# Alberta provincial electoral divisions

Compiled from the 2021 Census of Canada

Innisfail-Sylvan Lake

Albertan

Alberta Provincial Electoral Divisions: Innisfail-Sylvan Lake. Compiled from the 2021 Census of Canada

This publication is available online at <a href="https://open.alberta.ca/publications/ped-2021-innisfail-sylvan-lake">https://open.alberta.ca/publications/ped-2021-innisfail-sylvan-lake</a>

This publication is issued under the Open Government Licence – Alberta ( https://open.alberta.ca/licence )

© 2023 Government of Alberta

Release date: April 12, 2023

ISBN 978-1-4601-5802-9

#### Introduction

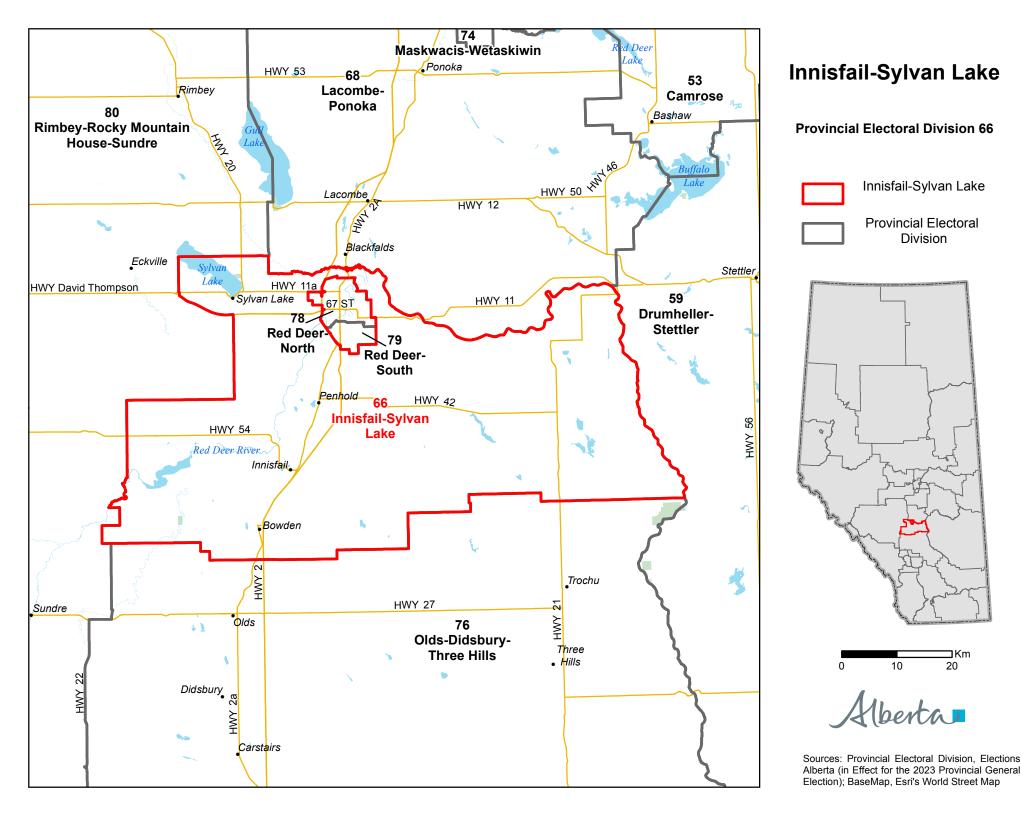
The following report produced by the Office of Statistics and Information presents a statistical profile for the Provincial Electoral Division (PED) of Innisfail-Sylvan Lake. A PED is a territorial unit represented by an elected Member to serve in the Alberta Provincial Legislative Assembly. This profile is based on the electoral boundaries that will be in effect for the 2023 Provincial General Election.

General characteristics of the PED of Innisfail-Sylvan Lake are described with statistics, including: age, gender, marital status, household types, language, Indigenous identity, citizenship, religion, place of birth, visible minority status, mobility, dwelling characteristics, education, labour force characteristics and income.

Users are advised to refer to the endnotes of this profile for further information regarding data quality and definitions.

