .511 .020 .111 .400 .006 .015 .009 .020 .240 .560 .009 .029 .023 SECONDARY CODE 051 211. 26304Ь 10401L 02074L 14102L 002011, 00205L 10451L 13303L TRON RESIDUE TURBIDITY TOTAL. TOTAL SILICA RESTRUC ALUMINUM EXTRBLE. DISSOLVED DISSOLVED REACTIVE FILTERABLE EXTRBLE. SOLIDS SOLIDS (CALCD.) MG/L 14(0) 156.4 FE 5102 SUBM MG/L 6(0) .070 .240 MG/L 14(0) 150.0 271.0 205.6 MG/L 14(0) 6.20 9.54 NTU MG/L MG/L SAMPLES (FLAGS) 16(1) 14(0) 6(1) L.010 .020 L.4 123.6 15.2* 32.6* LOW 118.0 11.2 31.0 280.2 212.0 RICH AVERAGE 8.18 -015 STD.DEV. .067 42.7 .98 42.1 .005* 1.2 6.50 7.70 PERCNT: 10TH 1.6 172.2 179.5 170.0 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 170.0 .200 2.8 197.8 8.20 191.0 .015 75TB .240 $\overline{6.2}$ 3.0 8.95 240.0 270.0 246.3 .020 15.0 61. 277.3 9.22 SECONDARY CODE 071 05% 48302L CADMIUM 29305L 82302L 56301L 30305L 24302L 27302L 33304E COPPER LEAD BARTUM ZINC CHROMIUM COBALT ARSENIC EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. EXTRACTABLE EXTRBLE. BA MG/L 6(0) .140 .190 .162 .021 CD CU SUBM PB ZN CR co MG/L 6(6) L.0010 MG/L 6(3) L.001 MG/L 6(4) L.001 IĐ MG/L MG/L 6(3) MG/L 6(6) MG/L 6(2) 6(6) F.0050 SAMPLES (FLAGS) L.0002 .0006 .0004 LOW L.001 L.001 .002 .001* .003 .001 RIGH L.0010 L.0020 L.001 AVERAGE STD.DEV. .000 .001* .000 .0002* PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH L.0010 L.001 L.0020 L.001 .001* L.001 L.0002 .001* L.0010 L.0020 .160 T., 001 L. 001 .0004 75TH L.0010 .001 L.0020 .180 .001 .001 L.001 .0006 SECONDARY CODE THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L, GOR Q STATION 00AL05BJ0400 LAT. 50D 56M 50s LONG. 114D 34M 35s PR 3 UTM 11 670250E 5646550N FOR APR 27, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989 BRAGG CREEK JUNE 1988 NEAR MOUTH 80011L 80015L 06537L 02021L08202L 08301L 06722L CHLOROPHYLL A EPILITHIC SUBSAMPLE COLOUR OXYGEN BIOCHEMICAL MERCURY MERCURY PHENOLIC OXYGEN TOTAL MATERIAL TOTAL COD DEMAND-BOD (TEMPLATE) MG/M2 SUBM HG HG PHENOL 02 02 02 MG/L 2(0) 15.00 23.00 UG/L 6(6) MG/L MG/L 6(1) REL. UNITS MG/L SAMPLES (FLAGS) L5.000 40.000 15.000* LOW L.050 L.001 HIGH AVERAGE L.050 .002 .001 19,00 STD.DEV. .000* 10.561* 5.66 PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 5.000 L.050 L.050 .001 .001 10.000 19.00 75тн L.050 20.000 .001 90TH 30.000 SECONDARY CODE THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES PLAGGED WITH L, GOR Q STATION 00AL05BJ0300 LAT. 50D 0M 15S LONG. 114D 13M 20S PR 3 UTM 11 699050E 5542550N FOR APR 26, 1988 TO MAR 09, 1989 LOTT CREEK JUNE 1988 HTUOM TA 02061F 10301F 10301L 02041F 02041L 08101F 02066F 08101L TEMPERATURE PH SPECIFIC SPECIFIC TEMPERATURE PR OXYGEN OXYGEN OF WATER CONDUCT. CONDUCT. DISSOLVED DISSOLVED AIR DO 02 DO SUBM PH UNITS DEG.C PH UNITS ID US/CM US/CM MG/L MG/L DEG. C 14(0) .0 15.1 9(0) 6.8 7.6 14(0) 7.25 8.31 10 (0) 279. 461. 14(0) 398.0 456.0 13(0) 6.2 12.0 SAMPLES (FLAGS) 14(0) HIGH ~10. 21. 7.3 5.4 353.1 51.1 302.0 441.3 14.9 431.0 AVERAGE 9.37 11.7 STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 6.3 7.52 7.68 6.2 7.1 9.5 6.9 7.4 25TH 1.2 326 MEDIAN 50TH 8.6 7.95 340.5 443.0 13.5 75TH 11.3 7.6 8.08 366. 453.0 $1\overline{1.3}$ 15. 437.5 12.0 02F 90714 13.3 SECONDARY CODE

	10151L	10101ը	06202L	06302L	20103L	12102L	19103L	17203L
	ALKALINITY PHENOL PHTHALEIN	ALKALINITY TOTAL	BICARBONT, (CALCD.)	CARBONATE DISSOLVED	CALCIUM DISSOLVED	MAGNESIUM DISSOLVED	POTASSIUM DISSOLVED	CHLORIDE DISSOLVED
SUBM ID	CACO3 MG/L	CACO3 MG/L	HCO3 MG/L	CO3	ca Mg/L	MG MG/L	K MG/L	CL MG/L
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH	14(14) L.10	14(0) 159.00	14(0) 193.8	14 (14) L.5	14(0) 53.00	14(0) 15.60	14(0) .85	14(0)
AVERAGE STD.DEV.	L.10	186.00 174.29 7.33	226.7 212.5 8.9	L.5	71.10 63.09 4.86	18.50 16.96 ,86	1.20 .97	3.20 2.13
PERCNT:10TH 25TH	L.10 L.10	167.00 169.00	203.6 206.0	L.5 L.5	56.20 60.00	15.60 16.40	.10 .85 .88	.58 1.50 1.80
MEDIAN 50TH	L.10	175.00	213.3	L.5	63.75	17.20	.97	2.00
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	L.10 L.10	178.00 183.00	217.0 223.1	L.5 L.5	66.20 68.70	17.50 17.90	1.00	2.40 3.10
	10603L HARDNESS TOTAL	36011L COLIFORMS FECAL	36001L COLIFORMS TOTAL	09107L FLUORIDE DISSOLVED	16306L SULPHATE DISSOLVED	06005L CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC	06104L CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC	07403L NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.)
SUBM ID	CACO3 MG/L	MPN NO/100ML	MPN NO/100ML	F MG/L	SO4 MG/L	C MG/L	C MG/L	N MG/L
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH	14(0) 202.88 251.43	20(2) L4. 168.	20(1) 4. 770.	14(0) .25 .32	14(0) 44.70 68.50	14(0) 1.00	14{0} -40	14(0) .150
AVERAGE STD.DEV.	227.51 14.41	58.2* 51.8*	184.6* 215.0*	.28 .02	57.59 7.91	2.60 1.81 .52	2.30 1.57 .53	.620 .233 .118
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	208.00 216.96	6.0 14.0	11.0* 60.0	.26 .27	45.20 51.20	1.10 1.20	1.00	.160 .180
MEDIAN 50TH	228.15	38.0	124.0	.28	59.40	1.90	1.70	.200
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	237.71 244.60 05L	104.0 135.0	164.0 610.0	.30	63.50 65.50	$\frac{2.20}{2.30}$	2.00 2.10	.230 .300
STATION 00AL05BJ0300 LOTT CREEK JUNE 1988		OM 15s LONG. AT M		PR 3 UTM 11	1 699050E 5542	550N FOR APR	26, 1988 то мя	AY 28, 1990
	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2	070151 NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	15901L PROSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.)
SUBM	MG/L	N MG/L	N MG/L	N MG/L	N MG/L	P MG/L	P MG/L	P MG/L
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW	14(2) .217	14(0) .010		14(2) L.003	14(0)	16(0)	16(0) .013	16(0)
HIGH AVERAGE	.658 .348*	.100 .051		.120 .063*	.640 .284	.019 .013	.029 .022	.013 .009
STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH	.118* .228	.033		.043* 1.003	.112 .200	.004 .006	.005 .016	.003
25TH MEDIAN 50TH	Q.243 .344	.020 .055		.028 .067	.240 .260	.010 .014	.018 .022	.007 .010
75TH 90TH	.400	.080		.194	.280	.016	.026	.012
SECONDARY CODE		.100		.112	.500	05L	21L	.012
	26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SUBM ID	FE MG/L	MG/L	NTU	(CALCD.) MG/L	MG/L	SIO2 MG/L	MG/L	AL MG/L
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW	6(0) .040	16(0) .8	14(0)	14(0) 237.1	,	14(0) 3.15	14(0) 230.0	6(1) L.010
HIGH AVERAGE	.130	7.9 3.6	5.2 1.6	276.1 253.8		6.20 4.73	270.0 250.4	.030 .015*
STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH	.034	$\substack{2.1\\1.2}$	1.3	11.8 239.2		,95 3,46	11.4 240.0	.008*
25TH MEDIAN 50TH	.070 .110	2.0 3.4	.7 1.2	246.4 252.1		4.07 4.52	240.0 250.0	.010 .010
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	.120	7. 07L	1.8	257.8 273.8		5.55 6.00 05L	256.0 270.0	.020
	48302L CADMIUM EXTRBLE.	29305L COPPER EXTRBLE.	82302L LEAD EXTRBLE.	56301L BARIUM EXTRBLE.	30305L ZINC EXTRBLE.	24302L CHROMIUM EXTRBLE.	27302L COBALT EXTRBLE.	33304L ARSENIC EXTRACTABLE
SUBM ID	CÐ MG/L	CU MG/L	PB MG/L	BA	ZN	CR	CO	AS
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW	6(6) L.0010	€(5) L.001	6(5) L,0020	MG/L 6(0) .080	MG/L 6(2) L.001	MG/L 6(6) L.001	MG/L 6(5) L.001	MG/L 5(0) .0003
HIGH AVERAGE	ь.0010	.001 .001*	.0020 .0020*	.100	.008	L.001	.002	.0030
STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH		.000*	.0000*	.009	.003*		.000*	.0012
25TH MEDIAN 50TH	L.0010 L.0010	L.001 L.001	L.0020 L.0020	.080	L.001 .001	L.001 L.001	L.001 L.001	.0003
75TH	L.0010	L.001	L.0020	.100	.001	1.001	L.001	.0007
90TH SECONDARY CODE * THESE STATISTICS IN	CLUDE VALUES	FLAGGED WITH L	,GOR Q					

^{*} THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L, GOR Q

STATION 00AL05EJ0300 LAT. 50D 0M 15S LONG. 114D 13M 20S PR 3 UTM 11 699050E 5542550N FOR APR 26, 1988 TO MAR 09, 1989 LOTT CREEK AT MOUTH

JUNE 1988								
		80011L	80015L	06537L	02021L	08202L	08301上	06722L
		MERCURY	MERCURY	PHENOLIC	COLOUR	OXYGEN	OXYGEN	CHLOROPHYLL
		TOTAL	TOTAL	MATERIAL	TRUE	BIOCHEMICAL DEMAND-BOD	TOTAL COD	A EPILITHIC SUBSAMPLE
	SUBM	HG	HG	PHENOL		02	02	(TEMPLATE)
	ID	UG/L	MG/L	MG/L	REL, UNITS	MG/I,	MG/L	MG/M2
SAMPLES (FLAGS)		6(6)		6(2)	14(6)	1(0)	2(0)	
FOM		1,050		L.001	£5,000	.40	5.00	
HIGH		L.050		.006	10.000	.40	10.00	
AVERAGE				.002*	6.786*		7.50	
STD.DEV.				.002*	2.486*		3.54	
PERCNT: 10TH					L5.000			
25TH		ъ.050		L.001	15.000			
MEDIAN 50TH		L.050		.001	5.000		7.50	
75TH		L.050		.002	10,000			
90TH					10,000			
SECONDARY CODE								

SECONDARY CODE * THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L,GOR $\boldsymbol{\varrho}$

STATION 00AL05BJ0600 LAT. 50D 47M 20s LONG, 114D 52M 15s PR 3 UTM 11 650100E 5628300N FOR APR 27, 1988 TO JAN 04, 1989 LITTLE ELBOW RIVER NEAR MOUTH JUNE 1988 02061F 10301F 10301L 02041F 020411 08101F 081011. 02066F TEMPERATURE PH PH SPECIFIC CONDUCT. SPECIFIC CONDUCT. OXYGEN DISSOLVED TEMPERATURE DISSOLVED AIR DO DO SUBM 02 02 PH UNITS 11(0) 7.0 7.7 ID neg.c PH UNITS US/CM 12(0) MG/L MG/L DEG.C. 12(0) SAMPLES (FLAGS) 12(0) -5. 17.0 12(0) 7.10 12(0) 12(0) 8.9 4.5 2.7 9.9 12.7 10.90 211. 398. 242.0 403.0 LOW HIGH AVERAGE 8.25 312.0 337.2 9.8 1,04 STD.DEV. 54.9 47.1 6.1 .5 2.5 5.2 7.2 7.5 7.6 PERCNT: 10TH 7.29 7.37 227. 277.0 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 282.5 308.0 10.00 1.0 7.66 320.5 346.0 10,50 11.5 7.7 75тн $\frac{6.0}{7.2}$ 7.87 11.80 349.0 376.5 15.5 90TH 8.24 363. 383.0 12,5 16.0 SECONDARY CODE 02F 10151L 101011 06202L 06302L 20103L 12102L 191031 172031 POTASSIUM DISSOLVED ALKALINITY ALKALINITY BICARBONT. CARRONATE CALCIUM MAGNESIUM PHENOI DISSOLVED DISSOLVED DISSOLVED DISSOLVED PHTHALEIN SUBM CACO3 HCO3 CACO3 CO3 CA MC MG/L 12(0) 104.00 120.00 114.17 MG/L 12(0) 35.20 56.30 47.59 1D MG / T. MG/L 12(0) MG/L 12(12) MG/L 12(0) MG/L 12(3) SAMPLES (FLAGS) 12(12) 12(0) 126.8 146.3 139.2 L.5 10.10 .25 .35 L.01 .50 .22* LOW L.10 HIGH L.10 AVERAGE 13.60 STD. DEV. 4.97 108.00 111.50 6.1 131.7 135.9 6.62 2.32 11.30 11.80 .03 L.10 L.10 L.10 PERCNT: 10TH 40.70 ь.01 25TH MEDIAN 50TH L.5 L.5 .30 42,65 .06 47.85 114.00 139.0 13.25 .30 .25 75TH L.5 L.5 53.50 55.70 L.10 118.50 15.85 .33 .30 90TH L.10 120.00 146.3 16.90 .35 .40 SECONDARY CODE 10603L 36011L 36001L 091071 163061. 060051. 061041. 07403L CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC HARDNESS COLIFORMS COLIFORMS TOTAL FLUORIDE DISSOLVED SULPHATE CARBON DISSOLVED NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. TOTAL FECAL (CALCD.) ORGANIC C MG/L 12(2) C MG/L 12(3) N MG/L 12(10) SUBM CACO3 MPN MPN 204 804 MG/L 12(0) 24.40 88.00 58.93 21.83 40.00 MG/L 12(0) 129.57 210.31 NO/100ML 12(9) NO/100ML 12(9) MG/L 12(0) SAMPLES (FLAGS) L.10 1.70 .76* L.10 1.20 .64* Q.050 Q.270 .118* .17 LOW L4. L4. 110. 5.3* 2.5* 5.7* 2.5* .33 .26 .04 HIGH 174.96 25.92 149.51 AVERAGE STD.DEV. .072* PERCNT: 10TH 1.4 ,22 .24 L.10 L.10 .15* 154.57 174.17 L4.0 .20 .070 MEDIAN SOTH L4.0 L4.0 .26 52.20 .65 .080 6.0 8.0 75TH 198.98 .29 1.25 1.10.160 209.22 LIO. L10. .30 85.00 1.40 1.20 O.230 SECONDARY CODE 05L STATION 00AL05BJ0600 LITTLE ELBOW RIVER LAT. 50D 47M 20S LONG. 114D 52M 15S UTM 11 650100E 5628300N FOR APR 27, 1988 TO JAN 04, 1989 PR 3 NEAR MOUTH JUNE 1988 07602L 07505L 07562L 07110L 07015L 15103L 15406L 15901T-NITROGEN NITROGEN TOTAL PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED PHOSPHORUS TOTAL PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE NITROGEN NITROGEN NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA DISSOLVED DISSOLVED DISSOLVED AMMONIA KJELDAHL NO3 & NO2 (CALCD.) SUBM N N Ŋ P MG/L MG/L 12(10) MG/L 12(0) ID MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L 12(10) SAMPLES (FLAGS) 12(0) 12(0) 12(5) 12(10) .172 .092 .060 .280 .128 .072 L.003 .008 .003* L.003 .048 .007* Q.000 .040 .004* LOW L.010 .375 .242 .072 .172 .010 .010* .000* .136 .114 .015 HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. .001* .013* .011* .080 L.003 PERCNT: 10TH L.010 .093 Q.000 .184 L.003 .000 MEDIAN SOTH ь,010 .115 .090 L.003 .003 .000 75TH .279 .129 L.010 .170 L.003 .004 .001 .010 .131 .240 .003 .006 0.003 SECONDARY CODE 26304L 10401L 02074L 00201L 00205L 14102L 10451L 133031 IRON RESIDUE TURBIDITY TOTAL DISSOLVED TOTAL DISSOLVED SILICA REACTIVE RESIDUE FILTERABLE ALUMINUM EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. NONFILTR. SOLIDS SOLIDS SUBM FE (CALCD.) 5102 ΑL MG/L 12(3) Q136.8 233.8 193.7* ID MG/L NTU MG/L MG/L 12(0) SAMPLES (FLAGS) 5(4) 12(2) 12(0) 135.0 230.0 191.4 5(2) L.010 .010 12(0) L.010 L.4 60.0 6.6* 16.9* 2.40 4.05 3.64 LOW HIGH .050 46.0 AVERAGE 4.4 .0104 STD. DEV. .018* 31.6 31,2* .000* L.4 PERCNT: 10TH 0165.9 25TH MEDIAN 50TH L.010 L.010 3,65 170.0 1.6 . 4 L.010 187.6 3.69 185.0 .010 75TH L.010 2.6 223.9 3.80 223.5 .010 90TH 6.0 3.90 230.0 SECONDARY CODE 05L

