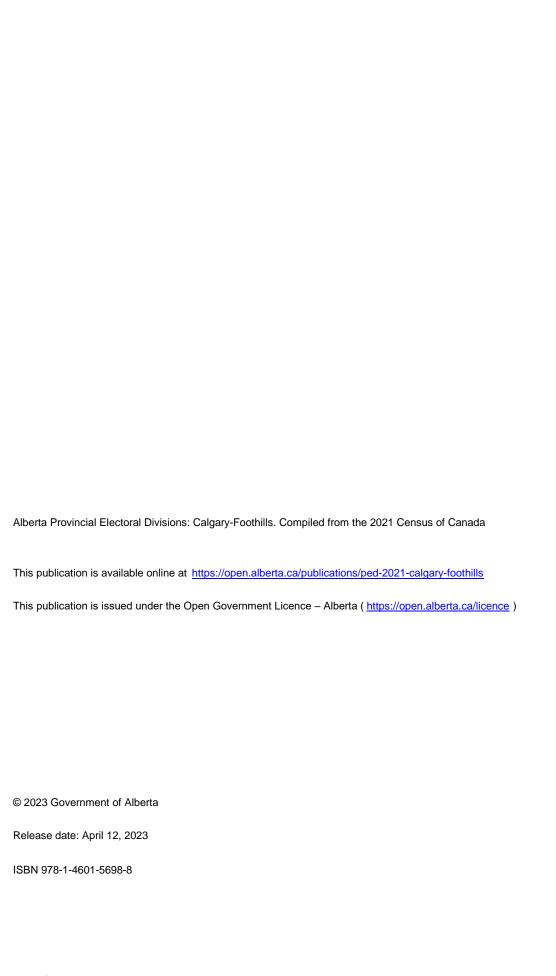
Alberta provincial electoral divisions

Compiled from the 2021 Census of Canada

Calgary-Foothills





Introduction

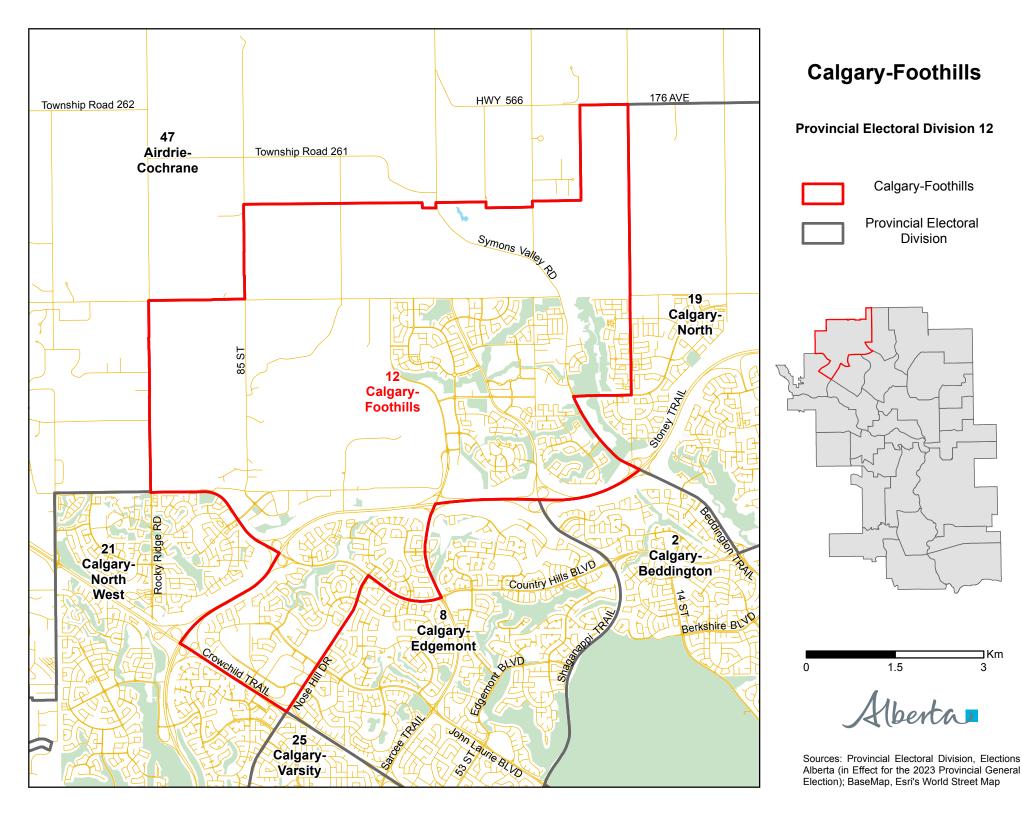
The following report produced by the Office of Statistics and Information presents a statistical profile for the Provincial Electoral Division (PED) of Calgary-Foothills. A PED is a territorial unit represented by an elected Member to serve in the Alberta Provincial Legislative Assembly. This profile is based on the electoral boundaries that will be in effect for the 2023 Provincial General Election.