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact:

Office of Statistics and Information Alberta Treasury Board and Finance osi.support@gov.ab.ca



-		
Population**		
Total population <sup>(1)</sup>	48,780	
Men+	24,670	50.6%
Women+	24,110	49.4%
Age Groups**		
0-4 years	2,550	5.2%
5-17 years	8,315	17.0%
18-24 years	3,530	7.2%
25-44 years	12,735	26.1%
45-64 years	13,235	27.1%
65 years and over	8,415	17.3%
Average age (years)	40.7	
Marital Status**		
Marital Status for population aged 15 years and older <sup>(2)</sup>	39,765	
Married or living common law	24,240	61.0%
Married	19,985	50.3%
Living common law	4,255	10.7%
Not married and not living common law	15,530	39.1%
Never married	9,575	24.1%
Separated	1,075	2.7%
Divorced	2,895	7.3%
Widowed	1,980	5.0%
Household Type**		
Total Private households by household type <sup>(3)</sup>	19,215	
One-census-family households without additional persons	12,650	65.8%
Couple-family households	11,065	57.6%
With children	5,130	26.7%
Without children	5,935	30.9%
One-parent-family households	1,585	8.2%
Multigenerational households	305	1.6%
Multiple-census-family households	70	0.4%
One-census-family households with additional persons	655	3.4%
Two-or-more-person non-census-family households	790	4.1%
One-person households	4,745	24.7%

Alberta

Population by Household Type**		
Number of persons in private households	47,225	
Persons in census families	39,730	84.1%
Married spouses or common-law partners	23,685	50.2%
Parents in one-parent families	2,070	4.4%
Children	13,975	29.6%
In a two-parent family	10,710	22.7%
In a one-parent family	3,265	6.9%
Persons not in a census family	7,490	15.9%
Living alone	4,750	10.1%
Living with other relatives	870	1.8%
Living with non-relatives only	1,870	4.0%
Average household size	2.5	

Family Structure**		
Total number of census families in private households <sup>(4)</sup>	13,915	
Total couple families by family structure	11,845	85.1%
Married couples	9,715	69.8%
Common-law couples	2,125	15.3%
Couples without children	6,360	45.7%
Couples with children	5,480	39.4%
Total one-parent families	2,075	14.9%
One parent woman+ headed	1,555	11.2%
One parent man+ headed	515	3.7%
Average family size	2.9	
Average number of children in families with children	1.9	

Alberta

Home Language <sup>(5)</sup> **		
Single responses	47,315	99.2%
English	46,120	97.5%
French	90	0.2%
Non-official languages	1,110	2.3%
Indigenous languages	0	0.0%
Punjabi (Panjabi)	40	0.1%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	165	0.3%
Mandarin	20	0.0%
Yue (Cantonese)	15	0.0%
Spanish	120	0.3%
Arabic	10	0.0%
Multiple responses	370	0.8%
Knowledge of Official Languages <sup>(6)</sup> **		
English only	45,495	95.4%
French only	5	0.0%
English and French	2,050	4.3%
Neither English nor French	140	0.3%
Indigenous Identity Population <sup>(7)***</sup>		
Total Population	47,225	
Non-Indigenous Population	44,195	93.6%
Total Indigenous Population	3,025	6.4%
Single Indigenous responses	2,885	95.4%
First Nations (North American Indian)	1,070	35.4%
Métis	1,810	59.8%
Inuk (Inuit)	0	0.0%
Multiple Indigenous responses	80	2.6%
Indigenous responses not included elsewhere <sup>(8)</sup>	70	2.3%
Citizenship***		
Total population in private households by citizenship	47,225	
Canadian citizens <sup>(9)</sup>	45,920	97.2%
Canadian citizens under age 18	10,570	23.0%
Canadian citizens aged 18 and over	35,355	77.0%
Not Canadian citizens	1,300	2.8%

Alberta

Total Population by Immigrant Status	47,225	
Non-immigrant population <sup>(10)</sup>	43,855	92.9%
Immigrant population <sup>(11)</sup>	3,145	6.7%
Period of Immigration:		
Before 1980	830	26.4%
1980 to 1990	295	9.4%
1991 to 2000	405	12.9%
2001 to 2010	615	19.6%
2011 to 2021	1,000	31.8%
2011 to 2015	615	19.6%
2016 to 2021	380	12.1%
Non-permanent residents <sup>(12)</sup>	225	0.5%
Place of Birth <sup>(13)</sup> ***		
Total immigrant population by selected places of birth	3,145	
Americas	540	17.2%
Europe	1,395	44.4%
Africa	235	7.5%
Asia	935	29.7%
Oceania and other places of birth <sup>(13)</sup>	45	1.4%
Visible Minorities <sup>(14)</sup> ***		
Total population by visible minority	47,225	
Not a visible minority	45,020	95.3%
Visible minority population	2,205	4.7%
South Asian	385	17.5%
Chinese	155	7.0%
Black	265	12.0%
Filipino	760	34.5%
Arab	35	1.6%
Latin American	240	10.9%
Southeast Asian	45	2.0%
West Asian	0	0.0%
Korean	135	6.1%
Japanese	70	3.2%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	20	0.9%
Multiple visible minorities	90	4.19