	48302L CADMIUM EXTRBLE.	29305L COPPER EXTRBLE.	82302L LEAD EXTRBLE.	56301L BARIUM EXTRBLE.	30305L ZINC EXTRBLE.	24302L CHROMIUM EXTRBLE.	27302L COBALT EXTRBLE.	33304L ARSENIC EXTRACTABLE
1D OBW	CD MG/L 5(5) L,0010 L,0010	CU MG/L 5(4) L.001 .002 .001*	PB MG/L 5(4) L.0020 .0030 .0022* .0004*	BA MG/L 5 (0) .020 .030 .026 .005	ZN MG/L 5(4) L.001 .002 .001*	CR MG/L 5(5) L.001 L.001	CO MG/L 5(4) L.001 .002 .001*	AS MG/L 5(3) L.0002 .0063 .0002*
	L.0010 L.0010	L,001 L,001	L.0020 L.0020	.020 .030	L.001 L.001	L.001 L.001	L.001 L.001	L.0002 L.0002
	L.0010	L.001	L.0020	.030	L.001	L.001	L.001	.0002
CS II	NCLUDE VALUES	FLAGGED WITH	L.GOR O					
0600 VER		47m 20s Long	. 114D 52M 15s	PR 3 UTM	11 650100E 5628	300n for Apr	27, 1988 то д	AN 04, 1989
	80011L MERCURY TOTAL	80015L MERCURY TOTAL	06537L PHENOLIC MATERIAL	02021L COLOUR TRUE	08202L OXYGEN BIOCHEMICAL DEMAND-BOD	08301L OXYGEN TOTAL COD	06722L CHLOROPHYLL A EPILITHIC SUBSAMPLE	
UBM ID	HG UG/L 5(5) L.050 L.050	HG MG/L	PHENOL MG/L 5(3) L.001 .002 .001* .000*	REL, UNITS 12(6) 15.000 10.000 7.083* 2.575* L5.000 L5.000	O2 MG/L	02 MG/L 2(1) L5.00 12.00 8.50* 4.95*	(TEMPLATE) MG/M2	
	L.050		L.001	5.000*		8.50*		
	L,050		.001	10.000 10.000				
0800		ABOV	E COBBLE FLATS					
o	EMPERATURE	PH	PH	SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	02066F TEMPERATURE AIR
ip	DEG.C 12(0) 1.4 7.9 5.2 2.2 1.7 3.6 5.7	PH UNITS 10(0) 6.8 7.9 7.10 7.6 7.65	PH UNITS 12(0) 7.06 8.36 7.07 7.32 7.65	US/CM 12(0) 230. 391. 305.3 52.9 237. 257.0	US/CM 12(0) 251.0 381.0 327.6 38.8 287.0 303.0	MG/L 12(0) 9.4 12.6 10.65 .98 9.6 9.90 10.40	MG/L	DEG.C. 12(0) -3. 16.0 9.4 5.6 -2. 1.5
	7.0 7.2	7.8 7.85	8.01 8.24	340.5 379.	361.5 372.0	11.40 11.9 02F		14.5 15.0
	PHENOL PHTHALEIN	10101L ALKALINITY TOTAL	06202L BICARBONT. {CALCD.}	06302L CARBONATE DISSOLVED	20103L CALCIUM DISSOLVED	12102L MAGNESIUM DISSOLVED	19103L POTASSIUM DISSOLVED	17203L CHLORIDE DISSOLVED
JBM (D	CACO3 MG/L 12(11) L.10 4.30 .45^ 1.21* L.10 L.10 L.10 L.10 L.10	CACO3 MG/L 12(0) 109.00 125.00 118.75 4.92 112.00 115.50 120.00	HCO3 MG/L 12(0) 129.7 152.4 143.9 7.3 132.9 139.0 146.3	CO3 MG/L 12(11) L.5 5.2 .9* 1.3* L.5 L.5 L.5 L.5	CA MG/L 12{0} 36.30 55.60 47.15 5.98 40.90 42.05 47.90 52.40 54.20	MG MG/L 12(0) 10.40 16.30 13.02 1.97 10.90 11.30 12.65	K MG/L 12(0) .30 .38 .34 .03 .30 .31 .35	CL MG/L 12(2) 1.01 .70 .31* L.01 .15 .30
	10603L HARDNESS TOTAL	36011L COLIFORMS FECAL	36001L COLIFORMS TOTAL	09107L FLUORIDE DISSOLVED	16306L SULPHATE DISSOLVED	06005L CARBON TOTAL	06104L CARBON DISSOLVED	07403L NITROGEN TOTAL ORG.
/BM D	CACO3 MG/L 12 (0) 133.56 206.09 171.45 22.82 147.11 151.64 172.61	MPN NO/100ML 12(10) L4. L10. 4.5* 1.7* L4. L4.0 L4.0	MPN NO/100ML 12(8) L4. 16. 7.0 ⁴ 4.8* L4. L4. L4.0	F MG/L 12(0) .16 .30 .26 .04 .19 .24	804 MG/L 12(0) 24.80 80.00 51.25 18.63 33.30 37.15 45.15	ORGANIC C MG/L 12(2) L.10 1.70 .88* .61* L.10 .30	ORGANIC C MG/L 12(2) L.10 1.40 .70* .48* L.10 .20 .80	(CALCD.) N MG/L 12 (9) Q.050 Q.310 .125* .076* Q.070 .070
	CS IN OGOOD VER UBM ID CS IN OBOOD TO CS IN OBOOD TO CS IN OBOOD TO CS IN OBO CS IN OBJECT OF CS I	CADMIUM EXTRBLE. SUBM CD ID MG/L 5(5) 10010 1.0010 1.0010 L.0010 L.0010 L.0010 CS INCLUDE VALUES 0600 LAT. 50D WER 80011L MERCURY TOTAL UBM HG ID UG/L 5(5) 1.050 1.050 1.050 CS INCLUDE VALUES 0800 LAT. 50D 02061F TEMEERATURE OF WATER UBM ID DEG.C 12(0) 1.4 7.9 5.2 2.2 1.7 3.6 5.7 7.0 7.2 10151L ALKALINITY PHENOL PHTHALEIN CACO3 MG/L 12(1) 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.	CADMIUM COPPER EXTRBLE. SUBM CD CU JO LO CU JO LO CU JO CU	CADMIUM COPPER LEAD	CADMIUM COPPER LEAD EXTRELE. EXTRE	CADMINE EXTRELE. EXTREL. EXTRELE. EXTRE	CAMMIUM COPPER EXPAND EXPENDED EXP	CAMMINIS

STATION 00AL05BJ0800 LAT. 50D 48M 50S LONG. 114D 47M 50S PR 3 UTM 11 655200E 5631200N FOR APR 27, 1988 TO JAN 04, 1989 ABOVE COBBLE FLATS ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1988 076021 07505ኬ 07562L 07110L 07015L 15103L 15406L 15901L NITROGEN NITROGEN NITROGEN NITROGEN NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS PHOSPHORUS PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE TOTAL AMMONIA DISSOLVED AMMONIA DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2 TOTAL KJELDAHL DISSOLVED DISSOLVED TOTAL (CALCD.) SUBM N N N N MG/L 12(0) MG/L 12(9) MG/L 12(4) MG/L 12(9) MG/L MCI/T. MG/L MG/T 12(0) .170 12(9) L.010 SAMPLES (FLAGS) 12(0) .060 .320 .135 L,003 030 .006* 0.000 .027 .003* LOW .090 1.003 .421 .249 .078 .010 .010* .000* .148 .003 .003* HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. .076 .018 .008* .008* PERCNT: 10TH .174 L.010 .094 .080 1...003 L.003 Q.000 .000 L.010 L.010 .102 .080 L.003 25 TH L.003 MEDIAN 50TH .232 .004 .001 75TH .010* .005 .305 .129 .190 .003* .002 .010 Q.003 SECONDARY CODE 00201L 26304L 104011, 020741 00205L 14102L 13303L RESIDUE TURBIDITY IRON TATOT TOTAL SILICA RESIDUE ALUMINUM EXTRBLE. NONFILTR. DISSOLVED DISSOLVED REACTIVE FILTERABLE EXTRBLE. SOLIDS (CALCD.) SOLIDS SUBM FE S102 AL MG/L 5(3) L.010 .010 .010* MG/L 5(3) L.010 MG/L 12(2) 0151.0 10 MG/fi נדינא MG/L MG/T. MG/T. MG/L 12(0) 140.0 230.0 185.8 27.5 SAMPLES (FLAGS) 12(1) 12(0) 12(0) L.4 45.2 5.0* 12.7* 2.62 4.94 LOW ,010 .010* .000* 41.0 228.3 HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. 3.9 188.2* 26.2* 3.88 .51 3.75 3.80 .000* .3 PERCNY: LOTH . 4 Q161.2 167.5 160.0 165.0 25TH MEDIAN 50TH L.010 L.010 167.5 183.1 1.3 3.90 185.0 L.010 75TH $\widetilde{2.6}$ 1.8 $\begin{array}{r} \overline{214.6} \\ 222.5 \end{array}$ 4.01 210.0 .010 .010 4.10 SECONDARY CODE 051. 48302L 29305L 82302L 30305L 56301L 24302L 27302L 33304L CADMIUM COPPER LEAD BARIUM ZINC CHROMIUM COBALT ARSENTO EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. EXTRBLE. EXTRACTABLE SUBM CD ZN ¢υ PB BA CR ÇO AS MG/L 5(5) L.0010 MG/L 5(3) L.001 MG/L 5(4) L.001 MG/L 5(4) L.0002 TD MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L 5(4) L.001 5(4) L.0020 5 (0) .030 5(4) L.001 SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW .001 .001* .000* L.0010 .001 .0020 .030 .002 .002 .0002 .001* .0002* AVERAGE .0014 -0020* 0.30 .001 STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH .000* .0000* .000 .000* L.001 L.001 L.001 L.001 L.001 L.0002 L.0002 2598 1..0010 T. 001 Tc. 0020 030 MEDIAN SOTH L.0010 .030 75TH T. 0010 1..001 I. 0020 0.30 .001 L.001 L.001 L. 0002 SECONDARY CODE THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L.GOR O STATION 00AL05BJ0800 LAT. 50D 48M 50S LONG. 114D 47M 50S PR 3 UTM 11 655200E 5631200N FOR APR 27, 1988 TO JAN 04, 1989 BLBOW RIVER ABOVE COBBLE FLATS JUNE 1988 80011L 80015L 02021L 08202L 08301L 06722L MERCURY MERCURY PHENOLIC COLOUR OXYGEN OXYGEN CHLOROPHYLL A EPILITHIC SUBSAMPLE TOTAL TOTAL TRUE BIOCHEMICAL TOTAL COD DEMAND-BOD SUBM HG PHENOI. 02 HG 02 (TEMPLATE) 02 MG/L 1(0) 7.00 7.00 UG/L 5(5) L.050 REL. UNITS 12(6) 15.000 ID MG/L MG/L 5(3) MG/L MG/M2 SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW L.001 20.000 7.917* 4.502* итси 1.050 .002 AVERAGE STD.DEV. .000 L5.000 L5.000 5.000* PERCNT: 10TH L.050 L.050 25TH MEDIAN 50TH ь.001 L.001 75TH L.050 .001 10.000 90TH 10.000 SECONDARY CODE THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L, GOR Q STATION 00AL05BJ0900 LAT. 50D 54M OS LONG, 114D 40M 55S PR 3 UTM 11 663000E 5641050N FOR APR 27, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989 ELBOW RIVER KANANASKIS PROJECT AT ALLEN BILL POND 02061F 10301F 10301L 02041F 020411 08101F 081011. 02066F SPECIFIC CONDUCT. SPECIFIC CONDUCT. TEMPERATURE PH TEMPERATURE OF WATER DISSOLVED DISSOLVED AIR no no O2 MG/L SUBM PH UNITS PH UNITS ID US/CM US/CM MG/L DEG.C. 14(0) 7.18 8.51 14 (0) 258. 415. 14(0) 262.0 412.0 14(0) 9.6 13.2 14(0) -5. 17.0 SAMPLES (FLAGS) 14(0) 14(0) 8.7 6.9 7.9 HIGH 9.5 5.3 ~5. 4.8 AVERAGE 362.4 39.4 330.0 351.1 11.06 STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 38.6 303. 1.25 9.7 7.5 7.7 7.75 7.30 7.64 7.77 10.0 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 335. 341.0 6.0 348.5 365.0 10.65 10.5 75**TH** 8.3 7.8 8.32 380. 386.0 12.3 14. 90TH 406 0 12.8 SECONDARY CODE 028

	10151L ALKALINITY PHENOL PHTHALEIN	10101L ALKALINITY TOTAL	06202L BICARBONT. (CALCD.)	06302L CARBONATE DISSOLVED	20103L CALCIUM DISSOLVED	12102L MAGNESIUM DISSOLVED	19103L POTASSIUM DISSOLVED	17203L CHLORIDE DISSOLVED
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH		CACO3 MG/L 14(0) 111.00 138.00 127.93 6.92 122.00 124.00 129.50	HCO3 MG/L 14(0) 134.6 168.2 154.1 10.7 135.3 149.0	CO3 MG/L 14(12) 5.5 7.0 1.4* 2.2* L.5 L.5	CA MG/L 14(0) 39.40 63.30 52.60 6.09 46.40 48.00 52.60	MG MG/L 14(0) 10.80 17.50 14.54 1.89 12.50 13.40 14.15	R MG/L 14(0) .20 .65 .41 .10 .35 .38	CL MG/L 14(0) .40 1.10 .61 .20 .40 .50
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	L.10 5.00	133.00 135.00	162.0 164.6	L.5 6.0	57.10 57.80	16.30 16.40	.43	.70 .80
	10603L HARDNESS TOTAL	36011L COLIFORMS FECAL	36001L COLIFORMS TOTAL	09107L FLUORIDE DISSOLVED	16306L SULPHATE DISSOLVED	06005L CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC	06104L CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC	07403L NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.)
SUBM ID SAMPLES (PLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	CACO3 MG/L 14(0) 142.95 230.28 191.35 22.83 170.60 171.45 188.74	MPN NO/100ML 14 (11) 1.4 . 1.10 . 4.4* 1.6* 1.4 . 1.4 .	MFN NO/100ML 14(9) L4. 20. 7.6* 5.7* L4. L4. L4.0	F MG/L 14 (0) .20 .39 .32 .05 .28 .30	804 MG/L 14{0} 29.20 80.50 60.64 16.36 43.10 48.10 57.05	C MG/L 14(2) L.10 1.80 .93* .53* L.10 .70	C MG/L 14(2) L.10 1.60 .78* .46* L.10 .60	N MG/L 14(12) Q.070 Q.390 .141* .092* .090 Q.090
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	210.00 212.00 05L	4.	L10. 16.	.34	77.00 79.00	1.25 1.60	1.10 1.50	Q.170 Q.290
STATION 00AL05BJ0900 ELBOW RIVER KANANASKIS PROJECT	LAT. 50D	54M 0s Long. AT A	114D 40M 55s LLEN BILL POND	PR 3 UTM 1	1 663000E 5641	050N FOR APR	27, 1988 то д	JN 07, 1989
Meus	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.)
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCHT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	MG/L 14(0) .169 .481 .245 .097 .172 .186 .206	N MG/L 14(12) L.010 .010* .000* L.010 L.010 L.010	N MG/L	N MG/L 14(0) .069 .135 .094 .019 .072 .079	N MG/L 14(0) .080 .400 .151 .092 .100 .110	P MG/L 15(11) L.003 .022 .004* .005* L.003 L.003	P MG/L 15(4) L.003 .082 .011* .021* L.003 L.003	P MG/L 15(11) Q.000 .077 .007* .020* Q.000 Q.000
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	.259	L.010 .010		.106	.180	.003 .005 05L	.005 .034 21L	Q.002 .012
	26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD. DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	FE MG/L 6(0) .010 .030 .018 .010 .015 .030	MG/L 15(3) L.4 135.0 11.3* 34.3* L.4 2.0	NTU 14 (0) 2 110.0 8.5 29.2 .2 .3 .5	(CALCD.) MG/L 14(0) 151.8 249.8 211.2 27.0 185.2 197.3 207.5	MG/L	SIO2 MG/L 14(0) 2.75 4.50 4.12 .41 4.05 4.10 4.20	MG/L 14(0) 150.0 250.0 208.4 27.1 180.0 190.0 205.0	AL MG/L 6(5) L.010 .010 .010* .000* L.010 L.010 L.010
90TH SECONDARY CODE		7. 07L	2.2	238.4		4.40 05L	235.0	B.010
	48302L CADMIUM EXTRBLE,	29305L COPPER EXTRBLE.	82302L LEAD EXTRBLE.	56301L BARIUM EXTRBLE.	30305L ZINC EXTRBLE.	24302L CHROMIUM EXTRBLE.	27302L COBALT EXTRBLE.	33304L ARSENIC EXTRACTABLE
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH	CD MG/L 6(5) L.0010 .0010 .0010* .0000*	CU MG/L 6(3) L.001 .002 .001*	PB MG/L 6 (5) L.0020 .0030 .0022* .0004*	BA MG/L 6(0) .040 .050 .043	ZN MG/L 6(2) L.001 .025 .005*	CR MG/L 6(4) L.001 .002 .001*	CO MG/L 6{5} L.001 .001 .001*	AS MG/L 6(4) L.0002 .0002 .0002*
MEDIAN 50TH	L.0010 L.0010 L.0010	L,001 .001*	L.0020 L.0020	.040	L.001 .001	L.001 L.001	L.001 L.001	L.0002 L.0002
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE * THESE STATISTICS I		.002 FLAGGED WITH L	L,0020	.050	.002	.001	L.001	.0002

^{*} THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES PLAGGED WITH L,GOR Q

