

Alberta Provincial
Electoral Divisions

Edmonton- Glenora

Compiled from the 2016 Census of Canada

Introduction

The following report produced by the Office of Statistics and Information presents a statistical profile for the Provincial Electoral Division (PED) of Edmonton-Glenora. A PED is a territorial unit represented by an elected Member to serve in the Alberta Provincial Legislative Assembly. This profile is based on the electoral boundaries that will be in effect for the 2019 Provincial General Election.

General characteristics of the PED of Edmonton-Glenora are described with statistics from the 2016 Census of Canada, including: age, sex, marital status, household types, language, Aboriginal identity, citizenship, ethnic origin, place of birth, visible minorities, mobility, dwellings, education, labour force and income.

Users are advised to refer to the endnotes of this profile for further information regarding data quality and definitions.

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact:

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Provincial Electoral Division of Edmonton-Glenora*

Population**

Total population	45,370	
Males	22,815	50.3%
Females	22,560	49.7%

Age Groups**

0-4 years	2,700	6.0%
5-17 years	5,565	12.3%
18-24 years	3,925	8.7%
25-44 years	14,505	32.0%
45-64 years	12,790	28.2%
65 years and over	5,880	13.0%

Legal Marital Status**

Total population 15 years and over by Marital Status⁽¹⁾	38,375	
Single (never legally married)	13,010	33.9%
Legally Married (and not separated)	14,475	37.7%
Separated (but not divorced)	1,185	3.1%
Divorced	3,540	9.2%
Widowed	1,855	4.8%
Common-law	4,310	11.2%

Household Type**

Total Private households by household type	19,615	
One-census-family households	10,860	55.4%
Multiple-census-family households	335	1.7%
Non-census family households	8,425	43.0%
One-person households	6,770	34.5%
Two-or-more person non-census family households	1,650	8.4%

Population by Household Type**

Number of persons in private households	44,230	
Number of persons in census families	32,100	
Total number of non-family persons in private households	12,130	
Males not in census families	6,615	54.5%
Females not in census families	5,515	45.5%
Average household size	2.3	

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Family Structure**

Total number of census families in private households⁽²⁾	11,530	
Total couple families by family structure	9,015	78.2%
Married couples	6,855	59.5%
Common-law couples ⁽¹⁾	2,155	18.7%
Couples without children	4,595	39.9%
Couples with children	4,415	38.3%
1 child	1,950	16.9%
2 children	1,710	14.8%
3 or more children	755	6.5%
Total lone-parent families	2,520	21.9%
1 child	1,690	14.7%
2 children	610	5.3%
3 or more children	215	1.9%
Lone parent female headed	1,940	16.8%
Lone parent male headed	575	5.0%
Average family size	2.8	

Home Language^{(3)**}

Single responses	43,005	95.2%
English	37,470	87.1%
French	410	1.0%
Non-official languages	5,135	11.9%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	1,000	2.3%
Punjabi (Panjabi)	60	0.1%
Cantonese	280	0.7%
Mandarin	170	0.4%
German	45	0.1%
Spanish	435	1.0%
Multiple responses	2,155	4.8%

Knowledge of Official Languages^{(4)**}

English only	41,065	90.9%
French only	100	0.2%
English and French	3,450	7.6%
Neither English nor French	550	1.2%

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Aboriginal Identity Population^{(5)***}

Total Population	45,370	
Non-Aboriginal Population	40,495	89.3%
Total Aboriginal Population	3,705	8.2%
Single Aboriginal responses ⁽⁶⁾	3,605	97.3%
First Nations (North American Indian)	1,795	48.4%
Métis	1,760	47.5%
Inuit	55	1.5%
Multiple Aboriginal responses ⁽⁷⁾	60	1.6%
Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere ⁽⁸⁾	30	0.8%

Citizenship***

Total population in private households by citizenship	44,200	
Canadian citizens⁽⁹⁾	38,845	87.9%
Canadian citizens under age 18	7,440	19.2%
Canadian citizens aged 18 and over	31,400	80.8%
Not Canadian citizens	5,355	12.1%

Immigrant Population by Period of Immigration***

Total Population by Immigrant Status	44,200	
Non-immigrant population⁽¹⁰⁾	33,035	74.7%
Immigrant population⁽¹¹⁾	10,005	22.6%
Period of Immigration:		
Before 1981	1,935	19.3%
1981 to 1990	935	9.3%
1991 to 2000	1,290	12.9%
2001 to 2010	2,665	26.6%
2001 to 2005	910	9.1%
2006 to 2010	1,750	17.5%
2011 to 2016	3,185	31.8%
Non-permanent residents⁽¹²⁾	1,155	2.6%

