

Figure 4.60 Area Summary of Grizzly Bear HSI in the FMA Area.

Table 4.24 Area summary of grizzly bear HSI in the FMA area, by 9-km² grid cells

| HSI | 1999 | 2019 | 2049 | 2099 | 2179 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0 | 118 | 117 | 117 | 118 | 117 |
| 0-0.4 | 357 | 285 | 238 | 247 | 213 |
| 0.4-0.7 | 44 | 110 | 160 | 144 | 175 |
| 0.7-1 | 3 | 10 | 7 | 13 | 17 |
| Total | 522 | 522 | 522 | 522 | 522 |

Table 4.25 Percent area summary of grizzly bear HSI, by 9-km² grid cells

| HSI | 1999 | 2019 | 2049 | 2099 | 2179 |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 0 | 22.6% | 22.4% | 22.4% | 22.6% | 22.4% |
| 0-0.4 | 68.4% | 54.6% | 45.6% | 47.3% | 40.8% |
| 0.4-0.7 | 8.4% | 21.1% | 30.7% | 27.6% | 33.5% |
| 0.7-1 | 0.6% | 1.9% | 1.3% | 2.5% | 3.3% |
| Total | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |

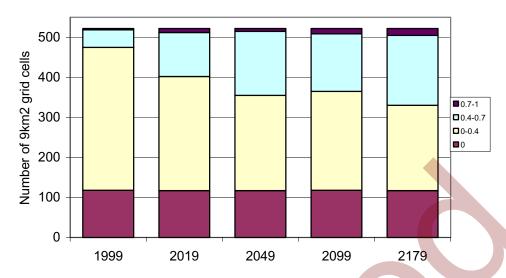


Figure 4.61 Area Summary of Grizzly Bear HSI By 9-km² Grid Cells.

Table 4.26. Area summary in hectares of grizzly bear fall feeding Habitat Suitability Index, including 9-km² grid level component (i.e., HSI= s1*s2*s3*s4*s5*s6).

| HSI | 1999 | 2019 | 2049 | 2099 | 2179 | | | |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| 0 | 172,247 | 161,905 | 148,583 | 146,919 | 139,727 | | | |
| 0-0.39 | 106,542 | 98,469 | 97,393 | 97,814 | 97,488 | | | |
| 0.4-0.69 | 83,069 | 81,145 | 81,262 | 89,077 | 86,914 | | | |
| 0.7-1.0 | 16,867 | 37,205 | 51,487 | 44,915 | 54,595 | | | |
| Total (ha) | 378.725 | | | | | | | |

Table 4.27 Percentage of grizzly bear fall feeding Habitat Suitability Index area, including 9-km² grid level component (i.e., HSI= s1*s2*s3*s4*s5*s6).

| HSI | | 1999 | 2019 | 2049 | 2099 | 2179 |
|------------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 0 | | 45.5% | 42.8% | 39.2% | 38.8% | 36.9% |
| 0-0.39 | • | 28.1% | 26.0% | 25.7% | 25.8% | 25.7% |
| 0.4-0.69 | | 21.9% | 21.4% | 21.5% | 23.5% | 22.9% |
| 0.7-1.0 | | 4.5% | 9.8% | 13.6% | 11.9% | 14.4% |
| Total (ha) | | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |

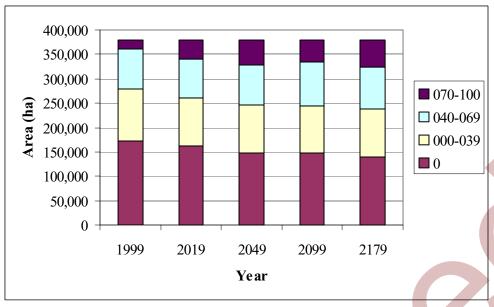


Figure 4.62 Summary, by area, of habitat suitability index classification of grizzly bear habitat

Area predictions of suitable future grizzly bear habitat indicate a steady increase in the most suitable habitat areas over the planning horizon. Area summaries indicate that the most suitable habitat type (HSI = '0.7-1') will increase from 49,266 ha (5.4%) to 68,150 ha (18%) at the end of the 180-year planning period. Unsuitable habitat areas (HSI = 0) will decrease by 43.3% from 101,092 ha to 57,300 ha at the end of planning horizon. Areas in '0-0.4' and '0.4-0.7' HSI classes, on average, are predicted to maintain their current levels.

Similar results are predicted using 9-km² grid cells. In the prediction of the most suitable grizzly bear habitat (HSI = '0.7-1'), a number of 9-km² grid cells increases from 3 to 17 by the end of 180-year planning horizon. Similarly, the next best HSI (0.4-0.7) class will increase from 44 to 175 9-km² grid cells. These increases are offset by area decrease in the (0-0.4) HSI class, for which there is an area decrease from 357 to 247 9-km² grid cells. The unsuitable HSI class (HSI = 0) is predicted to remain at the current levels, which is around 118 9-km² grid cells or 22.6% of the total FMA area. Figures 4.62-4.68 shows the predicted change in habitat suitability index according to the HSI model and the grid cell model, each at four points in time.

Literature Cited

1999. Silvacom Ltd. Forest Inventory, Timber Supply Analysis.

2001. Silvacom Ltd. Supplemental Landscape Analysis. Forest Inventory, Timber Supply Analysis.

