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This policy is evergreen and will be updated as new information becomes available.

Objectives:

- Protect vaccine safety and efficacy;
- Ensure a potent and safe vaccine is administered; and
- Minimize and reduce the cost of vaccine wastage due to cold chain excursions.

See the Alberta Vaccine Storage and Handling for Provincially Funded Vaccines for:

- accountabilities, roles and responsibilities for staff and immunizers in maintaining vaccine viability for provincially funded vaccines; and
- cold chain (storage, transport, and handling) requirements for staff and immunizers in order to maintain the safety and efficacy of provincially funded vaccine.

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VACCINE STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

I. Vaccines that require storage at -70°C

Vaccines that require storage at -70°C

Must remain in the freezer until ready to immunize.

Can be stored at -80°C to -60°C for 6 months

NOTES:

- Vaccine must to be thawed prior to adding the diluent for reconstitution
- . It takes 30 minutes to thaw the vaccine at room temperature from frozen state
- The vaccine can be thawed in a vaccine fridge +2 to +8°C from frozen state
- Once thawed Do not refreeze

See <u>www.CVDvaccine.ca</u> for additional information.

Laboratory Grade Must continuously keep temperature at -70°C within 4/- 10°C from the set point. **Ultra Low** Must have an alarm setting that provides audible sound in the event that the **Temperature** temperature of the unit deviates beyond the alarm set points or if the door is ajar. **Freezers** Must have adjustable alarm set points/range. Adjustable temperature set points or temperature controls. Should have a digital temperature display on front that displays current temperature to 1°C degree resolution. Adjustable shelves with minimum 100 pounds capacity per shelf. Minimum interior measurements: 23 cubic feet. Type B plug (120 volts) or equivalent. Capped access portholes. Locking castor on bottom of unit. Manufacturer The vaccine is stable in the manufacturer's provided thermal shipper for up to 30 provided thermal days with appropriate handling and re-icing. See below for more information. shippers Safe storage and Do not store in an airtight container, as it may explode. The dry ice rapidly handling of dry ice expands to a gas when exposed to temperatures above -78°C. Work in a well-ventilated space, as asphyxiation is a main hazard of dry ice. Wear insulated (cryogenic) gloves: Wear heavy rubber gloves that insulate against the cold where contact with dry ice may occur. This prevents cold burns

Pfizer's dry ice MSDS can be found here.

Wear safety glasses with side shields, safety goggles or a face shield

Use dry ice tongs or a dry shovel or scoop. Avoid materials incompatible with cryogenic use; some metals such as carbon steel may fracture easily at low

See the product's Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for more information.



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Unpacking vaccine from thermal shipper

- Do not discard the original thermal shipper or any of its components.
- There are two types of thermal shippers: a Softbox thermal shipper and an AeroSafe thermal shipper. Their outer appearance is different, but their components are very similar.
- The thermal shippers can weigh up to 36.5 kg (81 lbs) and should be opened on the floor.

Steps for unpacking the thermal shipper

- 1. Refer to the dry ice safety data sheet before accessing the contents of the thermal shipper.
- 2. Break the seal open.
- 3. When you open the container you will see a temperature monitoring device embedded in the foam lid.
 - Softbox: The lid is permanently attached to one flap of the container. Do not pull this flap. When opening the lid, use the threefinger holes in the foam lid, which will allow the lid to swing open.
 - Aerobox: Gently remove the entire lid, with the temperaturemonitoring device, from the inner lid.
- 4. Press and hold the stop button of the temperature-monitoring device for 5 seconds. Information about temperature monitoring, including devices, can be found at www.CVDvaccine.ca.
- 5. Don the appropriate personal protective equipment as outlined in the section above.
- 6. Remove the dry ice pod.
- 7. You will now see the box that holds the vial trays. Open the box and you will see the vial trays. Remove the box that holds the vial trays from the container. Do not open the vial trays or remove the vials until you are ready for thawing.
- Immediately store the vaccine in the ultra-low-temperature freezer.
 Note: If an ultra-low-temperature freeze is not available, the thermal shipper may be used as temporary storage (see next section).
- 9. Dispose of dry ice (see section below).
- 10. Return the thermal shipper and temperature-monitoring device to the manufacturer.