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Place of Birth***

Total immigrant population by selected places of birth	10,005	
Americas	1,280	12.8%
Europe	2,320	23.2%
Africa	1,920	19.2%
Asia and the Middle East	4,365	43.6%
Oceania and other places of birth ⁽¹³⁾	120	1.2%

Visible Minorities⁽¹⁴⁾***

Total Population by Visible Minority	44,200	
Not a visible minority	33,455	75.7%
Visible minority population	10,750	24.3%
South Asian	1,175	10.9%
Chinese	1,180	11.0%
Black	2,910	27.1%
Filipino	2,825	26.3%
Latin American	740	6.9%
Arab	480	4.5%
Southeast Asian	585	5.4%
West Asian	190	1.8%
Korean	45	0.4%
Japanese	45	0.4%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	135	1.3%
Multiple visible minorities	440	4.1%

Ethnic Origin ^{(15)(16)***}

Total Population in Private Households by Ethnic Origins	44,200	
North American Aboriginal origins	4,265	9.6%
Other North American origins (e.g., Canadian, American, Acadian)	8,955	20.3%
European origins	29,390	66.5%
British Isles origins	17,085	38.7%
French origins	5,030	11.4%
Western European origins (except French origins)	9,800	22.2%
German	7,070	16.0%
Northern European origins (except British Isles origins)	3,280	7.4%
Eastern European origins	8,340	18.9%
Ukrainian	5,120	11.6%
Southern European origins	2,895	6.5%
Other European origins	520	1.2%
Caribbean origins	660	1.5%
Latin, Central and South American origins	995	2.3%
African origins	2,935	6.6%
Central and West African origins	670	1.5%
North African origins	325	0.7%
Southern and East African origins	1,335	3.0%
Other African origins	655	1.5%
Asian origins	7,150	16.2%
West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins	895	2.0%
Lebanese	270	0.6%
South Asian origins	1,195	2.7%
East Indian	965	2.2%
Pakistani	65	0.1%
East and Southeast Asian origins	5,125	11.6%
Chinese	1,525	3.5%
Filipino	2,945	6.7%
Vietnamese	555	1.3%
Other Asian origins	15	0.0%
Oceania origins	125	0.3%

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Mobility Status***

Total Population by Mobility status 1 year ago⁽¹⁷⁾	43,620	
Non-movers	35,495	81.4%
Movers	8,130	18.6%
Non-migrants	5,845	13.4%
Migrants	2,280	5.2%
Internal migrants	1,645	3.8%
Intraprovincial migrants	1,015	2.3%
Interprovincial migrants	630	1.4%
External migrants	635	1.5%
Total Population by Mobility status 5 years ago⁽¹⁸⁾	41,530	
Non-movers	21,840	52.6%
Movers	19,685	47.4%
Non-migrants	11,620	28.0%
Migrants	8,060	19.4%
Internal migrants	5,005	12.1%
Intraprovincial migrants	2,295	5.5%
Interprovincial migrants	2,710	6.5%
External migrants	3,055	7.4%

Dwelling Type**

Total occupied private dwellings	19,610	
Single-detached house	9,640	49.2%
Semi-detached house	1,000	5.1%
Row house	765	3.9%
Apartment or flat in a duplex	870	4.4%
Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys	495	2.5%
Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys	6,835	34.9%
Other single-attached house	10	0.1%
Movable dwelling ⁽¹⁹⁾	0	0.0%

Dwelling Tenure and Characteristics***

Owner	10,310	52.7%
Renter	9,260	47.3%
Band housing	0	0.0%
Median value of dwellings (\$)	\$359,159	
Average number of rooms per dwelling	5.8	

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Dwellings by Need of Repair***

Only regular maintenance or minor repairs needed	17,605	90.0%
Major repairs needed	1,960	10.0%

Dwellings by Period of Construction***

Total number of occupied private dwellings by period of construction	19,565	
1960 or before	9,640	49.3%
1961 to 1980	5,760	29.4%
1981 to 1990	1,215	6.2%
1991 to 2000	1,005	5.1%
2001 to 2005	610	3.1%
2006 to 2010	495	2.5%
2011 to 2016	845	4.3%

Dwelling Costs by Tenure***

Total non-farm, non-reserve occupied private dwellings	19,470
Number of tenant households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings	9,260
Median monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$) ⁽²⁰⁾	\$1,072
% of tenant households spending 30% or more of total income on shelter costs	38.6%
Number of owner households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings	10,305
Median monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$) ⁽²¹⁾	\$1,328
% of owner households spending 30% or more of total income on shelter costs	16.2%