General characteristics of the PED of Calgary-Foothills are described with statistics, including: age, gender, marital status, household types, language, Indigenous identity, citizenship, religion, place of birth, visible minority status, mobility, dwelling characteristics, education, labour force characteristics and income.

Users are advised to refer to the endnotes of this profile for further information regarding data quality and definitions.

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact:

Office of Statistics and Information Alberta Treasury Board and Finance osi.support@gov.ab.ca



Population**		
Total population ⁽¹⁾	57,680	
Men+	28,505	49.4%
Women+	29,180	50.6%
Age Groups**		
0-4 years	3,895	6.8%
5-17 years	10,415	18.1%
18-24 years	4,960	8.6%
25-44 years	18,600	32.2%
45-64 years	14,220	24.7%
65 years and over	5,600	9.7%
Average age (years)	36.0	
Marital Status**		
Marital Status for population aged 15 years and older ⁽²⁾	45,615	
Married or living common law	28,745	63.0%
Married	25,805	56.6%
Living common law	2,935	6.4%
Not married and not living common law	16,875	37.0%
Never married	12,535	27.5%
Separated	810	1.8%
Divorced	2,155	4.7%
Widowed	1,375	3.0%
Household Type**		
Total Private households by household type ⁽³⁾	19,355	
One-census-family households without additional persons	13,475	69.6%
Couple-family households	12,035	62.2%
With children	7,980	41.2%
Without children	4,055	21.0%
One-parent-family households	1,440	7.4%
Multigenerational households	870	4.5%
Multiple-census-family households	185	1.0%
One-census-family households with additional persons	700	3.6%
Two-or-more-person non-census-family households	610	3.2%
One-person households	3,505	18.1%



Number of persons in private households	56,590	
Persons in census families	50,250	88.8%
Married spouses or common-law partners	28,070	49.6%
Parents in one-parent families	1,845	3.3%
Children	20,335	35.9%
In a two-parent family	17,510	30.9%
In a one-parent family	2,830	5.0%
Persons not in a census family	6,340	11.2%
Living alone	3,505	6.2%
Living with other relatives	1,440	2.5%
Living with non-relatives only	1,395	2.5%
Average household size	2.9	
Family Structure**		
Family Structure**		
Family Structure** Total number of census families in private households ⁽⁴⁾	15,880	
	15,880 14,035	88.4%
Total number of census families in private households ⁽⁴⁾	•	
Total number of census families in private households ⁽⁴⁾ Total couple families by family structure	14,035	79.2%
Total number of census families in private households ⁽⁴⁾ Total couple families by family structure Married couples	14,035 12,570	79.2% 9.3%
Total number of census families in private households ⁽⁴⁾ Total couple families by family structure Married couples Common-law couples	14,035 12,570 1,470	79.2% 9.3% 30.5%
Total number of census families in private households ⁽⁴⁾ Total couple families by family structure Married couples Common-law couples Couples without children	14,035 12,570 1,470 4,840	79.2% 9.3% 30.5% 57.9%
Total number of census families in private households ⁽⁴⁾ Total couple families by family structure Married couples Common-law couples Couples without children Couples with children	14,035 12,570 1,470 4,840 9,195	79.2% 9.3% 30.5% 57.9%
Total number of census families in private households ⁽⁴⁾ Total couple families by family structure Married couples Common-law couples Couples without children Couples with children Total one-parent families	14,035 12,570 1,470 4,840 9,195	79.2% 9.3% 30.5% 57.9% 11.6% 9.4%
Total number of census families in private households ⁽⁴⁾ Total couple families by family structure Married couples Common-law couples Couples without children Couples with children Total one-parent families One parent woman+ headed	14,035 12,570 1,470 4,840 9,195 1,845 1,485	88.4% 79.2% 9.3% 30.5% 57.9% 11.6% 9.4% 2.2%