STATION 00AL05BJ0900 LAT. 50D 54M 0S LONG. 114D 40M 55S PR 3 UTM 11 663000E 5641050N FOR APR 27, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989 ELBOW RIVER AT ALLEN BILL POND KANANASKIS PROJECT 80011L 80015L 065371 020211 08202Ti 083011. 067221 MERCURY MERCURY PHENOLIC COLOUR OXYGEN BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN TOTAL COD CHLOROPHYLL A EPILITHIC TOTAL MATERIAL TOTAL DEMAND-BOD SUBSAMPLE SUBM ио HC PHENOT. 02 02 (TEMPLATE) UG/L 6(6) REL. UNITS 14(6) NG/1. MG/L 6(3) MG/L MG/L 1(0) MG/M2 SAMPLES (FLAGS) L.001 002 £5.000 10.000 6.00 LOW L.050 HIGH AVERAGE L.050 7.143* .001 STD. DEV. .000* PERCNT: 10TH L5.000 L.001 .001* L.050 25TH MEDIAN 50TH L5.000 L.050 5.000 75TH L.050 .001 10.000 90TB 10.000 SECONDARY CODE THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L, GOR Q STATION 00AL05BJ1600 LAT. 50D 57M 30S LONG. 114D 33M 30S PR 3 UTM 11 671500E 5647800N FOR APR 27, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1988 D/S OF BRAGG CREEK TOWN 10301L 02061F 103018 02066F TEMPERATURE 020416 020411. 081018 081011 TEMPERATURE OF WATER SPECIFIC SPECIFIC OXYGEN OXYGEN DISSOLVED CONDUCT. CONDUCT. DISSOLVED AIR DO 02 DO 02 SUBM ID DEG.C PH UNITS PH UNITS US/CM US/CM MG/L MG/L DEG.C. SAMPLES (FLAGS) 14(0) 13(0) 6.9 8.0 14(0) 7.18 14(0) 261. 414. 344.2 14(0) 266.0 426.0 367.4 14(0) 9.4 13.5 14(0) -11. 18. -.1 11.7 5.5 LOW 8.40 10.8 5.2 -9. AVERAGE 11,14 1.51 9.4 9.7 4.6 46.3 274. 41.6 STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 7.4 7.7 7.8 7.69 339.0 366.5 25TH 306 MEDIAN 50TH 5.8 349.0 11.15 10.5 75TH 7.9 $1\overline{1.0}$ 8.07 376. 12.7 15. 17. 404.0 9076 11.2 8.0 8.16 412 407.0 13.0 SECONDARY CODE 02F 10151L 10101L 062021 063021 201031 12102L 191031. 172031. ALKALINITY PHENOL ALKALINITY TOTAL BICARBONT. MAGNESIUM CALCIUM POTASSIUM CHLORIDE (CALCD.) DISSOLVED DISSOLVED DISSOLVED DISSOLVED DISSOLVED PHTHALEIN SURM CACO3 CACO3 нсо3 CO3 MG/L 14(0) 116.00 146.00 MG/L 14(13) MG/L 14(0) 10.80 17.40 14.59 ID MG/L 14(0) MG/L MG/L MG/L 14(13) MG/L SAMPLES (FLAGS) 14(0) 37.70 66.60 14(0) 14(0) L.5 5.8 .20 .53 LOW HIGH L.10 4.80 141.4 178.0 .60 1.90 .44* 1.26* 53.72 7.28 46.80 AVERAGE 134.43 163.0 .91 .33 1.4* L.5 L.5 10.7 144.3 1.97 STD. DEV. .08 PERCNT:10TH 25TH 128.00 128.00 .60 156.0 13.40 L.10 48.70 .42 .70 MEDIAN 50TH L.10 136.00 165.8 L.5 53.20 14.15 .45 .85 75ТН L.10 140.00 170.7 L.5 58.00 16.30 .48 1,00 90TH I.. 10 144.00 175.5 62.30 17.30 .50 SECONDARY CODE 106031. 360111 091071. 360015 163061. 0600St. 06104T. 074031. HARDNESS COLIFORMS COLIFORMS SULPHATE CARBON CARBON NITROGEN TOTAL FECAL TOTAL DISSOLVED DISSOLVED TOTAL DISSOLVED TOTAL ORG. ORGANIC ORGANIC (CALCD.) CACO3 MG/L 14(0) SUBM MON MPN C MG/L N MG/L NO/100ML MG/L 14(0) 28.30 76.50 NO/100ML MG/L MG/L ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) 14(2) L.10 1.90 14(13) 0.050 0.790 18(7) 18(5) 14(0) 14 (2) L.10 2.10 1.11* LOW 138.70 238.12 L2. 80. L2. .20 .37 AVERAGE 9.6 16.3* 26.6* 58.80 15.36 42.70 47.60 194.33 .31 .93* .57* .190* .196* 26.07 169.63 .60* L.10 STD. DEV. 18.5* .05 PERCNT: 10TH 25TH L2. L2. L.10 0.090 175.67 .90 1.00 .60 .85 L2. .30 Q.090 MEDIAN SOTH 190.99 2.0 6.0 .32 55.90 75тн 208.80 Lio. .33 73.50 1.40 1.25 20. 0.19090TH 226.96 20 .35 75.00 2.00 SECONDARY CODE 05L STATION 00AL05BJ1600 LAT. 50D 57M 30s LONG, 114D 33M 30s PR 3 UTM 11 671500E 5647800N FOR APR 27, 1988 TO MAY 28, 1990 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1988 D/S OF BRAGG CREEK TOWN 07602L 075051 07562L 07110r. 070151. 151031. 15406F-159011. NITROGEN DISSOLVED NITROGEN TOTAL NITROGEN DISSOLVED NITROGEN DISSOLVED NITROGEN TOTAL PHOSPHORUS PHOSPHORUS PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE DISSOLVED TOTAL AMMONTA NO3 & NO2 N N AMMONIA KJELDAHL (CALCD.) SURM N MG/L N MG/L P MG/L MG/L 10 MG/L MG/L MG/L 14(0) .050 .135 14(0) .060 .800 16 (11) .002 .005 16(5) L.003 .250 16(11) Q.000 .245 SAMPLES (FLAGS) 14(0) 14 (13) LOW .152 .935 L.010 .010 AVERAGE .010 .029* .026* .281 .081 .200 .003* STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH .210 .000* L.010 025 .001* .052 .100 L.003 L.003 0.000 .176 25TH L.010 .100 E. 003 L.003 .000 MEDIAN 50TH .202 L.010 .078 .120 L.003 .004 .001 75тн .286 L.010 .097 ,200 .003* .005 .002 90791 509 L.010 .005

05L

21L

SECONDARY CODE

				104				
	26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SUB SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STO.DEV. PERCNT: 1 OTH MEDIAN 50TH		MG/L 16(2) L.4 332.0 37.2* 96.2* L.4 .4	NTU 14 {0} .3 228.0 17.1 60.7 .3 .4	(CALCD.) MG/L 14 (0) 152.5 256.5 215.2 27.8 188.2 200.7 212.1	MG/L	SIO2 MG/L 14(0) 3.30 4.78 4.34 .34 4.25 4.30 4.35	MG/L 14(0) 150.0 250.0 212.4 26.8 190.0 200.0 210.0	AL MG/L 6(5) L.010 .010 .010* .000*
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	.020	4.8 224. 07L	1.2 2.9	236.1 245.9		4.40 4.70 05L	233.0 240.0	L.010
	48302L CADMIUM EXTRBLE.	29305L COPPER EXTRBLE.	82302L LEAD EXTRBLE.	56301L BARIUM EXTRBLE.	30305L ZINC EXTRBLE.	24302L CHROMIUM EXTRBLE.	27302L COBALT EXTRBLE.	33304L Arsenic Extractable
SUB: SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10 TH		CU MG/L 6(5) L.001 .001* .000*	PB MG/L 6 {5} 1.0020 .0020 .0020* .0000*	BA MG/L 6(0) .040 .060 .050	ZN MG/L 6(2) 1.001 .002 .001* .000*	CR MG/L 6{2} L.001 .005 .002*	CO MG/L 6 {6} L.001 L.001	AS MG/L 6(4) L.0002 .0002 .0002* .0000*
25TH MEDIAN 50TH	L.0010 L.0010	L.001 L.001	L.0020 L.0020	.050 .050	L.001 .001	L.001 .001	L.001 L.001	L.0002 L.0002
75TH	L.0010	L.001	L.0020	.050	.001	.002	L.001	.0002
90TH SECONDARY CODE * THESE STATISTICS	INCLUDE VALUES	FLAGGED WITH	L.GOR O					
STATION 00AL05BJ16 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1988		57m 30s Long.			11 671500E 5647	800n FOR APR	27, 1988 то ма	AR 08, 1989
	80011L MERCURY TOTAL	80015L MERCURY TOTAL	06537L PHENOLIC MATERIAL	02021L COLOUR TRUE	08202L OXYGEN BIOCHEMICAL DEMAND-BOD	08301L OXYGEN TOTAL COD	06722L CHLOROPHYLL A EPILITHIC SUBSAMPLE	
SURI ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD. DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	UG/L 6(6) L.050 L.050	HG MG/L	PHENOL MG/L 6(3) L.001 .007 .002* .002*	REL. UNITS 14(6) 15.000 10.000 7.143* 2.568* 15.000	MG/L OS	O2 MG/L 1(0) 5.00 5.00	(TEMPLATE) MG/M2 8(1) 2.045 61.146 18.719* 18.642*	
MEDIAN 50TH 75TH	L.050		.001*	5.000			14.827 21.452*	
90TH SECONDARY CODE * THESE STATISFICS		FLAGGED WITH		10.000			41.432	
STATION 00AL05BJ170 BLBOW RIVER	00 LAT. 51D		114D 28M 5s IGHWAY #22	PR 3 UTM 1	1 677550E 5656	200N FOR APR	27, 1988 TO MA	R 08, 1989
	02061F TEMPERATURE OF WATER	10301F PH	103011, PH	02041F SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	02041L SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	08101F OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	08101L OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	02066F TEMPERATURE AIR
SUBB ID SAMPLES (PLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD. DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	DEG.C 15(0)2 14.3 6.8 5.3 .2 .8 8.6 12.7 13.1	PH UNITS 11(0) 7.3 8.0 7.4 7.4 7.5 7.9 8.0	PH UNITS 14(0) 7.06 8.45 7.38 7.60 7.86 8.07 8.45	US/CM 14 (0) 212. 411. 351.9 50.6 312. 330. 355.5	US/CH 14(0) 273.0 440.0 373.9 40.8 332.0 359.0 372.0	02 MG/L 15(0) 8.8 12.9 10.66 1.58 8.9 9.2 10.5 12.5 12.9	O2 MG/L	DEG.C. 15(0) -12. 22. 11.9 6.0 -10. 2. 13. 16. 20.
	10151L ALKALINITY PHENOL	10101L ALKALINITY TOTAL	06202L BICARBONT. (CALCD.)	06302L CARBONATE DISSOLVED	20103L CALCIUM DISSOLVED	12102L MAGNESIUM DISSOLVED	19103L POTASSIUM DISSOLVED	17203L CHLORIDE DISSOLVED
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	PHTHALEIN CACO3 MG/L 14(12) L.10 3.60 .59* 1.25* L.10 L.10 L.10	CACO3 MG/L 14(0) 126.00 152.00 140.50 7.05 130.00 137.00 139.00	HCO3 MG/L 14(0) 144.8 185.3 170.1 11.1 149.9 167.0 169.7	CO3 MG/L 14(12) L.5 4.3 1.0* 1.4* L.5 L.5	CA MG/L 14 (0) 39.80 70.10 54.44 7.09 48.20 50.60 54.25	MG MG/L 14(0) 11.10 18.00 14.68 1.81 13.00 13.60 14.30	K MG/L 14(0) .40 .55 .47 .05 .40 .43	CL MG/L 14(0) .40 1.80 .93 .34 .70 .70
75.00		142 00	170 6		67.00	16.00		

75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE L.10 3.50 147.00 148.00 179.0 180.4 L.5 4.2 57.80 63.00 15.80 17.00 .50 .52 $1.\overline{20} \\ 1.20$

	10603Ъ	36011L	36001L	09107L	16306L	06005L	06104L	07403L
CLINA.	HARDNESS TOTAL	COLIFORMS FECAL	COLIFORMS TOTAL	FLUORIDE DISSOLVED	SULPHATE DISSOLVED	CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC	CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC	NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.)
SUBM ID SAMPLES(FLAGS)	CACO3 MG/L 14(0)	MPN NO/100ML 22(6)	мри NO/100мL 21(5)	F MG/L 14(0)	S04 MG/L 14(0)	с MG/L 14(2)	C MG/L 14(2)	N MG/L 14(13)
LOW HIGH	145.00 249.34	170.	L2. 170.	.22 .35	30.00 79.50	L.10 2.00	L.10 2.00	Q.070 1,870
AVERAGE STD.DEV.	196.47 24.88	12.0* 35.4*	18.2* 36.7*	.31	58.13 15.01	1.09* .61*	.89* .54*	.260* .473*
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	177.58 180.01	L2. 2.	L2. 2.	.29 .30	43.40 47.00	ь.10 .70	L.10 .60	0.070 Q.070
MEDIAN 50TH	194.48	4.0	6. 14.	.32	55.45 72.50	1.10	. 95 1.10	.130
90TH SECONDARY CODE	208.03 227.47 05L	1,10.	30.	.35	73.50	2.00	1.70	Q.150 Q.450
STATION 00AL05BJ1700 ELBOW RIVER	LAT, 51D	1m 55s long. AT H	114D 28M 5s IGHWAY #22	PR 3 UTM	11 677550E 5656	200n for apr	27, 1988 то л	JN 25, 1990
SUEM	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA N	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA N	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2 N	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL N	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL P	15961L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.)
ID SAMPLES (FLAGS)	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L 14(13)	MG/L	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L 14(0)	мg/L 17(11)	MG/L 17(5)	P MG/L 17(11)
FOM HIGH	.120 2.020	L.010 .010		.035 .140	.080 1.880	L.003	L.003 .455	Q.000 .450
AVERAGE STD.DEV.	.339 .493	.010* .000*		.069	.270 .473	.005* .007*	.058* .129*	.053* .127*
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	.124 .175	L.010 L.010		.040	.080 .080	L.003 L.003	L.003 L.003	Q.000 Q.000
MEDIAN 50TH	.198	L.010		.061	.140	1,003	.003	Q.000 Q
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	.212 .514	L.010 L.010		.082	.160 .460	.003 .006 05L	.005 .300 21L	.002 .294
	26304L IRON EXTRELE.	104011, RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SUBM	FE			SOLIDS (CALCD.)	SOLIDS	s102		AL
ID SAMPLES (FLAGS)	MG/L 6(0)	MG/L 17(2)	NTU 14(0)	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L 6(3)
LOW HIGH	.010	L.4 683.0	410.0	176.6 267.3		4.27	160.0 260.0	L.010 .020
AVERAGE STD.DEV.	.018	68.3* 183.1* L.4	30.1 109.3	219.2 23.9		4.47	213.9 25.1	.012* .004*
PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	.010	.8 2.8	.4 .5 1.0	196.4 203.1 213.5		4.27 4.30 4.44	190.0 200.0 210.0	L.010 .010*
75TH	.030	5.9	1.3	237.3		4.60	230.0	.010
90TH SECONDARY CODE	,	383. 07L	2.0	246.4		4.70 05L	240.0	1020
	48302L CADMIUM EXTRBLE.	29305L COPPER EXTRBLE.	82302L LEAD EXTRBLE.	56301L BARIUM EXTRBLE.	30305L ZINC EXTRBLE.	24302L CHROMIUM EXTRBLE.	27302L COBALT EXTRBLE.	33304L ARSENIC EXTRACTABLE
SUBM ID	CD MG/L	CU MG/L	PB MG/L	BA MG/L	ZN MG/L	CR MG/L	MG/L CO	AS MG/L
Samples (Flags) Low	6(6) L.0010	6(4) L.001	6(5) L.0020	6(0) .050	6(2) 1.001	6(5) L.001	6(5) L.001	6(3) L.0002
HIGH AVERAGE	L.0010	.002 .001*	.0060 .0027*	.060 .052	.003 .002*	.001 .001*	.002 .001*	.0002 .0002*
STO.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH	L.0010	.000* L.001	.0016* L.0020	.004	.001* L.001	,000* L,001	.000* L.001	.0000* L.0002
MEDIAN SOTE	L.0010	L.001	L.0020	.050	.001	L.001	L.001	.0002*
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	L.0010	.001	L.0020	.050	.002	L.001	L.001	.0002
* THESE STATISTICS IN STATION 00AL05BJ1700		PLAGGED WITH I	. ,-	PR 3 UTM 1	.1 677550E 56562	100H POD 100	07 1000 mg 111	D AB 1000
ELBOW RIVER	800111		1140 20M 35 GHWAY #22 06537L	02021L	08202L	08301L	06722L	K V6, 1969
	MERCURY TOTAL	MERCURY TOTAL	PHENOLIC MATERIAL	COLOUR TRUE	OXYGEN BIOCHEMICAL DEMAND~BOD	OXYGEN TOTAL COD	CHLOROPHYLL A EPILITHIC SUBSAMPLE	
SUBM ID	βG/L	HG MG/L	PHENOL MG/L	REL. UNITS	O2 MG/L	O2 MG/L	(TEMPLATE) MG/M2	
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW	6(5) L.050		6(3) L.001	14(6) L5.000			9(0) 12.659	
HIGH AVERAGE	.100 .058*		.001 .001*	20.000 7.500*			87.715 43.400	
STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH	.020*		* 000	4.274* 15.000			27.030	
25TH MEDIAN 50TH	L.050 L.050		L.001 .001*	15.000 5.000			21.864 34.928	
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	L.050		.001	10.000 10.000			67.067	

SECONDARY CODE
* THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L, GOR Q

STATION 00AL05BJ1800 LAT. 51D 1M 55S LONG. 114D 18M 15S PR 3 UTM 11 689050E 5656600N FOR APR 26, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989
ELBOW RIVER

JUNE 1988

02061F 10301F 10301L 02041F 02041L 08101F 08101L 02066F
TEMPERATURE PH PH SPECIFIC SPECIFIC OXYGEN OXYGEN OXYGEN TEMPERATURE
OF MATTER.