Alberta

Religion <sup>(15)</sup> ***		
	47.005	
Total Population in Private Households by Religion Buddhist	<b>47,225</b> 65	0.1%
Christian	21,820	46.2%
Hindu	80	0.2%
Jewish	35	0.1%
Muslim	95	0.2%
Sikh	70	0.1%
Traditional (North American Indigenous) spirituality	0	0.0%
Other religions and spiritual traditions	310	0.7%
No religion and secular perspectives	24,745	52.4%
Mobility Status <sup>(16)</sup> ***		
Total Population by Mobility status 1 year ago	46,795	
Non-movers	40,430	86.4%
Movers	6,365	13.6%
Non-migrants	2,730	5.8%
Migrants	3,635	7.8%
Internal migrants	3,545	7.6%
Intraprovincial migrants	2,940	6.3%
Interprovincial migrants	605	1.3%
External migrants	85	0.2%
Total Population by Mobility status 5 years ago	44,760	
Non-movers	27,160	60.7%
Movers	17,600	39.3%
Non-migrants	4,550	10.2%
Migrants	13,050	29.2%
Internal migrants	12,560	28.1%
Intraprovincial migrants	10,890	24.3%
Interprovincial migrants	1,670	3.7%
External migrants	490	1.1%
Dwelling Type**		
Total occupied private dwellings	19,220	
Single-detached house	13,775	71.7%
Semi-detached house	845	4.4%
Row house	1,385	7.2%
Apartment or flat in a duplex	340	1.8%
Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys	140	0.7%
Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys	1,290	6.7%
Other single-attached house	20	0.1%
Movable dwelling <sup>(17)</sup>	1,425	7.4%

Alberta

Dwelling Tenure and Characteristics(18)***Owner14,810Renter4,430Dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian	77.0% 23.0% 0.0%
Renter4,430Dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian	23.0%
Dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian	
	0.0%
	0.0%
Band 0	
Median value of dwellings (\$) \$348,000	
Average number of rooms per dwelling <sup>(19)</sup> 6.9	
Dwellings by Need of Repair <sup>(20)</sup> ***	
Only regular maintenance and minor repairs needed 18,245	94.8%
Major repairs needed 995	5.2%
Dwellings by Period of Construction***	
Total number of occupied private dwellings by period of	
construction <sup>(21)</sup> 19,240	
1960 or before 1,865	9.7%
1961 to 1980 3,985	20.7%
1981 to 1990 1,955	10.2%
1991 to 2000 3,575	18.6%
2001 to 2005 1,790	9.3%
2006 to 2010 2,400	12.5%
2011 to 2015 2,115	11.0%
2016 to 2021 1,555	8.1%
Dwelling Costs by Tenure <sup>(22)</sup> ***	
Number of tenant households in non-farm, non-reserve private	
dwellings 4,390	
Median monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$) <sup>(20)</sup> \$1,290	
% of tenant households spending 30% or more of income on shelter	
costs 34.5%	
Number of owner households in non-farm, non-reserve private	
dwellings 13,970	
Median monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$) <sup>(21)</sup> \$1,430	
% of owner households spending 30% or more of income on shelter	
costs 14.5%	

Alberta

Highest Level of Schooling <sup>(23)</sup> ***		
Total population 25 to 64 years	25,170	
No certificate, diploma or degree	2,815	11.2%
Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate	7,635	30.3%
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	14,725	58.5%
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	3,775	15.0%
Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma	750	3.0%
Apprenticeship certificate	3,025	12.0%
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	6,455	25.6%
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	725	2.9%
Bachelor's degree or higher	3,770	15.0%
Bachelor's degree	2,935	11.7%
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	150	0.6%
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	180	0.7%
Master's degree	445	1.8%
Earned doctorate	60	0.2%
Postsecondary Qualifications, Field of Study <sup>(24)***</sup>		
Total population 25 to 64 years	25,170	
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	10,445	41.5%
Education	1,010	4.0%
Visual and performing arts & communications technologies	250	1.0%
Humanities	285	1.1%
Social and behavioural sciences and law	1,095	4.4%
Business, management and public administration	2,615	10.4%
Physical and life sciences and technologies	340	1.4%
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	270	1.1%
Architecture, engineering, and related trades	4,295	17.1%
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	1,015	4.0%
Health and related fields	2,490	9.9%
Personal, protective and transportation services	1,060	4.2%
Other fields of study	0	0.0%