Classification: Public Page 2 of 17

Home Language ⁽⁵⁾ **		
Single responses	52,615	92.8%
English	39,680	75.4%
French	245	0.5%
Non-official languages	12,685	24.1%
Indigenous languages	5	0.0%
Punjabi (Panjabi)	840	1.6%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	860	1.6%
Mandarin	1,895	3.6%
Yue (Cantonese)	1,895	3.6%
Spanish	965	1.8%
Arabic	615	1.2%
Multiple responses	4,085	7.2%
Knowledge of Official Languages ⁽⁶⁾ **		
English only	51,995	91.7%
French only	30	0.1%
English and French	3,265	5.8%
Neither English nor French	1,400	2.5%
Indigenous Identity Population ^{(7)***}		
Total Population	56,490	
Non-Indigenous Population	55,620	98.5%
Total Indigenous Population	865	1.5%
Single Indigenous responses	825	95.4%
First Nations (North American Indian)	325	37.6%
Métis	495	57.2%
Inuk (Inuit)	0	0.0%
Multiple Indigenous responses	35	4.0%
Indigenous responses not included elsewhere ⁽⁸⁾	0	0.0%
Citizenship***		
Total population in private households by citizenship	56,490	
Canadian citizens ⁽⁹⁾	49,135	87.0%
Canadian citizens under age 18	12,960	26.4%
Canadian citizens aged 18 and over	36,175	73.6%
Not Canadian citizens	7,350	13.0%



Total Population by Immigrant Status	56,490	
Non-immigrant population ⁽¹⁰⁾	30,755	54.4%
Immigrant population ⁽¹¹⁾	24,630	43.6%
Period of Immigration:	,	
Before 1980	1,830	7.4%
1980 to 1990	2,045	8.3%
1991 to 2000	3,975	16.1%
2001 to 2010	7,770	31.5%
2011 to 2021	9,015	36.6%
2011 to 2015	4,940	20.1%
2016 to 2021	4,070	16.5%
Non-permanent residents ⁽¹²⁾	1,095	1.9%
Place of Birth ⁽¹³⁾ ***		
Total immigrant population by selected places of birth	24,630	
Americas	2,215	9.0%
Europe	2,605	10.6%
Africa	3,930	16.0%
Asia	15,830	64.3%
Oceania and other places of birth ⁽¹³⁾	60	0.2%
Visible Minorities ⁽¹⁴⁾ ***		
Total population by visible minority	56,490	
Not a visible minority	23,035	40.8%
Visible minority population	33,450	59.2%
South Asian	8,760	26.2%
Chinese	7,900	23.6%
Black	5,585	16.7%
Filipino	3,310	9.9%
Arab	1,465	4.4%
Latin American	1,380	4.1%
Southeast Asian	1,170	3.5%
West Asian	915	2.7%
Korean	1,150	3.4%
Japanese	295	0.9%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	315	0.9%
Multiple visible minorities	1,205	3.6%