JUNE 1988	02061F TEMPERATURE OF WATER	10301F PH	10301L PH	02041F SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	02041L SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	08101F OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	08101L OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	02066F TEMPERATURE AIR
SUBM 1D SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCMT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	DEG.C 14(0) .0 16.1 7.3 6.0 .0 .2 8.9	PH UNITS 13(0) 7.1 7.9 7.3 7.4 7.6	7.46 7.69 7.99	US/CM 11(0) 262. 424. 347.4 55.2 283. 286. 354.	460.0 397.6 34.8 358.0 381.0 392.5	O2 MG/L 14(0) 8.5 13.5 10.36 1.61 8.6 8.7 10.35	O2 MG/L	DEG.C. 14(0) -6. 21. 11.1 6.3 -5. -2.0 13.0
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	10.2 14.5	7.7	8,22 8,40	396. 411.	417.0 452.0	11.2 12.6 02F		16. 18.
	10151L ALKALINITY PHENOL PHTHALEIN	10101L ALKALINITY TOTAL	(CALCD.)		20103L CALCIUM DISSOLVED	12102L MAGNESIUM DISSOLVED	19103L POTASSIUM DISSOLVED	17203L CHLORIDE DISSOLVED
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	CACO3	CACO3 MG/L 14(0) 127.00 170.00 147.00 12.10 135.00 136.00 147.50	HCO3 MG/L 14(0) 154.8 207.5 178.5 15.6 155.3 165.8	CO3 MG/L 14(13) L.5 4.6 .8* 1.1* L.5 L.5 L.5	CA MG/L 14(0) 42.40 73.60 56.64 8.34 49.10 50.00 56.30	MG MG/L 14(0) 13.20 18.40 15.36 1.63 13.50 14.10	K MG/L 14(0) .50 .77 .59 .07 .50 .55	CL MG/L 14(0) .70 2.40 1.36 .48 .70 1.00
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	L.10 L.10	154.00 166.00	187.7 202.4	L.5 L.5	60.00 70.50	16,20 18,40	. 62 . 67	1.70 1.90
	10603L HARDNESS TOTAL	36011L COLIFORMS FECAL	36001L COLIFORMS TOTAL	09107L FLUORIDE DISSOLVED	16306L SULPHATE DISSOLVED	06005L CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC	06104L CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC	07403L NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.)
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	CACO3 MG/L 14 (0) 164.04 259.73 204.78 27.01 179.82 185.08 201.64	MPN NO/100ML 17(5) L4. 310. 26.6* 73.3* L4. 4.	MPN NO/100ML 17(3) L4. 800. 77.4* 189.5* L4. 8. 32.	F MG/L 14(0) .27 .36 .31 .02 .29 .30	804 MG/L 14(0) 43.80 75.50 59.17 12.74 46.50 47.40 55.20	C MG/L 14{2} L.10 1.90 1.05* .51* L.10 .90	C MG/L 14(2) L.10 1.70 .86* .44* L.10 .70 .90	N MG/L 14(11) Q.050 .390 .165* .103* .060 Q.110 .130
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	216.43 251.98 05L	1 2. 24.	44. 150.	.32	72.50 74.00	1.20	1.00 1.40	Q.210 .350
STATION 00AL05BJ1800 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1988		AT G	LENCOE GOLF CL					
Maus	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA N	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA N	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2 N	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL N	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED P	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL P	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.) P
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD. DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	MG/L 15(0) .089 .444 .227 .104 .111 .160 .192 .267 .441	MG/L 14 (11) L.010 .020 .011* .003* L.010 L.010 L.010	MG/L	MC / Y.	MG/L 15(0) .060 .400 .171 .101 .080	MG/L 17(12) L.002 .009 .003* .002* L.003 L.003 L.003 .003	MG/L 17(1) L.003 .310 .030* .074* .003 .003 .004 .007 .062	MG/L 17(12)
	26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	FE MG/L 6 (0) .010 .030 .018 .008 .910 .020	MG/L 17(0) .4 408. .33.2 98.5 .4 .8 2.0 	NTU 14(0) .4 57.0 5.1 15.0 .4 .6 .9 1.7 3.9	(CALCD.) MG/L 14 (0) 193.0 279.5 228.1 27.2 197.8 203.3 218.8 249.5 270.7	MG/L	SIO2 MG/L 14(0) 4.12 5.00 4.57 .23 4.30 4.40 4.59 4.76 4.80	MG/L 14(0) 190.0 280.0 225.4 28.6 195.0 200.0 215.0	AL MG/L 6 (5) L.010 .020 .012* .004* L.010 L.010

	48302L CADMIUM EXTRBLE.	29305L COPPER EXTRBLE.	82302L LEAD EXTRBLE.	56301L BARIUM EXTRBLE.	30305L ZINC EXTRBLE.	24302L CHROMIUM EXTRBLE.	27302L COBALT EXTRBLE.	33304L ARSENIC EXTRACTABLE
SUBM	CD	cn	PB	BA	ZN	CR	co	AS
ID	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L
Samples (Flags)	6(6)	6 (5)	6 (5)	6(0)	6(2)	6 (5)	6 (5)	6(2)
LOW	L.0010	L.001	L.0020	.060	L.001	L.001	L.001	L.0002
HIGH	L.0010	.001	.0020	.070	.006	.002	.002	.0003
AVERAGE		.001*	.0020*	.062	.002*	.001*	.001*	.0002*
STD.DEV.		.000*	.0000*	.004	.002*	.000*	.000*	.0000*
PERCNT: 10TH			*****		1002	1000	.000	.0000
25тн	L.0010	1001	L.0020	.060	L.001	L.001	L.001	Ti. 0002
MEDIAN 50TH	L.0010	1,001						
MEDIAM SVIN	L.0010	12.001	L.0020	.060	.001	L.001	L.001	.0002
75TH 90TH	L.0010	L.001	L.0020	.060	.001	L.001	L.001	.0002

SECONDARY CODE
* THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L, GOR Q

STATION 00AL05EJ1800 LAT. 51D 1M 55S LONG. 114D 18M 15S PR 3 UTM 11 689050E 5656600N FOR APR 26, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989 ELBOW RIVER
JUNE 1988 8001II. 80015L 06537I. 0202II. 0820ZI. 0830II. 0672ZI.

	80011L	80015L	06537L	02021L	08202L	08301L	06722₺
	MERCURY	MERCURY	PHENOLIC	COLOUR	OXYGEN	OXYGEN	CHLOROPHYLL
	TOTAL	TOTAL	MATERIAL	TRUE	BIOCHEMICAL	TOTAL COD	A EPILITHIC
					DEMAND-BOD		SUBSAMPLE
SUBI	A HG	HG	PHENOL		02	02	(TEMPLATE)
ID	UG/L	MG/L	MG/L	REL. UNITS	MG/L	MG/L	MG/M2
SAMPLES (FLAGS)	6 (6)		6 (3)	14(6)			6(1)
TOM	L.050		L.001	L5.000			LO.
HIGH	L.050		.004	10.000			10.826
average			.002*	6.429*			6.172*
STD.DEV.			.001*	2.344*			3.822*
PERCNI: 10TH				15.000			
25тн	L.050		L.001	L5.000			4.310
MEDIAN 50TH	L.050		.001*	5,000			5.183
75TH	1.050		,001	10.000			10.530
90тн	21,000		1004	10.000			10.330
SECONDARY CODE				10.000			

SECONDARY CODE
* THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L,GOR Q

STATION 00AL05BJ1900 LAT. 51D 1M 0S LONG. 114D 14M 25S PR 3 UTM 11 693550E 5655100N FOR APR 26, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989 ELBOW RIVER

ELBOW RIVER AT HIGHWAY # 8			UPST	REAM OF TWIN B		1 633220% 2622	SIUUN FOR APR	26, 1988 TO M2	AR 08, 1989
		02061F TEMPERATURE OF WATER	10301F PH	10301L PH	02041F SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	02041L SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	08101F OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	08101L OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	02066F TEMPERATURE AIR
	SUBM						02	02	
Samples (Flags) Low	ID	DEG.C 14(0) .0	PH UNITS 13(0) 7.3	PH UNITS 14(0) 7.44	US/CM 10(0) 280.	US/CM 14(0) 344.0	MG/L 14(0) 8.8	MG/L	DEG.C. 14(0) -5.
HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV.		14.5 6.6 5.6	7.9	8.42	425. 362.2 60.9	487.0 402.2 38.7	13.2 10.70 1.58		19. 10.4 6.0
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH		.0	7.4	7.45 7.55	280.0 283.	356.0 385.0	9.0		-5. -2.0
MEDIAN 50TH		7.6	7.5	7.95	377.5	393.5	10.55		13.0
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE		11.9 13.8	7.7	8.19 8.42	415. 422.0	416.0 463.0	12.0 13.1 02F		14. 17.
		10151L ALKALINITY PHENOL PHTHALEIN	10101L ALKALINITY TOTAL	06202L BICARBONT. (CALCD.)	06302L CARBONATE DISSOLVED	20103L CALCIUM DISSOLVED	12102L MAGNESIUM DISSOLVED	19103L POTASSIUM DISSOLVED	17203L CHLORIDE DISSOLVED
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW	SUBM ID	CACO3 MG/L 14(13) L,10	CACO3 MG/L 14(0) 134.00	HCO3 MG/L 14(0) 156.3	CO3 MG/L 14(13) L.5	CA MG/L 14(0) 49.30	MG MG/L 14(0) 13.50	K MG/L 14(0) .50	CL MG/L 14(0) .90
HIGH AVERAGE		4.40 .41*	179.00 151.07	218.2 183.4	5.3 .8*	75.20 57.86	20.10 15.55	.81 .58	2.50 1.44
STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH		1.15* L.10 L.10	12.82 137.00 141.00	16.8 163.4 171.9	1.3* L.5 L.5	7.97 50.00 51.90	1.89 13.50 14.20	.09 .50 .52	.45 1.00 1.10
MEDIAN SOTH		L,10	151.50	184.7	L.5	55.95	15.20	.58	1.40
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE		L.10 L.10	156.00 172.00	190.2 209.7	L.5 L.5	61.00 72.70	16.20 18.50	.60 .70	1.70
		10603L HARDNESS TOTAL	36011L COLIFORMS FECAL	36001L COLIFORMS TOTAL	09107L FLUORIDE DISSOLVED	16306L SULPHATE DISSOLVED	060051, CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC	06104L CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC	07403L NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.)
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW	SUBM ID	CACO3 MG/L 14(0) 180.82	MPN NO/100ML 15(2) 2.	MPN NO/100ML 15(2) L4.	F MG/L 14(0) .28	S04 MG/L 14(0) 44.70	C MG/L 14(1) L.10	C MG/L 14(1) L.10	N MG/L 14(9) Q.070
HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH		270.73 208.66 27.30 181.80	90. 13.7* 21.6* L4.	270. 44.8* 69.0* 4.	.33 .31 .01 .29	82.50 59.57 13.72 46.10	2.00 1.16* .47* .80	1.60 1.01* .41* .70	Q1.390 .219* .342* Q.090
25TH MEDIAN 50TH		189.02 199.56	4.	L10. 18.	.30 .31	46.90 56.30	.90 1.10	.80 .90	Q.090 .110
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE		219.00 257.90 05L	14. 18.	70. 92.	.31	72.00 75.50	1.45 1.80	1.30 1.60	.150 .310

STATION 00AL05EJ1900 LAT. 51D 1M 08 LONG. 114D 14M 258 PR 3 UTM 11 693550E 5655100N FOR AFR 26, 1988 TO JUN 25, 1990 ELBOW RIVER

STATION 00AL05B ELBOW RIVER AT HIGHWAY # 8		LAT. 51D		. 114D 14M 25s PREAM OF TWIN B	PR 3 UTM RIDGES	11 693550E 5655	100N FOR APR	26, 1988 то ј	UN 25, 1990
		07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE
	SUBM 1D	MG/L	1/3	И	И	N	P	P	(CALCD.)
SAMPLES (FLAGS)	10	15(0)	MG/L 14(9)	MG/L	MG/L 15(0)	MG/L 15(0)	MG/L 17(10)	MG/L 17(3)	MG/L 17(10)
LOW High		129 1.456	L.010 .030		.017 ,104	.080 1.400	L.002 .008	L.003 .263	Q.000 .256
AVERAGE STD.DEV.		.277	.011* .005*		.056 .026	.221 .331	*200. *200.	.025* .063*	.022* .062*
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH		.137 .146	L.010 L.010		.026 .031	.09 .100	L.003 L.003	L.003 .003	Q.000 Q.000
MEDIAN 50TH		.173	L.010		.056	.120	L.003	.004	Q.001
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE		.225	.010		.072 .095	.160 .320 21L	.003 .007 05L	.008 .047 21L	.005 .039
		26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
:	SUBM ID	FE MG/L	MG/L	NTU	(CALCD.)		8102	V0./T	AL
SAMPLES (FLAGS)	10	6(0)	17(1)	14(0)	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L 14(0)	MG/L 6(2)
LOW		.010 .050	L.4 332.	.3 31.0	200.7 295.7		1.98 5.24	198.0 290.0	L.010 .030
AVERAGE STD.DEV.		.027 .014	29.7* 79.6*	3.4 8.0	232.3 29.0		4.39 .75	229.1 29.1	.017* .008*
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH		.020	.8 2.2	.4 .5	203.2 212.9		4.00 4.35	200.0 210.0	L.010
MEDIAN 50TH		.025	2.8	1.0	219.5		4.56	215.0	.015
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE		.030	11.6 48.8 07L	1.8	248.9 280.0		4.77 4.80 05L	250.0 280.0	.020
		48302L CADMIUM EXTRBLE.	29305L COPPER EXTRBLE.	82302L LEAD EXTRBLE.	56301L BARIUM EXTRBLE.	303051 ZINC EXTRBLE.	243021, CHROMIUM EXTRBLE.	27302L COBALT EXTRBLE.	33304L ARSENIC EXTRACTABLE
	MAGUE	CD	cu	РВ	BA	ZN	CR	co	As
SAMPLES (FLAGS)	1D	MG/L 6(6)	MG/L 6(5)	MG/L 6(5)	MG/L 6(0)	MG/L 6(2)	MG/L 6(5)	MG/L 6(5)	MG/L 6(4)
LOW HIGH		L.0010 L.0010	L.001 .002	L.0020 .0020	.060 .070	L.001 .002	L.001 ,001	L.001 .001	L,0002 .0008
AVERAGE STD.DEV.			.001* .000*	.0020* .0000*	.062 .004	.001* .000*	,001* ,000*	.001* .000*	.0003* .0002*
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH		L.0010	L.001	1,0020	.060	L.001	L.001	L.001	L,0002
MEDIAN 50TH		L.0010	1.001	1.0020	.060	.001	L.001	L.001	L.0002
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE		E.0010	L.001	L.0020	.060	.001	L.001	L,001	.0002
* THESE STATISTI STATION 00AL05B3					DD 3 crome 1	I ZOGERAN EZER:		04 1000	
ELBOW RIVER AT HIGHWAY # 8	£1900	80011L		114D 14M 25S REAM OF TWIN BE 06537L		11 693550€ 5655: 08202L	08301L	26, 1988 TO MA 06722L	R 08, 1989
		MERCURY TOTAL	MERCURY TOTAL	PHENOLIC MATERIAL	COLOUR TRUE	OXYGEN BIOCHEMICAL DEMAND-BOD	OXYGEN TOTAL COD	CHLOROPHYLL A EPILITHIC SUBSAMPLE	
	MSU: ID	HG UG/L	HG MG/L	PHENOL MG/L	REL. UNITS	O2 MG/L	O2 MG/L	(TEMPLATE) MG/M2	
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW		6(6) 1.050		6(3) L.001	14(6) L5.000			9(3) L0,	
HIGH AVERAGE		L.050		.004 .002*	10.000 6.429*			6.636 4.104*	
STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH				.001*	2.344* L5.000			2,111*	
25TH MEDIAN 50TH		L.050 L.050		L.001 .001*	LS,000			L1.969	
75TH		L.050			5.000			4.596	
90TH SECONDARY CODE * THESE STATISTI	CS INC		FLAGGED WITH I	.001 .,GOR Q	10.000 10.000			5.505	
STATION 00AL05BJ ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1988	2050	LAT. 50D S	9m 42s Long. AT sa	114D 9M 55s ARCEE BRIDGE	PR 3 UTM 1	1 698950E 56528	SON FOR APR	26, 1988 TO MA	R 09, 1989
		02061F MPERATURE WATER	10301F PH	10301L, РН	02041F SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	02041L SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	08101F OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	08101L OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	02066F TEMPERATURE AIR
	UBM ID	DEG.C	PH UNITS	PH UNITS	US/CM	US/CM	O2 MG/L	O2 MG/L	DEG.C.
Samples (Flags) Low		13(0)	13(0)	14(0) 7.29	12(0) 305.	14(0) 359.0	14(0) 9.3	•••/ •	14(0) -6.0
HIGH		14.4	8.0	8.47	460.	475.0	13.2		20.
AVERAGE STD.DEV.		6.2 5.4	7 -	n	377.3 48.0	411.1 34.3	10.76 1.25		10.9 6.4
PERCNT:10TH 25TH		.2	7.3	7.46 7.57	309. 347.5	367.0 392.0	9.4 9.7		-5. -2.0
MEDIAN 50TH		7.1	7.6	7.93	376.0	405.0	10.65		11.5

17. 20.