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Highest Level of Schooling^{(22)***}

Total population 25 to 64 years	26,965	
No certificate, diploma or degree	3,290	12.2%
Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate⁽²³⁾	6,835	25.3%
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	16,835	62.4%
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	2,630	9.8%
Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification ⁽²⁴⁾	905	3.4%
Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification ⁽²⁵⁾	1,725	6.4%
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	5,585	20.7%
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	960	3.6%
University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	7,665	28.4%
Bachelor's degree	5,190	19.2%
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	465	1.7%
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	235	0.9%
Master's degree	1,445	5.4%
Earned doctorate	325	1.2%

Postsecondary Qualifications, Field of Study^{(26)***}

Total population 25 to 64 years	26,965	
Education	1,010	2.7%
Visual and performing arts & communications technologies	770	2.1%
Humanities	805	2.2%
Social and behavioural sciences and law	2,040	5.5%
Business, management and public administration	3,410	9.2%
Physical and life sciences and technologies	550	1.5%
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	650	1.8%
Architecture, engineering, and related technologies	3,965	10.7%
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	260	0.7%
Health and related fields	2,500	6.7%
Personal, protective and transportation services	875	2.4%
Other fields of study	0	0.0%
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	10,130	27.3%

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Labour Force Status^{(27)***}

Total population 15 years and over	37,140		
In the labour force	26,885	Participation Rate	72.4%
Employed	24,190	Employment Rate	65.1%
Unemployed	2,690	Unemployment Rate	10.0%
Not in the labour force	10,255		
Males - 15 years and over	18,745		
In the labour force	14,255	Participation Rate	76.0%
Employed	12,665	Employment Rate	67.6%
Unemployed	1,585	Unemployment Rate	11.1%
Not in the labour force	4,490		
Females - 15 years and over	18,395		
In the labour force	12,630	Participation Rate	68.7%
Employed	11,525	Employment Rate	62.7%
Unemployed	1,105	Unemployment Rate	8.7%
Not in the labour force	5,765		

Labour Force by Sex and Class of Worker***

Males - All classes of workers	14,255	53.0%
Employee	12,335	45.9%
Self-employed ⁽²⁸⁾	1,595	5.9%
Class of worker - not applicable ⁽²⁹⁾	320	1.2%
Females - All classes of workers	12,635	47.0%
Employee	11,415	42.5%
Self-employed	900	3.3%
Class of worker - not applicable	310	1.2%

Labour Force by Major Occupation Groups (NOC 2016)^{(30)***}

Total experienced labour force 15 years and over	26,885	
Males - All occupations	14,255	53.0%
Management occupations	1,330	4.9%
Business, finance and administration occupations	1,350	5.0%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	1,295	4.8%
Health occupations	335	1.2%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services	970	3.6%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	380	1.4%
Sales and service occupations	2,630	9.8%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	4,760	17.7%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	295	1.1%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	590	2.2%
Occupation - not applicable	320	1.2%
Females - All occupations	12,635	47.0%
Management occupations	1,050	3.9%
Business, finance and administration occupations	2,915	10.8%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	430	1.6%
Health occupations	1,390	5.2%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services	1,885	7.0%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	515	1.9%
Sales and service occupations	3,550	13.2%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	385	1.4%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	60	0.2%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	150	0.6%
Occupation - not applicable	310	1.2%

Labour Force by Industry (NAICS 2012)^{(31)***}

Total experienced labour force 15 years and over	26,885	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	95	0.4%
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	405	1.5%
Utilities	130	0.5%
Construction	3,040	11.3%
Manufacturing	1,415	5.3%
Wholesale trade	1,330	4.9%
Retail trade	2,825	10.5%
Transportation and warehousing	1,280	4.8%
Information and cultural industries	470	1.7%
Finance and insurance	780	2.9%
Real estate and rental and leasing	530	2.0%
Professional, scientific and technical services	1,990	7.4%
Management of companies and enterprises	35	0.1%
Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	1,290	4.8%
Educational services	1,655	6.2%
Health care and social assistance	3,105	11.5%
Arts, entertainment and recreation	585	2.2%
Accommodation and food services	2,105	7.8%
Other services (except public administration)	1,405	5.2%
Public administration	1,785	6.6%
Industry - not applicable	630	2.3%

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Labour Force by Sex and Place of Work***