Religion ⁽¹⁵⁾ ***		
Total Population in Private Households by Religion	56,490	
Buddhist	1,305	2.3%
Christian	26,025	46.1%
Hindu	2,225	3.9%
Jewish	65	0.1%
Muslim	6,290	11.1%
Sikh	1,665	2.9%
Traditional (North American Indigenous) spirituality	15	0.0%
Other religions and spiritual traditions	370	0.7%
No religion and secular perspectives	18,530	32.8%
Mobility Status ⁽¹⁶⁾ ***		
Total Population by Mobility status 1 year ago	55,890	
Non-movers	48,595	86.9%
Movers	7,295	13.1%
Non-migrants	5,150	9.2%
Migrants	2,140	3.8%
Internal migrants	1,345	2.4%
Intraprovincial migrants	665	1.2%
Interprovincial migrants	680	1.2%
External migrants	800	1.4%
Total Population by Mobility status 5 years ago	52,565	
Non-movers	29,560	56.2%
Movers	23,000	43.8%
Non-migrants	14,585	27.7%
Migrants	8,415	16.0%
Internal migrants	4,670	8.9%
Intraprovincial migrants	2,120	4.0%
Interprovincial migrants	2,550	4.9%
External migrants	3,745	7.1%
Dwelling Type**		
Total occupied private dwellings	19,355	
Single-detached house	13,355	69.0%
Semi-detached house	415	2.1%
Row house	2,615	13.5%
Apartment or flat in a duplex	95	0.5%
Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys	775	4.0%
Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys	2,095	10.8%
Other single-attached house	0	0.0%
Movable dwelling ⁽¹⁷⁾	0	0.0%

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Dwelling Tenure and Characteristics (18)***		
Owner	15,885	82.1%
Renter	3,465	17.9%
Dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian		
Band	0	0.0%
Median value of dwellings (\$)	\$480,000	
Average number of rooms per dwelling ⁽¹⁹⁾	6.2	
Dwellings by Need of Repair ⁽²⁰⁾ ***		
Only regular maintenance and minor repairs needed	18,845	97.4%
Major repairs needed	505	2.6%
Dwellings by Period of Construction***		
Total number of occupied private dwellings by period of		
construction ⁽²¹⁾	19,345	
1960 or before	45	0.2%
1961 to 1980	285	1.5%
1981 to 1990	360	1.9%
1991 to 2000	4,505	23.3%
2001 to 2005	2,570	13.3%
2006 to 2010	2,210	11.4%
2011 to 2015	4,820	24.9%
2016 to 2021	4,545	23.5%
Dwelling Costs by Tenure ⁽²²⁾ ***		
Number of tenant households in non-farm, non-reserve private		
dwellings	3,460	
Median monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$) (20)	\$1,600	
% of tenant households spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs	33.3%	
Number of owner households in non-farm, non-reserve private		
dwellings	15,885	
Median monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$) (21)	\$2,020	
% of owner households spending 30% or more of income on shelter		
costs	19.0%	



Highest Level of Schooling ⁽²³⁾ ***		
Total population 25 to 64 years	32,060	
No certificate, diploma or degree	1,275	4.0%
Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate	5,355	16.7%
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	25,435	79.3%
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	1,685	5.3%
Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma	595	1.9%
Apprenticeship certificate	1,085	3.4%
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	5,810	18.1%
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	1,400	4.4%
Bachelor's degree or higher	16,540	51.6%
Bachelor's degree	10,875	33.9%
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	725	2.3%
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	500	1.6%
Master's degree	3,915	12.2%
Earned doctorate	535	1.7%
Postsecondary Qualifications, Field of Study ⁽²⁴⁾ ***		
Total population 25 to 64 years	32,060	
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	6,625	20.7%
Education	1,295	4.0%
Visual and performing arts & communications technologies	490	1.5%
Humanities	1,080	3.4%
Social and behavioural sciences and law	2,940	9.2%
	6,355	19.8%
Business, management and public administration	0,000	19.6%
Business, management and public administration Physical and life sciences and technologies	1,320	4.1%
·	•	
Physical and life sciences and technologies	1,320	4.1%
Physical and life sciences and technologies Mathematics, computer and information sciences	1,320 1,620	4.1% 5.1%
Physical and life sciences and technologies Mathematics, computer and information sciences Architecture, engineering, and related trades	1,320 1,620 5,395	4.1% 5.1% 16.8%
Physical and life sciences and technologies Mathematics, computer and information sciences Architecture, engineering, and related trades Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	1,320 1,620 5,395 350	4.1% 5.1% 16.8% 1.1%