75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE

	10151L ALKALINITY PHENOL PHTHALBIN	10101L ALKALINITY TOTAL	06202L BICARBONT. (CALCD.)	06302L CARBONATE DISSOLVED	20103L CALCIUM DISSOLVED	12102L MAGNESIUM DISSOLVED	19103L POTASSIUM DISSOLVED	17203L CHLORIDE DISSOLVED
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD. DEV.	CACO3 MG/L 14(13) L.10 5.90 .51* 1.55*	CACO3 MG/L 14(0) 135.00 180.00 155.07	HCO3 MG/L 14(0) 159,9 219,4 188.0 17.5	CO3 MG/L 14(13) L.5 7.1 1.0*	CA MG/L 14(0) 47.70 72.30 57.69 7.75	MG MG/L 14(0) 13.60 18.60 15.79	K MG/L 14(0) .58 .88 .68	CL MG/L 14(0) 1.10 9.70 2.19 2.20
PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	L.10 L.10 L.10	142.00 143.00 155.50	164.6 174.3 189.6	L.5 L.5 L.5	49.50 51.70 55.20	13.90 14.40 15.50	.60 .60 .65	1.20 1.30 1.55
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	L.10 L.10	161.00 175.00	196.3 213.3	L.5 L.5	62.60 71.20	16.50 18.30	.70	1.80
	10603L HARDNESS TOTAL	36011L COLIFORMS FECAL	36001L COLIFORMS TOTAL	09107L FLUORIDE DISSOLVED	16306L SULPHATE DISSOLVED	06005L CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC	06104L CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC	07403L NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. {CALCD.}
SUBM 1D SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	CACO3 MG/L 14 (0) 180.17 256.07 209.19 25.16 183.86 188.37 198.87	MPN NO/100ML 20(1) 4. 96. 24.5* 23.1* 4.0 11.0* 20.0	MPN NO/100ML 20(1) L10. 650. 102.8* 154.7* 11.0 16.0 58.0	F MG/L 14(0) .21 .36 .30 .03 .27 .29	S04 MG/L 14(0) 44.50 70.50 57.29 10.30 45.70 46.80 56.40	C MG/L 14(0) 1.00 2.40 1.34 .42 1.00 1.00	C MG/L 14 (0) .70 2.30 1.13 .43 .70 .80	N MG/L 14(8) .070 .320 .154* .070* Q.090 Q.110 .150
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	224.41 254.56 05L	28.0 56.0	95.0 267.0	.30	67.20 69.50	1.60	1.40 1.50	Q.150 .270
STATION 00AL05BJ2050 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1988	LAT. 50D	59M 42S LONG. AT S	114D 9M 55s ARCEE BRIDGE	PR 3 UTM 1	1 698950E 5652	850N FOR APR	26, 1988 TO ர	UN 25, 1990
	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.)
SUBM 1D SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	MG/L 15(0) .140 .466 .213 .088 .143 .160	N MG/L 14(8) L.010 .020 .011* .003* L.010 L.010	N MG/L	N MG/L 15 (0) .008 .126 .053 .033 .020 .023	N MG/L 15 (0) .080 .340 .159 .072 .09 .120	P MG/L 17(6) .002 .010 .004* .002* L.003 L.003	P MG/L 21(0) .003 .550 .103 .170 .004 .004	P MG/L 17(6) Q.000 .349 .031* .084* .001 Q.001
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	.228	.010		.078 .103	.160 .280 21L	.003 .006	.070 .355 21L	.007
	26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS		14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SUBM 1D SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	FE MG/L 6 (0) .030 .060 .043 .012	MG/L 17 (0) .8 440. .38. 9 105. 9 .8 2. 4 3. 6	NTU 14 (0) .5 29.0 3.7 7.3 .5 1.6	(CALCD.) MG/L 14 (0) 206.1 277.8 234.3 26.4 206.8 210.8 222.9	MG/L	SIO2 MG/L 14 (0) 3.69 5.25 4.62 .40 4.10 4.38 4.67	MG/L 14 (0) 200.0 270.0 230.7 26.4 203.0 210.0 220.0	AL MG/L 6(0) .010 .030 .020 .009
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	.050	9.6 74. 07L	$\frac{2.6}{2.8}$	$\frac{257.1}{272.5}$		4.80 5.18 05L	250.0 270.0	.030
	48302L CADMIUM EXTRBLE.	29305L COPPER EXTRBLE.	82302L LEAD EXTRBLE.	56301L BARIUM EXTRBLE.	30305L ZINC EXTRBLE.	24302L CHROMIUM EXTRBLE.	27302L COBALT EXTRBLE.	33304L ARSENIC EXTRACTABLE
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCHY: 10TH	CD MG/L 6(6) L.0010 L.0010	CU MG/L 6(4) 1.001 .001 .001*	PB MG/L 6(6) L.0020 L.0020	BA MG/L 6(0) .060 .080 .068 .008	ZN MG/L 6{1} L.001 .010 .003* .004*	CR MG/L 6(5) L.001 .002 .001* .000*	CO MG/L 6(6) L.001 L.001	AS MG/L 6(2) L.0002 .0004 .0003* .0001*
25TH MEDIAN 50TH	L.0010 L.0010	L.001 L.001	L.0020 L.0020	.060 .070	.001	L.001 L.001	L.001 L.001	L.0002 .0003

PR 3 UTM 11 698950E 5652850N FOR APR 26, 1988 TO MAR 09, 1989 STATION 00AL05BJ2050 LAT. 50D 59M 42S LONG. 114D 9M 55S ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1988 AT SARCEE BRIDGE 065371 800111. 800151. 020211 08202T 08301T 067221 CHLOROPHYLL A EPILITHIC SUBSAMPLE MERCURY MERCURY PHENOLIC MATERIAL COLOUR OXYGEN BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN TOTAL COD DEMAND-BOD SHRM uc uc PHENOL 02 ^2 (TEMPLATE) REL. UNITS UG/L MG/L MG/L IĐ MG/L MG/L 6(4) MG/M2 SAMPLES (FLAGS) 6(6) 8(0) L.050 L.050 L.001 .003 L5.000 10.000 40.581 174.40 AVERAGE 6.429* 2.344* L5.000 .001 108,480 STD.DEV. PERCMT:10TH .001* 25TH L.050 1.001 T-5.000 78.219 MEDIAN 50TH L.050 L.001 5,000 105.120 75TH L.050 .001 10.000 143.090 90TH 10.000 SECONDARY CODE
* THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L.GOR Q LAT. 50D 59M 42S LONG. 114D 9M 55S AT SARCEE BRIDGE STATION 00AL05BJ2051 PR 3 UTM 11 698950E 5652850N FOR MAY 29, 1989 TO JUN 29, 1990 ELBOW RIVER 24 HOUR COMPOSITE SAMPLE 075621 15901L 07602L 075051 871161. 07015% 15103L 154061 NITROGEN NITROGEN DISSOLVED NITROGEN NITROGEN PHOSPHORUS PHOSPHORUS PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED TOTAL DISSOLVED TOTAL DISSOLVED TOTAL PARTICULATE NO3 & NO2 N KJELDAHL N (CALCD.) N AMMONIA AMMONIA SUBM N MG/L N MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L ΙD MG/L SAMPLES (FLAGS) 44 (0) .014 .245 LOW HIGH AVERAGE .051 STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH .022 .025 25TB MEDIAN SOTH 75TH .059 SECONDARY CODE 21L STATION 00AL058/12150 LAT. 51D 0M 20S LONG, 114D 5M 45S PR 3 UTM 11 703750E 5654250N FOR APR 26, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989 AT CALGARY GOLF AND COUNTRY CLUB 10301L 02041F 02061F 10301F 020411 08101F 081011. 020668 TEMPERATURE OF WATER SPECIFIC CONDUCT. SPECIFIC CONDUCT. TEMPERATURE ₽Н OXYGEN OXYGEN DISSOLVED DISSOLVED AIR TXX no SUBM DEG.C 14(0) PH UNITS PH UNITS ID US/CM MG/L MG/L DEG.C. 14(0) 7.0 8.0 14(0) 7.21 8.29 12(0) 247. 420. 355.1 14(0) 8.8 13.0 14(0) -7. 19 SAMPLES (FLAGS) 14(0) LOW 1.6 324.0 478.0 AVERAGE 10.0 7.0 1.8 2.4 10.30 9.4 391.5 1.36 8.9 9.0 STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 55.0 49.9 7.32 7.68 7.98 270. 330.5 25TH 345.0 -1. MEDIAN 50TH 9.90 10.2 7.80 362.0 391.0 8.0 11.4 75TH 17.7 7.9 8.12 398.0 425.0 17. 417. 90TH 8.19 466.0 12.0 SECONDARY CODE 101511. 101011. 062021. 063021. 201031 12102L 191031. 17203L ALKALINITY ALKALINITY POTASSIUM TOTAL DISSOLVED PHENOL (CALCO.) DISSOLVED DISSOLVED DISSOLVED DISSOLVED PHTHALEIN CACO3 ΙD MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L 14(0) 146.3 229.0 179.0 26.9 151.2 14(14) L.5 L.5 14(0) 42.40 72.80 54.84 14(0) 13.30 18.70 14(0) .50 1.07 14 (0) 1.40 5.30 SAMPLES (FLAGS) 14(14) 14(0) LOW 120.00 L.1 L.10 AVERAGE 146.86 22.06 124.00 .75 15.82 2.69 STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 9.07 44.40 47.20 1.81 L.5 L.5 25TH L.10 127.00 154.8 14.20 . 65 1.80 MEDIAN SOTH L.10 142.00 173.1 53,55 15.65 .73 2.35 75TH L.10 161.00 196.3 1.5 60.60 17.10 .85 3.50 90TH ъ.10 184.60 1. 5 67.60 18.50 1.00 4.30 SECONDARY CODE 106031 360111. 360031 091071. 163061. 060051 061041. 07403T COLIFORMS FECAL COLIFORMS TOTAL HARDNESS CARBON CARBON NITROGEN TOTAL DISSOLVED DISSOLVED DISSOLVED TOTAL TOTAL ORG. ORGANIC ORGANIC (CALCD.) CACO3 ичи MPN C MG/L SUBM C MG/L N MG/L 3D MG/L 14(0) 161.98 258.97 NO/100ML NO/100ML MG/L MG/L 25(5) L2. 98. 25(4) L4. 2900. 14(0) .26 .34 14(0) 44.40 69.00 14(0) .90 2.60 14(0) .80 2.00 14 (7) .130 .330 SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW 17.3* 21.7* 56.28 9.80 45.20 1.55 .48 1.00 1.31 .199* .047* Q.150 179.4* 574.5* AVERAGE 202.19 .30 29.93 167.80 PERCNT: 10TH L2. L4. 16. .28 4. Q.170 .190 25TH 176.45 46.30 1.00 MEDIAN 50TH 197.70 .29 59.60 1.40 1.25 75TH 221.88 24. 80. .30 66.00 1.80 1.50 Q.210 Q.230 244.60 05L 9000 40.0 320. 67.50

SECONDARY CODE

STATION 00AL05BJ2150 LAT. 51D 0M 20S LONG. 114D 5M 45S PR 3 UTM 11 703750E 5654250N FOR APR 26, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989 ELBOW RIVER

AT CALGARY GOLF AND COUNTRY CLUB

STATION 00AL05BJ2150 ELBOW RIVER) LAT. 51D	OM 20S LONG. AT C	. 114D 5M 45S CALGARY GOLF AND	PR 3 UTM 1 COUNTRY CLUE	11 703750≋ 5654: 3	250n for app	26, 1988 то м	AR 08, 1989
	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL, AMMONIA	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.)
MBU2 DI	MG/L	rg/l n	N MG/L	n MG/L	n MG/L	P MG/L	P MG/L	P
SAMPLES (FLAGS)	14(5)	14(7)	riG/L	14(5)	14(0)	14(7)	14(0)	MG/L 14(7)
LOW	.151	L.010		L.003	.140	L.003	.004	Q.001
HIGH	.348	.020		.108	.340	.007	.028	.024
AVERAGE STD.DEV.	.238* .060*	.01I* .004*		.028* .038*	.210	.004*	.011	.007*
PERCNT: 10TH	Q.183	L.010		L.003	.047 .160	L.003	.006 .004	.006* Q.001
25TH	Q.203	L.010		L.003	.180	L.003	.008	.004
MEDIAN 50TH	.225	.010*		.006	.200	.0034	.010	.006
75тн	.246	.010		.045	.220	.004	.011	Q.007
90TH SECONDARY CODE	Q.343	.020		.101	.240	.004	.020	.017
SECONDARI CODE								
	26304L	10401L	02074L	00201L	00205L	14102L	10451L	13303L
	IRON EXTRBLE.	RESIDUE NONFILTR.	TURBIDITY	TOTAL	TOTAL	SILICA	RESIDUE	ALUMINUM
	EXTRBLE.	NONFILIK.		DISSOLVED	DISSOLVED	REACTIVE	FILTERABLE	EXTRBLE.
NAUS	FE			(CALCD.)	000200	S102		AL
aı	MG/L	MG/L	NTU	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L
Samples (Flags) Low	6(0) ,020	14(1) L.4	14(0)	14(0) 183.4		14(0) 2.80	14(0) 180.0	13(0)
HIGH	.08	13.1	5.8	281.5		6.05	280.0	.020 1.380
AVERAGE	.042	4.8*	2.4	225.8		4.13	226.4	.338
STD.DEV.	.023	3,9*	1.7	33.7		.89	33.6	.419
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	.020	.8 1.2	.8 1.3	187.6 191.3		3.12 3.42	190.0 190.0	.070
MEDIAN 50TH	.040	3.6	1.6	221.8		4.24	221.5	.100 .170
75TH	.050	7.6	3.5	252.8		4.50	250.0	.320
90ТН		9.6	5.4	280.7		5.30	280.0	1.100
SECONDARY CODE						05L		
	48302L CADMIUM EXTRBLE.	29305L COPPER EXTRBLE.	82302L LEAD EXTRBLE.	56301L BARIUM EXTRBLE.	30305L ZINC EXTRBLE.	24302L CHROMIUM EXTRBLE.	27302L COBALT EXTRBLE.	33304L ARSENIC EXTRACTABLE
		BATKEBET	ZATEDOD.	DATA NOLIGI	MATRODE.	DATEDDO.	BAIRDEG.	EVIVACIADES
SUBM	CD	Ċΰ	PB	BA	ZN	CR	co	As
ID SAMPLES (FLAGS)	MG/L 6(6)	MG/L 6(5)	MG/L 6(6)	MG/L 6(0)	MG/L 6(1)	MG/L 6(4)	MG/L 6(6)	MG/L 6(4)
LOW	L.001	L.001	L.002	.060	L.001	L.001	L.001	L.0002
HIGH	L.0010	.001	L.0020	.080	.002	.001	L.001	.0004
AVERAGE		.001*		.073	.002*	.001*		.0002*
STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH		*000		.008	.001*	.000*		.0001*
25тн	L,0010	L.001	1,0020	.070	.001	L.001	L.001	L.0002
MEDIAN 50TH	L.0010	L.001	L.0020	.075	.002	L.001	L,001	L.0002
75TH 90TH	L.0010	L.001	L.0020	.080	.002	.001	L.001	.0003
SECONDARY CODE * THESE STATISTICS I	NCLUDE VALUES	FLAGGED WITH	L,GOR Q					
STATION 00AL05BJ2150 ELBOW RIVER	LAT. 51D	OM 20S LONG.	114D 5m 45s ALGARY GOLF AND		1 703750E 56542	50N FOR APR	26, 1988 то ма	R 08, 1989
	80011L MERCURY TOTAL	80015L MERCURY TOTAL	06537L PHENOLIC MATERIAL	02021L COLOUR TRUE	08202L OXYGEN BIOCHEMICAL DEMAND-BOD	08301L OXYGEN TOTAL COD	06722L CHLOROPHYLL A EPILITHIC SUBSAMPLE	
SUBM	HG	HG	PHENOL		02	02	(TEMPLATE)	
D (PLACE)	UG/L	MG/L	MG/L	REL. UNITS	MG/L	MG/L	MG/M2	
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW	6(6) L.05		6(3) L.001	14(6) L5.00		1(0) 15.00	8(0) 58.149	
HIGH	L.050		.002	10.000		15.00	261.62	
AVERAGE			.001*	6.429*			147.207	
STD. DEV.			.000*	2.344*			70.504	
PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	L.050		L.001	15.000 15.000			91.920	
MEDIAN SOTH	L.050		.001*	5.000			133.670	
	7 050							
75TH 90TH	L.050		-001	10.000 10.000			203.355	

SECONDARY CODE
* THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L, GOR Q

STATION 00AL05BJ2300 LAT. 51D 2M 35S LONG. 114D 2M 30S FR 3 UTM 11 707400E 5658550N FOR APR 26, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989 ELBOW RIVER AT 9TH. AVE. BRIDGE

	Č	02061F TEMPERATURE OF WATER	10301F PH	10301L РН	02041F SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	02041L SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	08101F OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	08101L OXYGEN DISSOLVED DO	02066F TEMPERATURE AIR
	SUBM ID	pro o	DIL TRATEIO	DIE EMITORA	YYO LONE	tie terr	02	02	
CAMPLEGARIAGE	10	DEG.C	PH UNITS	PH UNITS	US/CM	US/CM	MG/L	MG/L	DEG.C.
Samples (Flags)		14(0)	11(0)	14(0)	13(0)	14(0)	14(0)		14(0)
LOW		.6	7.2	7.40	285.	334.0	8.2		-7.
HIGH		21.4	8.3	8.41	610.	678.0	13.6		20.
AVERAGE		9.5			411.1	428.5	10.93		9.6
STO.DEV.		7.5			87.3	87.4	1.57		6.8
PERCNT: 10TH		1.1	7.4	7.45	312.	351.0	9.0		~5.
25ТИ		1.8	7.5	7.53	348.	359.0	9.8		0.
MEDIAN 50TH		9.1	7.8	7.94	405.	417.0	11.25		7.5
75TH		$1\overline{6.1}$	8.2	8.10	460.	458.0	11.9		18.
90ТН		19.5	8.3	8.34	480.	505.0	12.9		19.
SECONDARY CODE		-2.5	V.5	0.01		50510	02F		2.2.