Total employed labour force 15 years and over	24,195	
Males in employed labour force	12,670	52.4%
Worked at usual place	9,400	38.9%
Worked at home	540	2.2%
Worked outside Canada	35	0.1%
No fixed workplace address	2,695	11.1%
Females in employed labour force	11,525	47.6%
Worked at usual place	9,905	40.9%
Worked at home	730	3.0%
Worked outside Canada	0	0.0%
No fixed workplace address	890	3.7%

Employed Labour Force by Mode of Transportation^{(32)***}

Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force in private households	22,890	
Car, truck, van - as a driver	16,100	70.3%
Car, truck, van - as a passenger	1,350	5.9%
Public transit	3,510	15.3%
Walked	970	4.2%
Bicycle	690	3.0%
Other method	285	1.2%

Employment Income (2015) by Sex and Work Activity^{(33)***^}

Population aged 15 years and over who worked full year, full time and with employment income in 2015	13,550
Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$57,908
Males Employed - 15 years and over	7,485
Median male employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers(\$)	\$62,539
Females Employed - 15 years and over	6,060
Median female employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$53,285

Total Income (2015) by Sex^{(34)*^}**

Total population 15 years and over with income	35,505	
Males 15 years and over with total income	17,860	50.3%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	1,610	4.5%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	2,010	5.7%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2,165	6.1%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1,830	5.2%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	2,020	5.7%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,655	4.7%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,455	4.1%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,155	3.3%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	870	2.5%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	675	1.9%
\$100,000 and over	2,415	6.8%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,550	4.4%
\$150,000 and over	870	2.5%
Median total income (\$)	\$46,143	
Females 15 years and over with total income	17,640	49.7%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	2,325	6.5%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	2,895	8.2%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2,840	8.0%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	2,130	6.0%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1,865	5.3%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,490	4.2%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,060	3.0%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	705	2.0%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	555	1.6%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	490	1.4%
\$100,000 and over	1,285	3.6%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	830	2.3%
\$150,000 and over	455	1.3%
Median total income (\$)	\$33,198	

Household Income (2015)^{(35)***^}

Total private households	19,570	
Under \$5,000	340	1.7%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	240	1.2%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	345	1.8%
\$15,000 to \$19,999	790	4.0%
\$20,000 to \$24,999	1,025	5.2%
\$25,000 to \$29,999	640	3.3%
\$30,000 to \$34,999	710	3.6%
\$35,000 to \$39,999	755	3.9%
\$40,000 to \$44,999	695	4.1%
\$45,000 to \$49,999	805	4.1%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,535	7.8%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,370	7.0%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,340	6.8%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,275	6.5%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	1,045	5.3%
\$100,000 and over	6,655	34.0%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	2,025	10.3%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	1,490	7.6%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,700	8.7%
\$200,000 and over	1,440	7.4%
Median household income (\$)	\$73,926	

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Economic Family Income (2015)^{(36)***^}

Total number of economic families	11,665
Median family income (\$)	\$94,442
Couple families	4,195
Median family income (\$)	\$95,850
Couple-with-children economic families	4,520
Median family income (\$)	\$113,985
Lone-parent economic families	2,305
Median family income (\$)	\$59,129

Incidence of Low Income in 2015 on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT)^{(37)***^}

Population in Low Income⁽³⁸⁾	5,645	12.8%
Aged 0 to 17 years	1,455	17.4%
Aged 0 to 5 years	545	17.0%
Aged 18 to 64 years	3,560	11.5%
Aged 65 years and over	635	12.7%
Males in Low Income	2,780	12.4%
Females in Low Income	2,860	13.1%

Endnotes:

The global non-response rate (GNR) for Edmonton-Glenora is 5.9%. The GNR combines both complete non-response (household) and partial non-response (question) into a single rate. The GNR is an indication of data quality, where a smaller GNR suggest greater accuracy and a lower risk of non-response bias. When the GNR is 50% or above, the data are suppressed. The GNR is identified for each region. A higher GNR indicates the need for user caution.