Labour Force Status ⁽²⁵⁾ ***			
Total population 15 years and over	44,435		
In the labour force	32,245	Participation Rate	72.6%
Employed	28,455	Employment Rate	64.0%
Unemployed	3,790	Unemployment Rate	11.8%
Not in the labour force	12,190		
Men+ 15 years and over	21,530		
In the labour force	16,655	Participation Rate	77.4%
Employed	14,720	Employment Rate	68.4%
Unemployed	1,940	Unemployment Rate	11.6%
Not in the labour force	4,875		
Women+ 15 years and over	22,910		
In the labour force	15,585	Participation Rate	68.0%
Employed	13,740	Employment Rate	60.0%
Unemployed	1,850	Unemployment Rate	11.9%
Not in the labour force	7,325		
Labour Force by Gender and Class of Worker***			
Men+ All classes of workers	16,655		51.7%
Employee	13,545		42.0%
Self-employed ⁽²⁶⁾	2,590		8.0%
Class of worker - not applicable (27)	520		1.6%
Women+ All classes of workers	15,585		48.3%
Employee	13,215		41.0%
Self-employed	1,765		5.5%
Class of worker - not applicable	605		1.9%



Labour Force by Major Occupation Groups (NOC 2021) ⁽²⁸⁾ ***		
Total labour force 15 years and over	32,245	
Men+ All occupations ⁽²⁹⁾	16,135	50.0%
Legislative and senior management occupations	180	0.6%
Business, finance and administration occupations	2,135	6.6%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	3,535	11.0%
Health occupations	735	2.3%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government		
services	1,305	4.0%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	335	1.0%
Sales and service occupations	3,450	10.7%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	3,670	11.4%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	280	0.9%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	510	1.6%
Occupation - not applicable (30)	520	1.6%
Women+ All occupations	14,975	46.4%
Legislative and senior management occupations	50	0.2%
Business, finance and administration occupations	4,435	13.8%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	870	2.7%
Health occupations	2,460	7.6%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government		
services	2,455	7.6%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	370	1.1%
Sales and service occupations	3,820	11.8%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	340	1.1%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	50	0.2%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	140	0.4%
Occupation - not applicable	605	1.9%



Labour Force by Industry (NAICS 2017) ^{(31)***}		
Total labour force 15 years and over	32,245	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	60	0.2%
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	1,590	4.9%
Utilities	455	1.4%
Construction	2,085	6.5%
Manufacturing	1,065	3.3%
Wholesale trade	805	2.5%
Retail trade	3,535	11.0%
Transportation and warehousing	1,960	6.1%
Information and cultural industries	565	1.8%
Finance and insurance	1,525	4.7%
Real estate and rental and leasing	655	2.0%
Professional, scientific and technical services	3,720	11.5%
Management of companies and enterprises	85	0.3%
Administrative and support, waste management and remediation		
services	1,060	3.3%
Educational services	2,550	7.9%
Health care and social assistance	4,715	14.6%
Arts, entertainment and recreation	510	1.6%
Accommodation and food services	1,700	5.3%
Other services (except public administration)	1,160	3.6%
Public administration	1,300	4.0%
Industry - not applicable ⁽³²⁾	1,125	3.5%