Returning the thermal shipper

- When the thermal shipper is ready to be returned and all the components are inside, seal it with tape.
- A preprinted return shipping label will be included inside the thermal shipper or already affixed to the inner flap of the thermal shipper.
 - Softbox apply the preprinted return shipping label over the existing shipping label.
 - AeroSafe follow instructions on the inner flap of the thermal shipper to ensure the return label is facing outside.

Elements required for return (Softbox and AeroSafe)

- Temperature-monitoring device
- Foam lid (remains attached to box)
- o Dry ice pod
- Box that holds the vial trays

Note: Ensure the Dry Ice UN1845 markings and diamond-shaped Class 9 hazard label on the thermal shipper are covered by placing a blank label over them in preparation for the return, as the container no longer contains dry ice.

Discard empty vial trays as medical waste so they cannot be reused.



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 Using the thermal shipper as temporary storage, it must be opened and replenished with dry ice within 24 hours of receipt. After replenishing the thermal shipper, vial trays should be returned the box taped closed after inspection. Ensure to monitor the temperature inside the thermal shipper using monitoring device. For dry ice replenishment requirements, dry ice pellet size, and packinstructions for re-icing the thermal shipper, visit www.CVDvaccine.com 	
Disposal of dry ice	 Once dry ice is no longer needed, open the container and leave it at room temperature in a well-ventilated area. It will readily turn from a solid to a gas. DO NOT leave dry ice in an unsecured area. DO NOT drain or flush in toilet. DO NOT dispose in the trash. DO NOT place in a closed area, such as an airtight container or walk-in cooler.





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II. Vaccines that require storage at -20°C

Vaccines that require storage at -20°C

Vaccines must remain in the freezer until ready to immunize.

Can be stored at -20°C for 6 months

Vaccine can be thawed in two ways:

- From the freezer to room temperature, will require 1 hour to thaw from frozen state.
- From the freezer to a vaccine fridge +2°C to +8°C; will require 2 hours to thaw from frozen state.

Laboratory Grade Freezers

- Must continuously keep temperature at -20°C within +/- 5°C from the set point.
- Must have an alarm setting that provides audible sound in the event that the temperature of the unit deviates beyond the alarm set points or if the door is ajar.
- Must have adjustable alarm set points/range.
- Should have adjustable temperature set points/temperature controls.
- Digital temperature display on front that displays current temperature to 1°C degrees resolution.
- Adjustable shelves with minimum 100 pounds capacity per shelf.
- Minimum interior measurements: 23 cubic feet.
- Type B plug (120 volts) or equivalent.
- Capped access portholes.
- Locking castor on bottom of unit.

Manufacturer provided thermal shippers

The vaccine is stable in the manufacturer's provided thermal shipper for up to 15 days with appropriate handling and re-icing.

III. Vaccines that require storage between +2°C and +8°C

Vaccines that require storage between +2°C and +8°C

Must remain in the refrigerator, except when being administered

Laboratory Grade Refrigerators

- A digital feedback system that ensures narrow tolerances with internal temperatures.
- Ongoing air circulation that ensures that the temperature distribution is even.
- System for vaccine storage.
- A set-point temperature is kept within the range specified in the product monograph.
- Temperature recovery system is appropriate.
- Built to handle ambient temperature changes.

Vaccine Bags/Qualified Insulated Container

- Must be inspected for integrity prior to each use and an appropriate temperature monitoring device must be used to transport vaccine. If the vaccine bag is showing signs of wear due to material break down or damage, it must not be used.
- Must be tested for their ability to maintain a stable temperature between +2°C and +8°C or at temperature specified in product monograph.
- Vaccine bags must be replaced periodically (e.g. every 2 years), due to material break down and decreased effectiveness of ability to maintain temperature.