	10151L ALKALINITY PHENOL PHTHALEIN	TOTAL	06202L BICARBONT. (CALCD.)	06302L CARBONATE DISSOLVED	20103L CALCIUM DISSOLVED	12102L MAGNESIUM DISSOLVED	19103L POTASSIUM DISSOLVED	17203L CHLORIDE DISSOLVED
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STO.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	CACO3 MG/L 14 (13) L.10 3.40 .34* .88* L.10 L.10	CACO3 MG/L 14(0) 124.00 190.00 151.71 21.92 126.00 131.00	HCO3 MG/L 14(0) 151.2 231.6 184.3 26.9 153.6 159.7 179.8	CO3 MG/L 14 (13) L.5 4.1 .8* 1.0* L.5 L.5 L.5	CA MG/L 14(0) 44.00 73.90 55.59 9.37 44.00 47.90 53.75	MG MG/L 14(0) 14.30 20.50 17.04 1.95 14.30 15.50 17.10	K MG/L 14(0) .60 2.10 .99 .36 .72 .75	CL MG/L 14(0) 2.50 60.50 10.14 14.65 3.70 4.60 6.55
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	L.10 L.10	168.00 185.00	204.8 225.0	L.5 L.5	62.30 68.60	18.70 19.70	1.10	8.20 10.40
	10603L HARDNESS TOTAL	36011L COLIFORMS FECAL	36001L COLIFORMS TOTAL	09107L FLUORIDE DISSOLVED	16306L SULPHATE DISSOLVED	06005L CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC	06104L CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC	07403L NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.)
SUBM 1D SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCIN: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	CACO3 MG/L 14(0) 168.86 269.13 209.09 31.09 173.80 178.61 202.90	MPN NO/100ML 25 (1) L4. 700. 189.4* 163.8* 30. 70.	MPN NO/100ML 25(0) 170. 180000. 9587.7 35771.6 260. 430.	F MG/L 14(0) .25 .37 .30 .03 .27 .28 .28	S04 MG/L 14(0) 44.90 68.50 57.04 9.91 45.60 45.80 61.50	C MG/L 14(0) 1.20 3.00 1.84 .61 1.20 1.40	C MG/L 14(0) 1.00 2.60 1.59 .49 1.00 1.40	N MG/L 14 (5) .110 .770 .294* .175* Q.150 .210
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	232.72 252.59 05L	300. 410.	2800. 10000.	.33	65.20 68.00	2.20 3.00	2.00 2.30	.410 .490
STATION 00AL05BJ2300 ELBOW RIVER	LAT. 51D	2M 35s LONG. AT 9	114D 2M 30s TH. AVE. BRIDGE	PR 3 UTM 11	707400E 5658	550N FOR APR	26, 1988 то ма	AR 08, 1989
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N MG/L 14(0) .234 1.100 .534 .250 .280 .385 .459	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA N MG/L 14(5) L.010 .110 .020* .028* L.010 L.010 .010	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA N MG/L	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2 N MG/L 14 (0) .040 .500 .220 .137 .057 .145 .209	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL N MG/L 14(0) .120 .780 .314 .184 .160 .220 .240	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED P MG/L 14(2) L.003 .012 .004* .002* L.003 .003	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL P MG/L 14(0) .004 .050 .012 .012 .006 .006 .008	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.) P MG/L 14 (2) .001 .038 .008* .010* Q.003 .004
90TH SECONDARY CODE	.980	.050		.430	.600	.004	.024	.021
SUBM ID ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD. DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 90TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	26304L IRON EXTRBLE. FE MG/L 6(0) .030 .070 .050 .019 .030 .050	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR. MG/L 14(1) L.4 29.1 5.2* 7.6* .4 3.2 5.4 11.6	02074L TURBIDITY NTU 14(0) .4 34.0 4.6 8.8 .7 1.1 1.5 2.7 9.8	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS (CALCD.) MG/L 14 (0) 189.2 367.0 243.1 48.5 194.6 204.5 231.0	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS MG/L	14102L SILICA REACTIVE SIO2 MG/L 14 (0) 1. 46 5. 20 3. 33 1. 19 1. 70 2. 45 3. 28 	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE MG/L 14 (0) 190.0 360.0 242.2 47.3 190.0 200.0 235.0 270.0 300.0	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE. AL MG/L 13 (0) .010 .520 .202 .143 .070 .190 .190 .370
	CADMIUM EXTRBLE.	COPPER EXTRBLE.	EXTRBLE.	BARIUM EXTRBLE.	ZINC EXTRBLE.	CHROMIUM EXTRBLE.	COBALT EXTRBLE.	ARSENIC EXTRACTABLE
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD. DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	CD MG/L 6 (6) L.0010 L.0010	CU MG/L 6{3} L.001 .006 .002* .002*	PB MG/L 6(5) 1.0020 .0040 .0023* .0008*	BA MG/L 6 (0) .060 .090 .075 .010	ZN MG/L 6(0) .001 .003 .002 .001	CR MG/L 6(4) L.001 .008 .002* .003*	CO MG/L 6 (5) L.001 .001* .000*	AS MG/L 6(2) L.0002 .0013 .0005* .0004*
MEDIAN 50TH	L.0010 L.0010	.001 .001*	L.0020 L.0020	.070 .075	.002	L.001 L.001	L.001 L.001 L.001	L.0002 .0003
90TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE * THESE STATISTICS IN				.080	.002	.002	T'801	.0004

STATION 00AL05EJ2300 LAT. 51D 2M 358 LONG. 114D 2M 30S PR 3 UTM 11 707400E 5658550N FOR APR 26, 1988 TO MAR 08, 1989 ELBOW RIVER AT 9TH. AVE. BRIDGE

		80011L MERCURY TOTAL	80015L MERCURY TOTAL	06537L PHENOLIC MATERIAL	02021L COLOUR TRUE	08202L OXYGEN BIOCHENICAL	08301L OXYGEN TOTAL COD	06722L CHLOROPHYLL A EPILITHIC
	SUBM	HG	НG	PHENOL		DEMAND-BOD O2	02	SUBSAMPLE
								(TEMPLATE)
	10	UG/L	MG/L	MG/L	REL. UNITS	MG/L	MG/L	MG/M2
Samples (Flags)		6(6)		6(2)	14(6)			7(0)
LOW		£.050		L.001	L5.000			131.44
HIGH		L.050		.001	10.000			880.65
AVERAGE				.001*	6.786*			400.223
STD.DEV.				.000*	2.486*			262.376
PERCNT: 10TH					L5.000			
25тн		L.050		L.001	L5.000			156.13
MEDIAN 50TH		L.050		.001	5.000			439.93
75TH		L.050		.001	10.000			490.76
90тн		2.050		.001	10.000			4,0,10
SECONDARY CODE								

SECONDARY CODE \star THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L,GOR Q

PR 3 UTM 11 704000E 5655500N FOR MAY 30, 1989 TO JUN 27, 1989 STATION 00AL05BJ2160 LAT. 51D 1M 0s LONG. 114D 5M 30s ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1989 AT THE RIVERDALE PARKING LOT 10603L 36011L 36001L 09107L 16306L 06005E 061041 07403L HARDNESS COLUEORMS COLLEGRAS FLUORIDE SULPHATE CARBON TOTAL CARBON DISSOLVED NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. TOTAL FECAL TOTAL DISSOLVED ORGANIC ORGANIC (CALCD.) SEIRM CACOR MPN MPN 204 N MG/L NO/100ML 5(3) NO/100ML, 5(0) MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L SAMPLES (FLAGS) L10. 40. 20.0* LOW Hìgh 20. 110. AVERAGE 54.0 34.4 STO. DEV. 14.13 PERCNT: 10TH ъ10. 40. 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 1.10 40. 75**TH** 30. 60. 90TH SECONDARY CODE THESE STATISTICS INCLUDE VALUES FLAGGED WITH L, GOR Q LAT. 51D 1M 20S LONG. 114D 4M 10S BELOW STANLEY PARK STATION 00AL05BJ2170 PR 3 UTM 11 705550E 5656150N FOR MAY 30, 1989 TO JUN 27, 1989 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1989 10603L 36011L 36001L 091071. 163061. OGGOST. 06104L 074031. COLIFORMS FECAL FLUORIDE DISSOLVED HARDNESS COLIFORMS CARBON CARBON NITROGEN TOTAL DISSOLVED JATOP DISSOLVED TOTAL TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.) N MG/L ORGANIC ORGANIC CACO3 MG/L SUBM MPN MPN S04 MG/L C MG/L C MG/L NO/109ML NO/100ML MG/L ΈĐ SAMPLES (FLAGS) 5(0) 5(0) LOW HIGH 10. 40. 40. 90. 18.0 AVERAGE 68.0 STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 13.0 21.7 25TH 10. 50. MEDIAN 50TH 10. 80. 75'TH 20. 80. 9079 SECONDARY CODE STATION 00AL05B12180 LAT, 51D 1M 50S LONG, 114D 3M 50S BELOW MISSION BRIDGE PR 3 UTM 11 705900E 5657100N FOR MAY 30, 1989 TO JUN 27, 1989 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1989 36001L 10603L 36011L 09107L 163061 060051. 061041. 074031. FLUORIDE DISSOLVED SULPHATE CARBON TOTAL CARBON DISSOLVED NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. HARDNESS COLIFORMS COLI FORMS TOTAL FECAL TOTAL ORGANIC (CALCD.) ORGANIC SUBM CACO3 MPN мем COA C MG/L € MG/L N MG/L NO/100ML 5(0) 100. NO/100ML 5(0) MG/L SAMPLES (FLAGS) 10. 30. LOW HIGH AVERAGE 170. 14.0 130.0 STD.DEV. 8.9 33.2 PERCNT: 10TH 25TH 10. 100. MEDIAN SOTH 10. 120. 75TH 10. 160. 90TH SECONDARY CODE STATION 00AL05BJ2190 LAT. 51D 2M 5s LONG. 114D 4M 5s PR 3 UTM 11 705600E 5657550N FOR MAY 30, 1989 TO JUN 27, 1989 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1989 AT LINDSEY PARK 10603L 36011L 36001L 09107L 163061 060051. 061041. 074031. HARDNESS TOTAL COLIFORMS FECAL COLIFORMS TOTAL FLUORIDE DISSOLVED CARBON CARBON DISSOLVED SULPHATE NITROGEN DISSOLVED TOTAL ORG. TOTAL ORGANIC ORGANIC (CALCD.) SUBM CACO3 MPN MPN 904 N MG/L NO/100ML 5(0) NO/100ML MG/L MG/L MG/L MG/L SAMPLES (FLAGS) 5 (0) 10. 50. 18.0 90. 180. LOW HIGH AVERAGE 126.0 STD. DEV. 17.9 37.8 PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 10. 100. 10. 110. 75TH 10, 150. 90TH SECONDARY CODE

STATION 00AL05BJ2195 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1989	LAT. 51D	1M 45s LONG. ABOV	114D 3M 10s E STAMPEDE STA	PR 3 UTM 1	1 706650E 5657	000N FOR MAY	' 30, 1989 то J	UN 27, 1989
JONE 1307	10603L HARDNESS TOTAL	36011L COLIFORMS FECAL	36001L COLIFORMS TOTAL	09107L FLUORIDE DISSOLVED	16306L SULPHATE DISSOLVED	06005L CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC	06104L CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC	07403L NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.)
SUBM 1D SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	CACO3 MG/L	MPN NO/100ML 5(0) 10. 40. 22.0 11.0	MPN NO/100ML, 5(0) 40. 180. 108.0 52.2	F MG/L	SO4 MG/L	C MG/L	C MG/L	N MG/L
MEDIAN 50TH 75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE		20. 20.	$\frac{120.}{120.}$					
STATION 00AL05BJ2250 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1989	LAT. 51D	2M 30s LONG. AT M	114D 2M 40s ACDONALD BRIDG		1 707200E 5658	400n FOR MAY	30, 1989 то л	JN 27, 1989
	10603L HARDNESS TOTAL	36011L COLIFORMS FECAL	36001L COLIFORMS TOTAL	09107L PLUORIDE DISSOLVED	16306L SULPHATE DISSOLVED	06005L CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC	06104L CARBON DISSOLVED ORGANIC	07403L NITROGEN TOTAL ORG. (CALCD.)
SUBM 1D SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	CACO3 MG/L	MPN NO/100ML 5(2) Li0. 20. 16.0* 5.5* Li0.	MPN NO/100ML 5(0) 70. 160. 118.0 40.2 80.	F MG/L	S04 MG/L	C MG/L	e MG/L	N MG/L
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE		20.	140.					
* THESE STATISTICS IN STATION 00AL05BJ0810 RANGER CREEK JUNE 1989		54m 10s Long.	-	PR 3 UTM 11	662900E 5641	350n FOR JUN	07, 1989 TO JU	N 07, 1989
SUBM ID	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA N MG/L	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA N MG/L	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2 N MG/L	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL N MG/L	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED P MG/L	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL P MG/L	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.) P
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 75TH 90TH	110,2	572	1,07.5	1.57.2	19/1	1(0) .008 .008	1 (0) .013 .013	MG/L 1(0) .005 .005
SECONDARY CODE	26304L IRON	10401L RESIDUE	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL	00205L TOTAL	05L 14102L SILICA	21L 10451L RESIDUE	13303L ALUMINUM
SUBM	EXTRBLE.	NONFILTR.	TOMBIBITI	DISSOLVED SOLIDS (CALCD.)	DISSOLVED SOLIDS	REACTIVE S102	FILTERABLE	EXTRBLE.
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERACE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	₩G/L	MG/L 1(0) 1. 1.	NTU	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/1,	MG∕L
90TH SECONDARY CODE		07L						
STATION 00AL05BJ1100 IRON CREEK JUNE 1989	LAT. 50D 5	66M 25S LONG. NEAR 07505L	114D 37M 20S THE MOUTH 07562L	PR 3 UTM 11			07, 1989 TO JU	•
SUBM	NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA N	NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA	NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.)
SOBO ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	MG/L	₩G/L	N MG/L	N MG/L	N MG/L	P MG/L 1(0) .007 .007	P MG/L 1(0) .037 .937	P MG/L 1(0) .030 .030
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE						05ц	21L	

STATION 00AL05BJ1500 LAT. 50D 56M 30S LONG. 114D 34M 35S PR 3 UTM 11 670300E 5645900N FOR JUN 07, 1989 TO MAY 28, 1990 ELBOW RIVER

ELBOW RIVER			BELO	W PROVINCIAL PA	ARK				
		07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.)
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE	? i S	MG/L	N MG/L	N MG/L	N MG/L	N NG/L	P MG/L 2(0) ,005 .005	P MG/L 2(0) .033 .144 .089	P MG/L 2 {0} .028 .139 .084
STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	[[.000	.078	.078
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	}						05L	21L	
		26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH		FE MG/L	MG/L 2(0) 14. 194. 104.0 127.3	NTU	(CALCD.) MG/L	SOLIDS MG/L	SIO2 MG/L	MG/L	AL MG/L
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE									
SECONDARY CODE		26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	07L 10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH		fe Mg/L	MG/L 1(0) 1. 1.	NTU	(CALCD.) MG/L	MG/L	SIO2 MG/L	MG/L	AL MG/L
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE			97L						
STATION 00AL0 LYON MOUNTAIN JUNE 1989				. 114D 33M 30S I OF POND	PR 3 UTM	11 671400E 565	1200n for Jun	1 07, 1989 TO 3	TUN 07, 1989
	SÜBM	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA N	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA N	07119L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2 N	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL N	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED P	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL P	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.) P
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STO.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	ÎD	MG/L	MG/L	MG∕L	MG∕L	м́Ğ/L	MG/L 1(0) .017 .017 .017	MG/L 1(0) .152 .152	MG/L 1 (0) .135 .135
		26304L IRON EXTRBLE,	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	002011, TOTAL DISSOLVED	002051 TOTAL DISSOLVED	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	ID ID	FE MG/L	NG/L 1{0} 46. 46.	ntu	SOLIDS (CALCD.) MG/L	SOLIDS MG/L	SIO2 MG/L	MG/L	AL MG/L
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE			07L						

STATION 00AL05BJ1640 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1989			THE REDWOOD WAT	ER PLANT		350N FOR JUN	07, 1989 то м	AY 28, 1990
ctype.	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.)
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	MG/L	N MG/L	N MG/L	N MG/L	n MG/L	P MG/L 1(0) .015 .015	P MG/L 2(0) .035 .208 .122 .122	P MG/L 1(0) .193 .193
MEDIAN 50TH 75TH 90TH							.122	
SECONDARY CODE	0.530.45					05L	21L	
	26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SUBM 1D SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	FE MG/L	MG/L 2(0) 30. 169. 99.5 98.3	NTU	(CALCD.) MG/L	MG/L	SIO2 MG/L	MG/L	AL MG/L
75тн 90тн								
SECONDARY CODE STATION 00AL05BJ1660 ELBOW RIVER JUNE 1989	LAT. 51D	07L 0M 30s LONG. BELO	114D 29M 40S W REDWOOD MEADO	PR 3 UTM 1	l 675800g 5653	500n for jun	07, 1989 TO MA	NY 28, 1990
JONE 1767	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.)
SUEM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCHT:10TH	MG/L	n MG/L	MG/L	N MG/L	N MG/L	P MG/L 2(0) .002 .006 .004 .003	P MG/L 2(0) .035 .285 .160 .177	P MG/L 2(0) .033 .279 .156 .174
25TH 50TH 75TH						.004	.160	.156
90TH SECONDARY CODE						05L	21ь	
	26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SUBM 1D SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	FE MG/L	MG/L 2(0) 22. 364. 193.0 241.8	UTW	SOLIDS (CALCD.) MG/L	SOLIDS MG/L	SIO2 MG/L	MG/L	al mg/l
MEDIAN 50TH 75TH 90TH		193.0						
SECONDARY CODE STATION 00AL05BJ1740 ELBOW RIVER	LAT, 51D	07L 2M 50S LONG. ABOVE	114D 23M 40s E PIRMEZ CREEK	PR 3 UTW 11	682650E 56581	00n for jun	07, 1989 TO JU	N 25, 1990
JUNE 1989	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L N1TROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	MG/L 1 (0) .158 .158	MG/L	N MG/L	N MG/L 1(0)	KJELDAHL N MG/L 1(0) .08 .08	P MG/L 3(0) .005 .171 .061 .096	P MG/L 3 (0) .040 .260 .118 .123	(CALCD.) P MG/L 3 (0) .035 .089 .057 .028
75TH						.006	.054	.048
90TH SECONDARY CODE				11ь	21L	05L	21L	