Total employed labour force 15 years and over	28,460	
Mont in ampleted labour force	4.4.745	E4 70.
Men+ in employed labour force	14,715	51.7% 27.2%
Worked at usual place	7,740	
Worked at home	4,325	15.2%
Worked outside Canada	130	0.5%
No fixed workplace address	2,525	8.9%
Women+ in employed labour force	13,740	48.3%
Worked at usual place	8,400	29.5%
Worked at home	4,275	15.0%
Worked outside Canada	65	0.2%
No fixed workplace address	1,005	3.5%
Employed Labour Force by Mode of Transportation (33)***		
Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address	10.665	
Car, truck, van - as a driver	19,665 16,215	82.5%
Car, truck, van - as a unver	1,115	5.7%
Public transit	1,210	6.2%
Walked	440	2.2%
Bicycle	25	0.1%
Other method	665	3.4%
Employment Income (2020) by Gender and Work Activity ⁽³⁴⁾ *	**	
Population aged 15 years and over who worked full year, full time		
and with employment income in 2020	16,450	
Median employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$76,500	
Men+ Employed - 15 years and over	9,080	
Median men+ employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time	¢97,000	
workers(\$)	\$87,000	
Women+ Employed - 15 years and over	7,375	
Median women+ employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time	¢66,000	
workers (\$)	\$66,000	



Total population 15 years and over with income	41,820	
Men+ 15 years and over with total income	20,290	48.5%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	1,685	4.0%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	1,745	4.2%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2,420	5.8%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1,785	4.3%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1,650	3.9%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,590	3.8%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,355	3.2%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,185	2.8%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,220	2.9%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	975	2.3%
\$100,000 and over	4,675	11.29
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2,900	6.9%
\$150,000 and over	1,770	4.2%
Median total income (\$)	\$55,200	
Women+ 15 years and over with total income	21,525	51.5%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	2,480	5.9%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	2,465	5.9%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	3,105	7.4%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	2,430	5.8%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	2,225	5.3%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,765	4.2%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,845	4.4%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,260	3.0%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	925	2.2%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	795	1.9%
\$100,000 and over	2,235	5.3%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,715	4.1%
\$150,000 and over	520	1.2%
Median total income (\$)	\$40,800	

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Household Income (2020) ⁽³⁶⁾ ***		
Total private households	19,345	
Under \$5,000	235	1.2%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	90	0.5%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	95	0.5%
\$15,000 to \$19,999	165	0.9%
\$20,000 to \$24,999	300	1.6%
\$25,000 to \$29,999	300	1.6%
\$30,000 to \$34,999	320	1.7%
\$35,000 to \$39,999	365	1.9%
\$40,000 to \$44,999	465	2.4%
\$45,000 to \$49,999	465	2.4%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	985	5.1%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	995	5.1%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,125	5.8%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,070	5.5%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	1,110	5.7%
\$100,000 and over	11,250	58.2%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	2,680	13.9%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	2,215	11.4%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	3,110	16.1%
\$200,000 and over	3,245	16.8%
Median household income (\$)	\$115,000	

Economic Family Income (2020) ⁽³⁷⁾ ***				
Total number of economic families	15,435			
Median family income (\$)	\$129,000			
Couple-only families	4,180			
Median family income (\$)	\$106,000			
Couple-with-children economic families	9,110			
Median family income (\$)	\$147,000			
One-parent economic families	1,725			
Median family income (\$)	\$82,000			
Total not in economic families	4,945			
Median income (\$)	\$53,200			

Incidence of Low Income in 2020 on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT) (38)***				
Population in Low Income ⁽³⁸⁾	4,135	7.3%		
Aged 0 to 17 years	1,240	8.7%		
Aged 0 to 5 years	455	9.5%		
Aged 18 to 64 years	2,330	6.3%		
Aged 65 years and over	560	10.6%		
Men+ in Low Income	1,920	7.0%		
Women+ in Low Income	2,215	7.7%		

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Endnotes:

For Calgary-Foothills, the total non-response rate (TNR) for the short-form census questionnaire is 1.3% and for the long-form census questionnaire is 1.9%. The TNR reflects only total non-response, meaning all questions were unanswered or the returned questionnaire did not meet minimum content. The TNR is an indication of data quality, where a smaller TNR suggests a lower risk of non-response bias and therefore, more reliable figures and estimates. When the TNR is 50% or above, the data should be used with caution. The TNR is identified for each region.