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TEMPERATURE MONITORING

The minimum, maximum, and current temperature of all refrigerators/freezers where vaccine is stored

must be monitored and recorded. **Temperature** The only thermometers and temperature recording devices that are acceptable for **Monitoring Devices** monitoring the temperature within vaccine storage units are: Minimum and Maximum Thermometer. Data Logger - must function like a min/max device and therefore the minimum, maximum, and current temperatures need to be downloaded twice Alarmed Temperature Monitoring System - must function like a min/max device and therefore the minimum, maximum, and current temperatures need to be downloaded twice a day. Chart Recorder in combination with a min/max thermometer Note: Chart recorders can be hard to interpret, inaccurate, and difficult to ascertain minimum and maximum temperatures. In addition, if chart recorders are on the same power supply as the fridge (and do not have back-up power) and the power goes out - there is not enough data to make a decision on vaccine viability. Fluid-filled bio-safe liquid (bottle) thermometers, bi-metal stem thermometers, and household thermometers are NOT acceptable. Continuous These include: **Temperature** Chart Recorders (in combination with a min/max thermometer); OR **Recording Devices** Data Loggers (downloaded twice a day); OR Alarmed Temperature Monitoring System (downloaded twice a day) At minimum, the temperature must be recorded and reviewed at the beginning and **Temperature** end of each business day (separated by at least 8 hours) for each refrigerator/freezer Recording



storing vaccine.



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VACCINE TRANSPORT

Cold Chain must be maintained during transport to another location.			
Packing Vaccines	Vaccines must be packed for transport taking into account: Type of transport; Amount of vaccine to be transported; External air temperature; and Length of time the vaccine will be in a Qualified Insulated Container/Package. Packing configurations will vary on a seasonal basis.		
Container	 <u>'Frozen' Vaccines</u> Manufacturer provided thermal shippers <u>'2-8°C Vaccines'</u> Qualified Insulated Container or Vaccine Bag 		
Temperature Monitoring	An appropriate temperature monitoring device must be used to transport vaccine unless utilizing a pre-qualified container with phase-changing technology.		
Receiving Vaccine	 When a vaccine shipment is received, it must be examined and stored as specified in the product monograph. Read and/or stop the recording of the temperature monitoring device upon receipt to determine if it has been activated or alarmed. 		





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COLD CHAIN EXCURSIONS

Cold Chain must be maintained during transport to another location.

Ultra Frozen Vaccine

Each cold chain excursion will need to be assessed to determine if it is a cold chain break and vaccine needs to be quarantined.

Ultra Frozen state

- Vaccine is to be stored -80°C to -60°C while in a frozen state.
- If the temperature is higher than -60°C, the vaccine is considered to be in the thawing stage and needs to be stored in a vaccine fridge at +2°C to +8°C.
 Do not refreeze.
- If the temperature is lower than -80°C, quarantine vaccine and mark as "DO NOT USE", and store in ultra low freezer at -80°C to -60°C until viability has been assessed.

Undiluted thawed vaccine can be stored at:

- +2°C to +8°C for 5 days
 - o If the temperature is lower than +2°C, quarantine vaccine and mark as "DO NOT USE", and store in a vaccine fridge at +2°C to +8°C until viability has been assessed.
- Greater than +8°C up to +25°C for 2 hours
 - o If the temperature is greater than +8°C up to +25°C for more than 2 hours, report as cold chain excursion and discard the vaccine.
 - If the temperature is over +25°C (room temperature) within the 2 hour timeframe, quarantine vaccine and mark as "DO NOT USE", and store in a vaccine fridge at +2°C to +8°C until viability has been assessed.
 - o If the temperature is over +25°C (room temperature) outside the 2 hour timeframe, report as cold chain excursion and discard the vaccine.

Diluted thawed vaccine can be stored at +2°C to +25°C for 6 hours

- If the temperature is less than +2°C or more than +25°C, quarantine vaccine and mark as "DO NOT USE", and store in a vaccine fridge at +2°C to +8°C until viability has been assessed.
- Diluted thawed vaccine is to be discarded after 6 hours.

Quarantine Vaccine

Affected vaccines must be isolated and marked as "DO NOT USE" until viability has been assessed.