	26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L Turbidity	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	FE MG/L	MG/L 3 (0) 39. 419. 169.3 216.3	мти	(CALCD.) MG/L	мд/L	SIO2 MG/L	MG/L	AL MG/L
75тн 90тн								
SECONDARY CODE STATION 00AL05BJ1750 PIRMEZ CREEK	LAT. 51D		. 114D 23M 50s	PR 3 UTM	11 682450E 565	7900N FOR JU	1 07, 1989 TO	JUN 25, 1990
JUNE 1989	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	15103t, PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.)
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH	MG/L 1(0) 1.130 1.130	n MG/L	N MG/L	N MG/L 1(0) .920 .920	N MG/L 1(0) .21 .21	P MG/L 3 (0) .003 .009 .006 .003	P MG/L 3(0) .015 .022 .018 .004	P MG/L 3 (0) .012 .013 .012 .001
MEDIAN SOTH						.005	.017	.012
90TH SECONDARY CODE				11£	21L	05L	21L	
	26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SUBM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	FE MG/L	MG/L 3(0) 4. 11. 8.3 3.8	NTU	(CALCD.) MG/L	MG/L	SIO2 MG/L	MG/L	AL MG/L
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE		07L						
STATION 00AL05BJ1755 MILLBURN CREEK JUNE 1989	LAT. 51D	2m 27s long. NEAR	114D 22M 31s THE MOUTH	PR 3 UTM 11	1 684000B 56574	100n for Jun	07, 1989 то л	N 25, 1990
SUBM	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOPAL AMMONIA N	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA N	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2 N	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL N	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED P	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL P	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.) P
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD. DEV. PERCNT: 10TH 25TH	MG/L 1(0) .813 .813	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L 1(0) .073 .073	MG/L 1(0) .74 .74	MG/L 3 (0) .024 .047 .035 ,012	MG/L 3(0) .036 .065 .050 .015	MG/L 3(0) .012 .018 .014 .003
MEDIAN SOTH						.035	.048	.013
90TH SECONDARY CODE				11L	21 և	05Ь	21L	
	26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SUEM ID SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH 75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE	FE MG/L	MG/L 3(0) 1. 7. 3.3 3.2 2. —	NTU	(CALCD.) MG/L	MG/L	SIO2 MG/L	MG/L	AL MG/L

STATION 00AL05BJ1760 SPRINGBANK CREEK JUNE 1989	LAT. 51D		114D 18M 10s THE MOUTH	PR 3 UTM 11	689100E 5656	750N FOR JUN	07, 1989 то мл	AY 28, 1990
SUBM	07602L NITROGEN DISSOLVED N	07505L NITROGEN TOTAL AMMONIA N	07562L NITROGEN DISSOLVED AMMONIA N	07110L NITROGEN DISSOLVED NO3 & NO2 N	07015L NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL N	15103L PHOSPHORUS DISSOLVED P	15406L PHOSPHORUS TOTAL P	15901L PHOSPHORUS PARTICULATE (CALCD.) P
SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STO.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	MG/L	MG∕L	MG/L	MG∕I,	мG/L	MG/L 2(0) .016 .058 .037 .030	MG/L 2(0) .017 .069 .043 .037	MG/L 2 (0) .001 .011 .006 .007
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE						05L	21L	and the state of t
	26304L IRON EXTRBLE.	10401L RESIDUE NONFILTR.	02074L TURBIDITY	00201L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	00205L TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	14102L SILICA REACTIVE	10451L RESIDUE FILTERABLE	13303L ALUMINUM EXTRBLE.
SUBM 1D SAMPLES (FLAGS) LOW HIGH AVERAGE STD.DEV. PERCNT:10TH 25TH MEDIAN 50TH	FE MG/L	MG/L 2(0) 2. 2. 2.0 .0	UTV	(CALED.) MG/L	MG/L	SIO2 MG/L	MG/L	AL MG/L
75TH 90TH SECONDARY CODE		07L						

ADENOIT3.BR

Appendix III: Elbow River herbicide/pesticide priority pollutants.

	ORGANONITROGEN PESTICIDES	
NAQUADAT CODE	COMPOUND	DETECTION LIMIT (mg/L ⁻¹)
94023	Atrazine	1.00
94024	Matacil ^R (Aminocarb)	100.00
93030	Bromacil (Isocil)	0.05
93033	Dinitramine ^R (Cobex ^R)	0.03
94025	Cyanazine	0.03
94026	Diazinon ^R	0.50
93034	Dinoseb	0.15
93035	Metribuzin	0.03
94027	Prometryne	1.50
93036	Propanil	0.70
94028	Propazine	1.00
94029	Simazine	1.00
93031	Terbacil	0.10
93032	Trifluralin (Treflan ^R)	0.03
	ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDES	
NAQUADAT		DETECTION
CODE	COMPOUND	LIMIT (mg/L ⁻¹)
94000	AsponR	0.50
94001	Crutomate (Ruelene ^R)	2.00
94002	Fensulfothion (Dasanit ^R)	4.00

NAQUADAT		DETECTION
CODE	COMPOUND	LIMIT (mg/L^{-1})
94000	Aspon ^R	0.50
94001	Crutomate (Ruelene ^R)	2.00
94002	Fensulfothion (Dasanit ^R)	4.00
94003	Dichlorovos (Vapona ^R , DDVP ^R)	0.20
94004	DEFR	0.05
94005	Demeton (Systox ^R)	7.00
95006	Dimethoate (Cygon ^R)	0.15
95007	Disulfoton (Di-Syston ^R)	25.00
95008	Ethion _	0.05
95009	Fethion ^R	1.25
95010	Fenitrothion	0.05
95011	Fonofos (Dyfonate ^R)	0.05
95012	Guthion ^R _	2.00
95013	Malathion ^R	0.17
95014	Methyl Parathion	0.05
95015	Methyl Trithion ^R	0.25
95016	Mevinphos ^R (Phosdrin ^R)	0.20
95017	MocapR	0.15
95018	Paraoxon ^R	0.10
95019	Parathion	0.06
95020	Phorate (Thimet ^R)	0.20
95021	Fenchlorphos ^R (Ronnel)	0.10
95022	Tetrachlorovinphos (Gardona ^K)	0.03

July 18/19, 1988 at: E/R at 9th Avenue Bridge, E/R at Sarcee Barracks Bridge, E/R d/s Glencoe Golf and Country Sampled: Club, E/R at Highway 22, Glencoe inflow channel

Results: No Detections

ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE SCAN

NAQUADAT CODE	COMPOUND	DETECTION LIMIT (mg/L ⁻¹)
93000	Alachlor	0.040
93001	alpha-Chlordane	0.020
93002	y-Chlordane	0.005
93003	Captan	0.150
93004	Dacthal ^R (Chlorthal Methyl)	0.010
93005	o,p'-DDD	0.010
93006	p,p'-DDD	0.010
93007	o,p'-DDE	0.010
93008	p,p'-DDE	0.010
93009	o,p'-DDT	0.020
93010	p,p'-DDT	0.020
93011	Diallate (Avadex ^R)	0.800
93012	Dieldrin	0.010
93013	Dursban ^R (Lorsban ^R , Chloropyrifos)	0.012
93014	alpha-Endosulfan	0.010
93015	beta-Endosulfan	0.010
93016	Endrin	0.010
93017	Heptachlor	0.010
93018	Heptachlor epoxide	0.010
93019	Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	0.005
93020	alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane	0.010
93021	beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane	0.010
93022	y-Hexachlorocyclohexane (Lindane)	0.010
93023	delta-Hexachlorocyclohexane	0.010
93024	Methoxychlor	0.030
93025	Mirex	0.020
93026	Perthane ^R	0.250
93027	Ramrod ^R (Propachlor)	0.100
93028	Triallate (Avadex BW ^K)	0.040

Sampled: July 18/19, 1988 at: E/R at 9th Avenue Bridge, E/R at Sarcee Barracks Bridge, E/R d/s Glencoe Golf and Country Club, E/R at Highway 22, Glencoe inflow channel

Results: No Detections

CHLORINATED HERBICIDE ACIDS SCAN

NAQUADAT CODE	COMPOUND	DETECTION LIMIT (mg/L ⁻¹)
93037	2,4-D	0.20
93038	2,4,5-T	0.20
93039	Pichloram (Tordon ^R)	0.30
93040	Diclofop-methyl (Hoe Grass ^R)	0.20
93041	Diclofop-methyl (Hoe Grass ^R) Dicamba (Banvel ^R)	0.20
93042	Silvex	0.30
93043	2,4-DB	0.30
93044	2.4-DP	0.20
N/A	MCPA	2.00

Sampled: July 18/19, 1988 at: E/R at 9th Avenue Bridge, E/R at

Sarcee Barracks Bridge, E/R d/s Glencoe Golf and Country

Club, E/R at Highway 22, Glencoe inflow channel

Results: No Detections

N/A	*Carbary1	0.20
N/A	*Carbofuran	1.0
N/A	Chloropyrifos	0.02
N/A	Dimethoate	0.15
N/A	Lindane	0.01
N/A	Malathion	0.17
N/A	Simazine	1.00
N/A	Trifluralin	0.03
N/A	Atrazine	1.0
N/A	Bromacil	0.05
N/A	Bromoxynil	0.20
N/A	Dicamba	0.20
N/A	MCPA	0.20
N/A	Picloram	0.30
N/A	Triallate	0.04
N/A	2,4-D	0.20

Sampled: Sept. 20, 1988 at: E/R at Highway 22

Sampled: Sept. 21, 1988 at: Glencoe Creek (near mouth), E/R at Sarcee

Barracks Bridge, E/R at 9th Avenue Bridge.

Results: No Detections

^{*} Also sampled on June 18/19, 1988 at Glencoe inflow channel, E/R at 9th Avenue Bridge, E/R at Sarcee Barracks Bridge, E/R d/s Glencoe Golf and Country Club, E/R at Highway 22

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

NAQUADAT CODE	T DETECTION COMPOUND LIMIT (µg/	L ⁻¹)
	Benzoic Acid 2.0	L- ¹)
95028 95029 95030 95031	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene 1.0 2-Chloronaphthalene 1.0 Hexachlorobenzene 1.0 Hexachlorobutadiene 5.0 Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 1.0 Hexachloroethane 5.0 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 1.0 Benzidine 2.0 2,4-Dinitrotoluene 1.0 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 1.0 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine 1.0 Nitrobenzene 1.0 n-Nitrosodiphenylamine 1.0 n-Nitroso-di-n-Propylamine 2.0 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether 1.0 Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane 1.0 Bis(2-Chlorophenyl Ether 1.0 Bis(2-Chlorophenyl Ether 1.0 Bis(2-Chlorophenyl Ether 1.0 Bis(2-Chlorophenyl Ether 1.0 Butylbenzylphthalate 1.0 Dibutylphthalate 1.0 Dibu	
95052 95053 95054 95055 Results:	Diethylphthalate 1.0 Dimethylphthalate 1.0 Di-n-Octylphthalate 1.0 Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 1.0 Detections	
95055 95055	Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate E/R at 9th Avenue Bridge 07/19/8 Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate E/R at Sarcee Barracks Bridge (07/19/88)	8 1.0 1.0
95055 95055	Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate E/R at Highway 22 (07/18/88) Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate E/R at Glencoe GC (07/18/88)	6.0 2.0
95055	Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate Glencoe inflow channel (07/19/88	3.0

Appendix IV. Tributary load as a percentage of upstream Elbow River load.

MAY 18

VARIABLE	E/R AT ALLEN BILL POND	MCLEAN CREEK	BRAGG CREEK	E/R U/S TWIN BRIDGES	LOTT CREEK
Flow	8.12	0.046	0.176	9.75	0.330
Alkalinity	122.0	177.0	160.0	137.0	169.0
Hardness	171.2	161.3	152.8	185.0	226.2
TDS	197.0	197.0	181.0	216.0	255.0
Ca	46.4	52.0	44.0	49.3	62.0
Mg	13.4	12.4	10.4	15.0	17.3
Na	1.0	6.0	8.3	2.0	4.0
K	0.35	1.17	1.1	0.55	0.88
HCO3	135.0	200.0	180.0	156.0	206.0
C1 o	0.8	4.0	3.2	1.5	2.9
S0 ₄	58.0	15.5	12.6	61.2	63.2
F1	0.31	0.16	0.13	0.32	0.28
Si	4.15	4.95	6.2	4.46	3.46
TON	0.090	0.340	0.260	0.150	0.230
NH4	0.010	0.020	0.020	0.010	0.010
NO2+NO3-N	0.107	0.043	0.023	0.065	L0.003
TKŇ	0.100	0.360	0.280	0.160	0.240
TN	0.207	0.403	0.303	0.225	0.243
DP	L0.003	0.005	0.004	0.003	0.008
pp	0.000	0.006	0.006	0.005	0.012
TP	0.003	0.011	0.010	0.008	0.020
TCOL (#/100 mL) L4.0	100.0	280.0	4.0	12.0
FCOL (#/100 mL)) L4.0	100.0	148.0	4.0	12.0
Pheno1s	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
A1*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
As	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ba∗	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cr	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cu	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fe	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zn*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DOC	0.7	7.5	4.6	1.0	1.7
POC	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1

^{*} Extractable

JUNE 7

VARIABLE	E/R AT ALLEN BILL POND	MCLEAN CREEK	BRAGG CREEK	E/R U/S TWIN BRIDGES	LOTT CREEK
Flow	14.3	0.114	0.248	19.0	0.345
Alkalinity	111.0	155.0	160.0	134.0	169.0
Hardness	143.0	161.3	158.3	181.8	233.7
TDS	152.0	175.0	183.0	201.0	258.0
Ca	39.4	44.1	44.2	50.0	65.0
Mg	10.8	12.4	11.6	13.8	17.3
Na	2.0	8.3	8.3	2.3	5.0
K	0.38	1.0	1.1	0.52	1.0
HCO ₃	135.0	189.0	195.0	163.0	206.0
C1 3	0.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	3.1
S0 ₄	29.2	14.8	10.9	47.2	61.0
FT	0.20	0.15	0.11	0.28	0.26
Si	2.75	5.42	9.54	4.77	3.99
TON	0.290	0.550	0.450	0.310	0.250
NH4	L0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.030
NO2+NO3-N	0.135	0.016	0.018	0.070	0.051
TKÑ	0.300	0.560	0.460	0.320	0.280
TN	0.435	0.576	0.478	0.390	0.331
DP	0.005	0.007	0.006	0.003	0.018
PP	0.077	0.022	0.023	0.034	0.006
TP	0.082	0.029	0.029	0.037	0.024
TCOL (#/100 mL) 16.0	100.0	1200.0	L4.0	0.001
FCOL (#/100 mL) L4.0	100.0	500.0	L4.0	36.0
Phenols	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Al*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
As	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ba*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cr	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cu	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fe	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zn*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DOC	1.6	8.7	5.5	0.80	1.8
POC	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.20	0.40

^{*} Extractable

JUNE 27

VARIABLE	E/R AT ALLEN	MCLEAN	BRAGG	E/R U/S	LOTT
	BILL POND	CREEK	CREEK	TWIN BRIDGES	CREEK
F.1	0 11	0 023	0.062	10 0	0.346
Flow	8.21 126.0	0.021 208.0	198.0	12.2 141.0	167.0
Alkalinity Hardness	170.6	213.3	189.6	180.8	213.7
TDS	189.0	228.0	217.0	203.0	244.0
		62.1	55.1	50.1	59.8
Ca	47.0				
Mg	12.9	14.1	12.6	13.5	15.6
Na	1.3	6.3	8.5	2.0	3.5
K	0.4	1.1	1.6	0.55	0.85
HCO3	141.0	254.0	241.0	172.0	204.0
C1	0.7	2.7	2.4	1.0	1.8
S0 ₄	47.1	10.8	8.5	46.9	57.8
Fl	0.28	0.15	0.14	0.30	0.26
Si	4.08	6.41	9.22	4.56	4.54
TON	0.390	0.740	0.700	0.150	0.620
NH4	L0.010	0.010	0.020	0.030	0.020
NO2+NO3-N	0.081	0.064	0.077	0.040	0.018
TKN	0.400	0.760	0.720	0.180	0.640
TN	0.481	0.824	0.797	0.220	0.658
DP	L0.003	0.005	0.005	L0.003	0.017
pp	0.00	0.003	0.007	0.000	0.010
TP	L0.003	0.008	0.012	L0.003	0.027
TCOL (#/100 mL	_) L4.0	430.0	630.0	92.0	64.0
FCOL (#/100 ml	.) L4.0	290.0	90.0	16.0	40.0
Phenols	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.004	0.006
Al*	L0.010	0.010	0.020	0.020	0.01
As	0.0002	0.0004	0.0005	L0.0002	0.003
Ba*	0.040	0.270	0.180	0.060	0.080
Cr	L0.001	L0.001	0.001	L0.001	L0.001
Cu	0.002	L0.001	L0.001	0.002	L0.001
Fe	0.01	0.12	0.16	0.02	0.13
Zn*	0.025	0.023	0.003	0.002	0.008
DOC	0.8	8.2	5.6	0.8	1.8
POC	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.4
	~	0,0	•••	V 1 L	~

^{*} Extractable

JULY 26

	/R AT ALLEN BILL POND	MCLEAN CREEK	BRAGG CREEK	E/R U/S TWIN BRIDGES	LOTT CREEK
Flow	5.61	0.008	0.038	9.02	0.317
Alkalinity	122.0	231.0	211.0	145.0	173.0
Hardness	182.4	238.3	201.8	197.7	223.3
TOS	198.0	252.0	230.0	214.0	247.0
Ca	50.3	68.3	59.3	55.7	62.8
Mg	13.8	16.4	13.0	14.2	16.1
Na	1.5	6.5	9.0	2.0	3.5
K	0.65	1.25	1.8	0.52	0.95
HCO3	149.0	282.0	257.0	177.0	211.0
c1	0.8	6.4	5.2	1.4	2.4
S0 ₄	53.4	7.2	6.6	51.4	53.7
Fl	0.34	0.19	0.16	0.31	0.32
Si	4.10	7.16	8.2	1.98	4.11
TON	0.090	0.230	0.390	0.110	0.180
NH ₄	L0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.060
NO2+NO3-N	0.072	0.104	0.111	0.017	L0.003
TKŇ	0.100	0.240	0.400	0.120	0.240
TN	0.172	0.344	0.511	0.137	0.243
DP	0.003	0.007	0.008	0.003	0.016
РР	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.001	0.013
ΤP	0.005	0.010	0.013	0.004	0.029
TCOL (#/100 mL)	4.0	20.0	56.0	20.0	128.0
FCOL (#/100 mL)	4.0	16.0	24.0	8.0	32.0
Phenols	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
A1*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
As	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ba*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cr	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cu	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fe	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zn*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DOC	0.20	4.2	4.6	1.4	2.0
POC	0.00	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.6