Data in this report have been specifically tabulated from the 2021 Census of Canada, by allocation of the Statistics Canada block face reference points to Alberta Provincial Electoral Division.

Income statistics presented in this report are based on 25% sample data from the 2021 Census. Statistics Canada has also released income statistics from the 100% data. As such, income statistics for Alberta in this report may not match data presented elsewhere.

- * Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.
- ** 100% data (short-form census questionnaire)
- *** 25% sample data (long-form census questionnaire)
- (1) Gender refers to an individual's personal and social identity as a man, woman or non-binary person (a person who is not exclusively a man or a woman). The category men+ includes men (and/or boys), as well as some non-binary persons. Women+ includes women (and/or girls), as well as some non-binary persons.
- (2) All persons aged less than 15 are considered as never married and not living common law.
- (3) Census family households are those that include at least one census family. Non census family households are either one person living alone or a group of two or more persons who live together but do not constitute a census family. Census family households may be differentiated based on the presence of additional persons (that is, persons not in a census family). There is no age restriction on children. Multigenerational households include: households where there is at least one person who is both the grandparent of a person in the household and the parent of another person in the same household; households where there is at least one person who is both the child of a person in the household and the grandchild of another person in the same household. Multiple-census-family households and one-census-family households exclude multigenerational households.
- (4) Census family structure refers to the combination of relatives that comprise a census family.
- (5) Language spoken most often at home refers to the language the person speaks most often at home at the time of the Census. More than one language can be reported if the languages are spoken equally often. For a person who lives alone, this is the language in which they feel most comfortable. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this is the language spoken most often to the child at home.
- (6) Refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in the language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.
- (7) Includes persons who identify as First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who report being Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada), and/or those who report having membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements.
- (8) Includes persons who are not First Nations, Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who report having Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- (9) Includes Canadian citizens by birth and naturalization, including those with multiple citizenships. Persons who are stateless are included in 'Not Canadian citizens'.
- (10) Persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.

Classification: Public

- (11) Persons who are, or who have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents and were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11, 2021. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. 'Period of immigration' refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.
- (12) Includes persons from another country with a usual place of residence in Canada and who have a work or study permit or who are refugee claimants. Family members living with work or study permit holders are also included, unless these family members are already Canadian citizens, landed immigrants or permanent residents.
- (13) The location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth.
- (14) "Visible minority' refers to whether a person is a visible minority or not, as defined by the Employment Equity Act ("persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour."). The abbreviation "n.i.e." includes persons who provided responses that are classified as a visible minority, but that cannot be classified with a specific visible minority group.

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- (15) Self-identified connection or affiliation with any religious denomination, group, body, or other religiously defined community or system of belief (not limited to formal membership in a religious organization or group). For infants or children, refers to the specific religious group or denomination in which they are being raised, if any. Persons without a religious connection or affiliation can self-identify as atheist, agnostic or humanist, or can provide another applicable response.
- (16) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 11, 2021, in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year or five years earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- (17) Includes mobile homes and other movable dwellings such as houseboats, recreational vehicles and railroad cars.
- (18) Tenure refers to whether the household owns or rents their private dwelling. The private dwelling may be situated on rented or leased land or be part of a condominium. A household is considered to own their dwelling if some member of the household owns the dwelling even if it is not fully paid for, for example if there is a mortgage or some other claim on it. A household is considered to rent their dwelling if no member of the household owns the dwelling. A household is considered to rent that dwelling even if the dwelling is provided without cash rent or at a reduced rent, or if the dwelling is part of a cooperative. For historical and statutory reasons, shelter occupancy on Indian reserves or settlements does not lend itself to the usual classification by standard tenure categories. Therefore, a special category, 'dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band,' has been created for census purposes.
- (19) Rooms refers to enclosed areas within a private dwelling which are finished and suitable for year round living. The number of rooms in a private dwelling includes kitchens, bedrooms and finished rooms in the attic or basement. The number of rooms in a private dwelling excludes bathrooms, halls, vestibules and rooms used solely for business purposes. Partially divided rooms are considered to be separate rooms if they are considered as such by the respondent (e.g., L-shaped dining-room and living-room arrangements).
- (20) Does not include desirable remodelling or additions.