Data in this report have been specially tabulated from the Statistic Canada 2016 Census of Canada, by allocation of the Statistics Canada block face reference points to PEDs

- ^ Income statistics presented in this report are based on 25% sample data from 2016 Census. Statistics Canada has also released income data using a 100% sample, as such, Alberta income statistics in this report may not match data presented elsewhere. Income statistics from the 100% sample was not available at the PED level at the time of publication.
- * Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.
- ** 100% Data
- *** 25% Sample Data
- (1) All persons under the age of 15 years are considered 'never married' and not living common-law.
 - (2) Census family is defined as a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.
 - (3) Language spoken most often at home at the time of the Census. More than one language can be reported if the languages are spoken equally often. Caution is advised when using for historical comparability purposes.
 - (4) Refers to whether a person can conduct a conversation in the language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages the child is learning.
 - (5) Includes persons who reported being an Aboriginal person (First Nations/North American Indian, Métis or Inuk/Inuit) and/or having Registered or Treaty Indian status, and/or membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Estimates associated with this variable are most affected by the incomplete enumeration of Indian reserves or settlements. Permission for enumeration was not given for Saddle Lake 125, and data is not available for this region.
 - (6) Includes persons who indicated only one Aboriginal group (i.e. First Nations, Metis or Inuit).
 - (7) Includes persons who indicated any two or all three of First Nations, Metis or Inuit.
 - (8) Includes persons who are not First Nations, Metis or Inuit, but who reported Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
 - (9) Includes Canadian citizens by birth and naturalization.
 - (10) Persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.
 - (11) Persons who are, or have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. This category includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.
 - (12) Includes persons from another country who have a work or study permit or who are refugee claimants, and their family members living in Canada with them.
 - (13) Includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere (i.e. born at sea).
 - (14) Refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the *Employment Equity Act*, and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. Under the *Act*, visible minorities are "persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour."
 - (15) Refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors (usually more distant than a grandparent).
 - (16) The sum of the ethnic groups in this table is greater than the total population count because a person may report more than one ethnic origin.

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- (17) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier. Non-migrants are persons who moved but remained in the same city, town, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different jurisdiction (such as a city or town) but remained within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- (18) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier.
- (19) Includes mobile homes and other dwellings such as houseboats, recreational vehicles and railroad cars.
- (20) All expenses paid by household renters including monthly rent, electricity, heat, water and other municipal services where applicable.
- (21) All expenses paid by household owners including mortgage, electricity, heat, water, taxes, condominium fees, and other municipal services where applicable.
- (22) Highest level of education a person has successfully completed and measures the broader concept of 'Educational Attainment'. A person who has completed one type of certification will not necessarily have completed the certification below it in the hierarchy. For example, a person with a trades certificate may not have completed a high school certification.
- (23) Includes only people who have this as their highest educational qualification. Excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.
- (24) Includes trades certificates/diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates from brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and the like.
- (25) Includes Journey person's designations.
- (26) The main discipline or subject of learning for the person's highest completed postsecondary qualification, classified according to the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) Canada 2016.
- (27) Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of May 1-7, 2016.
- (28) Includes persons aged 15 years and over with or without an incorporated business with or without paid help, as well as unpaid family workers.
- (29) Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment, or who had last worked prior to January 1, 2015.
- (30) Refers to the kind of work performed by persons during the week of May 1-7, 2016, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job, according to the National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2016.
- (31) Refers to the general nature of the business carried out where the person worked, classified according to the North American Industry Classification (NAICS) 2012.
- (32) Census assumes that commute to work begins at the usual place of residence, but this may not always be the case.
- (33) Includes all income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice in the calendar year of 2015. Full-time full-year workers are those who worked 30 hours or more per week for at least 49 weeks in the calendar year of 2015.
- (34) Total income refers to monetary receipts from certain sources (e.g., employment income, government transfer, Old Age Security, income from investment, spousal support etc.), before income taxes and deductions, during calendar year 2015.
- (35) Total income of all household members, before income taxes and deductions for the calendar year of 2015.
- (36) Total income of all economic family members, before income taxes and deductions for the calendar year of 2015. An economic family refers to a group of two or more people who live in the same dwelling and are related by blood, marriage, common-law union, adoption or foster relationship. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. By definition, all people who are members of a census family are also members of an economic family. However, members of an economic family need not be members of the same census family.
- (37) The low-income measure after tax (LIM-AT) is a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of households. The household after-tax income is adjusted to take economies of scale into account. The adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase, but at a decreasing rate, as the number of members increases. LIM-AT is not related or comparable to the low-income cut-offs (LICO) in the 2006 Census. Direct comparisons with low-income estimates from other sources is discouraged; however, it is appropriate to compare this low-income data for the 87 PEDs presented here.
- (38) The income situation in relation to a specific low-income line, with those below the line considered to be in low income. Low income concepts are not applied in certain areas based on census subdivision types (i.e. Indian reserves). Substantial in-kind transfers (i.e. subsidized and/or band housing), barter economies and/or consumption from hunting, farming or fishing, could make the interpretation of low income statistics difficult in these cases.