^{*} Extractable

AUGUST 9/10

VARIABLE	E/R AT ALLEN BILL POND	MCLEAN CREEK	BRAGG CREEK	E/R U/S TWIN BRIDGES	LOTT CREEK
Flow	10.1	0.044	0.24	6.51	0.351
Alkalinity	125.0	186.0	134.0	146.0	178.0
Hardness	171.5	183.3	130.2	191.8	217.0
TOS	185.0	207.0	156.0	209.0	246.0
Ca	48.0	52.4	38.1	54.5	61.1
Mg	12.5	12.7	8.5	13.5	15.6
Na	1.5	6.5	6.0	2.0	4.0
K	0.4	1.05	1.7	0.6	1.0
HCO3	152.0	227.0	163.0	178.0	217.0
C1 °	0.5	3.5	6.6	1.1	2.2
S0 ₄	43.1	11.5	7.7	44.7	51.2
F] "	0.30	0.16	0.12	0.30	0.28
Si	4.19	7.29	7.94	4.59	4.49
TON	0.170	0.420	0.540	0.090	2.00
NH ₄	LO.010	0.020	0.020	L0.010	0.20
N02+N03-N	0.079	0.015	0.021	0.041	0.031
TKÑ	0.180	0.440	0.560	0.100	0.220
TN	0.259	0.455	0.581	0.141	2.51
DP	0.003	0.008	0.006	L0.003	0.016
PР	0.001	0.008	0.010	0.001	0.005
TP	0.004	0.016	0.016	0.004	0.021
TCOL (#/100 mL) 20.0	230.0	530.0	70.0	156.0
FCOL (#/100 mL		190.0	120.0	14.0	128.0
Phenols	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
A1*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
As	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ba*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cr	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cu	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fe	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zn*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DOC	L0.10	9.0	7.3	LO.1	1.5
POC	0.00	0.4	0.3	L0.1	0.1

^{*} Extractable

AUGUST 30

VARIABLE	E/R AT ALLEN	MCLEAN	BRAGG	E/R U/S	LOTT
	BILL POND	CREEK	CREEK	TWIN BRIDGES	CREEK
r	0.04	0.000	0.750	30.0	0.000
Flow	8.34	0.039	0.153	12.2	0.352
Alkalinity	130.0	153.0	160.0	152.0	177.0
Hardness	187.8	167.0	161.6	189.0	208.0
TDS	199.0	179.0	180.0	213.3	239.7
Ca	52.9	48.7	47.7	51.9	56.2
Mg	13.5	11.0	10.3	14.4	16.4
Na	1.3	6.0	7.3	2.0	3.8
K	0.41	0.90	1.2	0.6	1.1
нсоз	158.0	187.0	195.0	185.3	215.8
C1	0.4	2.7	2.4	1.0	2.0
S0 ₄	48.1	11.0	6.9	47.2	49.1
F1	0.29	0.15	0.10	0.3	0.3
Si	4.20	7.15	7.70	4.6	4.40
TON	0.090	0.400	0.270	0.11	0.16
NH4	LO.010	0.020	0.010	0.01	0.02
N02+N03-N	0.069	0.019	0.021	0.026	0.037
TKÑ	0.100	0.420	0.280	0.12	0.18
TN	0.169	0.439	0.301	0.15	0.22
DP	L0.003	0.009	0.005	0.003	0.016
PP	0.002	0.006	0.005	0.001	0.010
TP	0.005	0.015	0.010	0.004	0.026
TCOL (#/100 ml		124.0	152.0	18.0	168.0
FCOL (#/100 ml		88.0	28.0	4.0	100.0
Phenols	L0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
A1*	L0.010	L0.010	0.010	L0.01	L0.01
As	L0.0002	L0.0002	L0.0002	0.0008	0.0002
Ba*	0.040	0.180	0.150	0.06	0.09
Cr	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001
Cu	0.002	L0.001	0.001	L0.001	L0.001
Fe	0.03	0.28	0.23	0.03	0.12
Zn*	0.025	0.010	L0.001	N/A	0.94
DOC	0.60	9.75	5.55	1.3	1.6
POC	0.65	0.25	0.10	0.1	0.4
1 00	0.03	0.63	0.10	V. I	U.4

^{*} Extractable

Appendix IV. (Cont'd.)

SEPTEMBER 20

VARIABLE	E/R AT ALLEN BILL POND	MCLEAN CREEK	BRAGG CREEK	E/R U/S TWIN BRIDGES	LOTT CREEK
Flow	6.68	0.088	0.341	8.12	0.318
Alkalinity	135.0	161.0	158.0	156.0	183.0
Hardness	187.9	163.3	149.5	197.4	292.9
TDS	205.0	182.0	172.0	218.0	237.8
Ca	52.1	46.4	43.5	53.6	53.0
Mg	14.0	11.5	9.9	15.4	17.1
Na	1.5	6.0	6.8	2.3	3.8
K	0.45	0.90	1.0	0.62	1.2
HCO3	165.0	196.0	193.0	190.2	223.1
C1 T	0.6	1.7	2.1	1.1	1.8
S0 ₄	51.4	10.1	5.9	46.7	45.2
FT	0.31	0.16	0.12	0.3	0.28
Si	4.40	8.30	8.2	4.8	5.20
TON	0.090	0.500	0.310	0.11	0.00
NH4	L0.010	0.020	0.010	L0.01	0.05
NO2+NO3-N	0.078	0.014	0.016	0.031	0.087
TKÑ	0.100	0.520	0.320	0.12	0.05
TN	0.178	0.534	0.336	0.15	0.35
DP	L0.003	0.011	0.004	L0.003	0.014
PP	0.004	0.017	0.013	0.000	0.011
TP	0.007	0.028	0.017	0.003	0.025
TCOL (#/100 ml	L) L4.0	100.0	156.0	88.0	600.0
FCOL (#/100 ml	L) L4.0	44.0	48.0	2.0	108.0
Phenols	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
A1*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
As	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ba*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cr	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cu	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fe	· N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zn*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DOC	1.5	9.6	5.0	1.6	2.3
POC	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0

^{*} Extractable

Appendix IV. (Cont'd.)

OCTOBER 11/12

VARIABLE	E/R AT ALLEN BILL POND	MCLEAN CREEK	BRAGG CREEK	E/R U/S TWIN BRIDGES	LOTT CREEK
Flow	6.00	0.029	0.151	6.09	0.313
Alkalinity	134.0	182.0	157.0	159.0	186.0
Hardness	189.6	186.9	155.9	201.4	230.1
TDS	210.1	205.6	176.6	221.9	249.6
Ca	52.3	54.0	45.4	56.2	64.7
Mg	14.3	12.6	10.3	14.8	16.6
Na	1.5	6.3	6.9	2.25	3.5
K	0.2	0.75	0.89	0.5	1.0
HCO3	163.3	221.9	191.4	193.8	226.7
C1	0.4	2.9	2.20	0.9	1.3
S0 ₄	56.1	11.9	8.4	46.9	44.7
F1	0.3	0.14	0.11	0.31	0.3
Si	4.26	7.70	8.07	4.5	5.55
TON	0.11	0.42	0.25	0.09	0.21
NHA	0.01	0.02	0.01	LO.01	0.07
NO2+NO3-N	0.080	0.036	0.025	0.029	0.082
TKŇ	0.12	0.44	0.26	0.10	0.28
Τ'N	0.20	0.48	0.29	0.13	0.36
DP	L0.003	0.007	0.003	L0.003	0.014
PP	0.000	0.004	0.003	0.000	0.012
TP	0.003	0.011	0.006	0.003	0.026
TCOL (#/100 ml	L) 8.0	24.0	160.0	24.0	100.0
FCOL (#/100 ml	L) L4.0	16.0	8.0	10.0	8.0
Pheno1s	L0.001	L0.001	0.001	L0.001	L0.001
A1*	L0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01
As	L0.0002	0.0006	0.0006	0.0002	0.0004
Ba*	0.04	0.21	0.14	0.06	0.09
Cr	0.002	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001
Cu	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001
Fe	0.01	0.24	0.24	0.02	0.11
Zn*	L0.001	0.014	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001
DOC	1.2	9.3	6.6	1.6	2.1
POC	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.2

^{*} Extractable

NOVEMBER 1

	/R AT ALLEN BILL POND	MCLEAN CREEK	BRAGG CREEK	E/R U/S TWIN BRIDGES	LOTT CREEK
Flow	5.40	0.026	0.123	4.93	0.329
Alkalinity	131.0	186.0	182.0	152.0	182.0
Hardness	205.4	192.7	196.0	222.9	244.6
TDS	238.1	213.4	209.7	253.7	276.8
Ca	56.3	56.0	52.8	62.5	68.7
Mg	15.7	12.8	15.6	16.2	17.7
Na	1.3	6.5	7.9	2.1	3.5
K	0.4	0.87	1.1	0.5	1.0
HCO3	159.7	226.7	223.0	185.3	221.9
C1 S	0.4	2.3	3.2	1.1	1.5
S0 ₄	80.5	15.4	11.5	75.0	68.5
Fl	0.34	0.14	0.11	0.3	0.28
Si	4.2	7.7	8.07	4.56	6.0
TON	0.11	0.35	0.23	0.13	0.16
NH4	L0.01	0.01	0.01	L0.01	0.10
NO2+NO3-N	0.081	0.028	0.049	0.049	0.104
TKÑ	0.12	0.36	0.24	0.14	0.26
TN	0.20	0.39	0.29	0.19	0.36
DP	L0.003	0.006	L0.003	L0.003	0.011
РP	0.002	0.008	0.003	0.000	0.008
TP	0.005	0.014	0.006	L0.003	0.019
TCOL (#/100 mL)	L4.0	28.0	28.0	18.0	132.0
FCOL (#/100 mL)	L4.0	4.0	8.0	8.0	16.0
Phenols	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
A1*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/Á
As	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ba*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cr	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cu	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fe	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zn*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DOC	L0.01	6.5	2.6	0.8	1.0
POC	L0.04	0.1	1.1	0.1	0.7

^{*} Extractable

DECEMBER 7

VARIABLE	E/R AT ALLEN BILL POND	MCLEAN CREEK	BRAGG CREEK	E/R U/S TWIN BRIDGES	LOTT CREEK
Flow	3.66	0.014	0.050	3.60	0.334
Alkalinity	131.0	234.0	219.0	151.0	178.0
Hardness	212.0	258.4	224.9	217.4	237.5
TDS	231.2	267.1	246.9	248.5	266.9
Ca	57.8	75.2	65.1	60.3	66.2
Mg	16.4	17.1	15.1	16.2	17.5
Na	1.4	6.8	8.9	2.4	3.5
K	0.35	0.95	1.09	0.7	0.97
HCO3	159.7	285.2	267.0	184.1	217.0
C1 T	0.50	4.1	3.7	1.4	1.90
S0 ₄	71.0	13.3	12.5	72.0	63.5
F1	0.33	0.15	0.11	0.29	0.28
Si	4.34	8.56	8.50	4.30	5.8
TON	0.11	0.31	0.23	0.09	0.15
NH4	L0.01	0.01	L0.01	L0.01	0.09
NO2+NO3-N	0.103	0.126	0.102	0.068	0.101
TKÑ	0.12	0.32	0.24	0.10	0.24
TN	0.22	0.45	0.34	0.17	0.34
DP	L0.003	0.007	0.004	L0.003	0.013
pр	0.000	0.008	0.005	0.001	0.005
TP	0.003	0.015	0.009	0.004	0.018
TCOL (#/100 mL) L4.0	8.0	12.0	18.0	4.0
FCOL (#/100 mL) L4.0	8.0	4.0	18.0	L4.0
Phenols	0.001	0.001	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001
A1*	L0.01	LO.01	L0.01	0.03	0.02
As	0.0002	0.0004	0.0006	L0.0002	0.0003
Ba*	0.04	0.31	0.17	0.06	01.0
Cr	L0.001	LO.001	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001
Cu	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001	LO.001	L0.001
Fe	0.03	0.12	0.17	0.05	0.04
Zn*	L0.001	0.020	L0.001	L0.001	L0.001
DOC	0.7	4.7	2.5	0.7	0.4
POC	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.6

^{*} Extractable

JANUARY 3-5

	/R AT ALLEN BILL POND	MCLEAN CREEK	BRAGG CREEK	E/R U/S TWIN BRIDGES	LOTT CREEK
Flow	3.1	0.006	0.03	2.38	0.349
Alkalinity	129.0	276.0	234.0	179.0	169.0
Hardness	210.3	300.7	253.9	270.7	237.7
TOS	235.2	305.5	275.1	296.3	250.4
Ca	57.1	89.0	73.9	75.2	66.6
Mg	16.4	19.0	16.8	20.1	17.3
Na	1.5	6.2	10.7	2.7	3.5
K	0.43	1.1	1.58	0.81	0.95
HCO3	157.3	336.0	285.0	218.2	206.0
C1 o	0.50	5.6	6.5	1.7	1.7
SO ₄	77.0	10.2	15.1	82.5	54.1
Fl	0.33	0.15	0.12	0.31	0.27
Si	4.05	7.65	9.10	5.24	4.07
TON	0.07	0.19	0.19	0.07	0.20
NH4	L0.01	L0.01	L0.01	L0.01	0.10
NO2+NO3-N	0.106	0.230	0.210	0.072	0.112
TKN	0.08	0.20	0.20	0.08	0.30
TN	0.19	0.43	0.41	0.15	0.41
DP	L0.003	0.003	0.003	L0.003	0.012
PP	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.004
ΤP	L0.003	0.004	0.004	0.003	0.016
TCOL (#/100 mL)	L4.0	L4.0	8.0	22.0	164.0
FCOL (#/100 mL)	L4.0	L4.0	L4.0	6.0	4.0
Pheno1s	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
A1*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
As	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ba*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cr	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cu	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fe	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zn*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DOC	1.1	3.8	3.1	1.3	1.7
POC	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.1

^{*} Extractable

FEBRUARY 8

VARIABLE	E/R AT ALLEN BILL POND	MCLEAN CREEK	BRAGG CREEK	E/R U/S TWIN BRIDGES	LOTT CREEK
Flow	1.93	0.003	0.02	2.09	0.300
Alkalinity	138.0	295.0	239.0	172.0	178.0
Hardness	230.3	277.0	251.3	257.9	251.4
TDS	250.6	309.7	281.5	280.8	274.6
Ca	63.3	79.2	73.2	72.7	71.1
Mg	17.5	19.2	16.6	18.5	17.9
Na	1.6	6.0	10.6	2.7	3.3
K	0.42	1.07	1.76	0.6	0.96
HCO ₃	168.2	359.0	291.3	209.7	217.0
C1	0.6	6.40	6.70	2.00	2.00
S0 ₄	79.0	11.4	18.8	75.5	65.5
Fl	0.39	0.14	0.12	0.33	0.31
Si	4.50	8.0	9.1	4.80	6.20
TON	0.09	0.19	0.29	0.11	0.20
NH4	L0.01	L0.01	L0.01	L0.01	0.08
NO2+NO3-N	0.118	0.288	0.284	0.104	0.12
TKÑ	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.12	0.28
TN	0.22	0.49	0.58	0.22	0.40
DP	L0.003	0.003	0.003	L0.003	0.009
PP	0.000	0.001	0.002	0.000	0.008
TP	L0.003	0.004	0.005	L0.003	0.017
TCOL (#/100 mL	.) L4.0	L4.0	10.0	4.0	120.0
FCOL (#/100 mL	.) L4.0	L4.0	10.0	4.0	92.0
Phenols	0.001	0.001	0.001	L0.001	0.002
A1*	0.01	0.01	0.01	L0.01	0.03
As	0.0002	0.0003	0.0003	L0.0002	0.0003
Ba⊁	0.05	0.49	0.19	0.07	0.10
Cr	0.001	0.002	L0.001	0.001	L0.001
Cu	L0.001	L0.001	0.001	L0.001	0.001
Fe	0.01	0.06	0.07	0.01	0.11
Zn*	0.001	0.19	0.001	0.001	0.001
DOC	0.8	2.7	3.3	1.1	1.0
POC	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.2

^{*} Extractable

MARCH 8

VARIABLE	E/R AT ALLEN	MCLEAN	BRAGG	E/R U/S	LOTT
	BILL POND	CREEK	CREEK	TWIN BRIDGES	CREEK
Flow	N/A	N/A	N/A	261	N/A
Alkalinity	133.0	307.0	246.0	153.0	171.0
Hardness	210.0	306.1	233.4	219.0	225.8
TDS	239.2	328.4	277.4	249.6	258.6
Ca	57.5	90.5	67.0	61.0	62.0
Mg	16.1	19.4	16.0	16.1	17.2
Na	1.6	6.2	11.2	2.4	3.2
K	0.38	1.07	1.6	0.5	0.8
HCO ₃	162.0	374.2	300.0	187.0	208.4
C1	0.70	8.0	6.4	1.7	2.0
S0 ₄	78.0	10.5	18.5	71.0	65.5
F1	0.39	0.16	0.12	0.31	0.27
Si	4.3	7.16	8.95	4.35	5.0
TON	0.09	0.21	0.23	0.15	0.23
NH4	LO.01	L0.01	0.01	L0.01	0.01
NO2+NO3-N	0.105	0.28	0.24	0.095	0.074
TKŃ	0.10	0.22	0.24	0.16	0.24
TN	0.20	0.50	0.48	0.26	0.31
DP	L0.003	0.003	0.004	L0.003	L0.003
pp	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.001
TP	0.004	0.005	0.006	L0.003	0.004
TCOL (#/100 ml	L) L4.0	L4.0	8.0	10.0	164.0
FCOL (#/100 ml		L4.0	4.0	8.0	60.0
Phenols	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
A1*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
As	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ba*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cr	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cu	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fe	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zn*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DOC	1.1	1.9	3.2	0.8	2.1
POC	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1

^{*} Extractable