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- (21) The period in time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed and completed, not the time of any later remodeling, additions or conversions. For properties having multiple residential structures, this refers to the period in which the most recent structure was completed.
- (22) Average monthly total of all shelter expenses paid by households. For owner households, this may include mortgage payments, property taxes and condominium fees, along with the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services. For renter households this may include rent and the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services. For households living in a dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band, shelter costs could include the monthly use or occupancy payment and the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services.
- (23) For information on data quality for this variable, refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.
 'High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational credential and excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree. 'Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and similar institutions. 'Apprenticeship certificate' includes Certificates of Apprenticeship, Certificates of Qualification and Journeyperson's designations. College, CEGEP and other non-university certificates and diplomas obtained from programs that are typically completed in less than 3 months are not included in this category. 'Earned doctorate' does not include honorary doctorates.
- (24) The main discipline or subject of learning for a person's highest completed postsecondary qualification. For more information on the CIP classification, see the Classification of Instructional Programs, Canada 2021. For information on classification and data quality for this variable, refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013. 'No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' includes persons who have not completed any credentials above a high school diploma.
- (25) Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday, May 2 to Saturday, May 8, 2021.
- (26) Includes self-employed persons aged 15 years and over with or without an incorporated business and with or without paid help, as well as unpaid family workers.
- (27) Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment, or who had last worked prior to January 1, 2020.
- (28) Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the National Occupational Classification [NOC] 2021 Version 1.0.
- (29) Includes persons aged 15 years and over in the labour force who have worked at some point in time between January 1, 2020 and May 8, 2021.
- (30) Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment, or who had last worked prior to January 1, 2020.

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- (31) Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. The industry data are produced according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Canada 2017 Version 3.0.
- (32) Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment, or who had last worked prior to January 1, 2020.
- (33) The main mode of transportation a person uses to travel to their place of work. The census assumes that the commute to work originates from the usual place of residence, but this may not always be the case. Sometimes, respondents may be on a business trip and may have reported their place of work or main mode of commuting based on where they were working during the trip. Some persons maintain a residence close to work and commute to their home on weekends. Students often work after school at a location near their school. As a result, the data may show unusual commutes or unusual main modes of commuting.
- (34) Full-year full-time workers are those who worked 30 hours or more per week for at least 49 weeks in 2020. For more information, see variable work activity in 2020, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2021.
- (35) Total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period (2020). Sources tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income: employment income; net income from self-employment; child/spousal support; pensions; investments; income from government sources (i.e. old age security; covid benefits etc.). Receipts that are excluded: one-time receipts (i.e. lottery winnings, inheritances); capital gains; employers' contributions to pension plans/employment insurance.
- (36) In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period (2020).
- (37) In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period (2020). Economic family refers to a group of two or more persons who live in the same dwelling and are related to each other by blood, marriage, common-law union, adoption or a foster relationship.
- (38) The Low-income measure, after tax, refers to a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of private households. The household after-tax income is adjusted by an equivalence scale to take economies of scale into account. This adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase, but at a decreasing rate, as the number of members increases. Thresholds for specific household sizes are presented in Table 2.4 Low-income measures thresholds (LIM-AT and LIM-BT) for private households of Canada, 2020, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2021.

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