Alberta

Labour Force Status <sup>(25)</sup> ***			
Total population 15 years and over	38,360		
In the labour force	25,925	Participation Rate	67.6%
Employed	22,875	Employment Rate	59.6%
Unemployed	3,050	Unemployment Rate	11.8%
Not in the labour force	12,435		
Men+ 15 years and over	19,060		
In the labour force	13,815	Participation Rate	72.5%
Employed	12,155	Employment Rate	63.8%
Unemployed	1,660	Unemployment Rate	12.0%
Not in the labour force	5,250		
Women+ 15 years and over	19,300		
In the labour force	12,110	Participation Rate	62.7%
Employed	10,720	Employment Rate	55.5%
Unemployed	1,390	Unemployment Rate	11.5%
Not in the labour force	7,190		
Labour Force by Gender and Class of Worker***			
Men+ All classes of workers	13,815		53.3%
Employee	10,275		39.6%
Self-employed <sup>(26)</sup>	3,225		12.4%
Class of worker - not applicable <sup>(27)</sup>	320		1.2%
Women+ All classes of workers	12,110		46.7%
Employee	9,750		37.6%
Self-employed	2,080		8.0%
Class of worker - not applicable	280		1.1%

Alberta

Labour Force by Major Occupation Groups (NOC 2021) <sup>(28)</sup> ***		
Total labour force 15 years and over	25,925	
Men+ All occupations <sup>(29)</sup>	13,500	52.1%
Legislative and senior management occupations	145	0.6%
Business, finance and administration occupations	740	2.9%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	885	3.4%
Health occupations	335	1.3%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government		
services	660	2.5%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	120	0.5%
Sales and service occupations	2,030	7.8%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	5,350	20.6%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	2,275	8.8%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	965	3.7%
Occupation - not applicable <sup>(30)</sup>	320	1.2%
Women+ All occupations	11,830	45.6%
Legislative and senior management occupations	75	0.3%
Business, finance and administration occupations	2,925	11.3%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	350	1.4%
Health occupations	1,615	6.2%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government		
services	1,620	6.2%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	285	1.1%
Sales and service occupations	3,595	13.9%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	490	1.9%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	700	2.7%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	180	0.7%
Occupation - not applicable	280	1.1%

Alberta

Labour Force by Industry (NAICS 2017) <sup>(31)***</sup>		
Total labour force 15 years and over	25,925	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	1,965	7.6%
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	2,235	8.6%
Utilities	225	0.9%
Construction	2,955	11.4%
Manufacturing	1,315	5.1%
Wholesale trade	735	2.8%
Retail trade	2,740	10.6%
Transportation and warehousing	1,050	4.1%
Information and cultural industries	105	0.4%
Finance and insurance	765	3.0%
Real estate and rental and leasing	415	1.6%
Professional, scientific and technical services	1,300	5.0%
Management of companies and enterprises	30	0.1%
Administrative and support, waste management and remediation		
services	940	3.6%
Educational services	1,200	4.6%
Health care and social assistance	2,920	11.3%
Arts, entertainment and recreation	510	2.0%
Accommodation and food services	1,290	5.0%
Other services (except public administration)	1,360	5.2%
Public administration	1,275	4.9%
Industry - not applicable <sup>(32)</sup>	600	2.3%

Alberta

Labour Force by Gender and Place of Work***	22.075	
Total employed labour force 15 years and over	22,875	
Men+ in employed labour force	12,155	53.1%
Worked at usual place	6,680	29.2%
Worked at home	1,650	7.2%
Worked outside Canada	70	0.3%
No fixed workplace address	3,755	16.4%
Women+ in employed labour force	10,720	46.9%
Worked at usual place	7,490	32.7%
Worked at home	2,325	10.2%
Worked outside Canada	10	0.0%
No fixed workplace address	895	3.9%
Employed Labour Force by Mode of Transportation <sup>(33)</sup> ***		
Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace		
address	18,830	
Car, truck, van - as a driver	16,830	89.4%
Car, truck, van - as a passenger	700	3.7%
Public transit	95	0.5%
Walked	685	3.6%
Bicycle	85	0.5%
Other method	440	2.3%
Employment Income (2020) by Gender and Work Activity <sup>(34)</sup> *	**	
Population aged 15 years and over who worked full year, full time		
and with employment income in 2020	11,620	
Median employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$64,500	
Men+ Employed - 15 years and over	6,590	
Median men+ employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time		
	<b>A-</b> 4 <b>- - - - - - - - - -</b>	

Women+ Employed - 15 years and over5,025Median women+ employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time<br/>workers (\$)\$55,200

Alberta

\$74,000

workers(\$)

Total population 15 years and over with income	36,735	
Men+ 15 years and over with total income	18,240	49.7%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	1,205	3.3%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	1,235	3.4%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2,140	5.8%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1,880	5.1%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1,695	4.6%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,570	4.3%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,535	4.2%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,305	3.6%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,120	3.0%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	985	2.7%
\$100,000 and over	3,565	9.7%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2,285	6.2%
\$150,000 and over	1,280	3.5%
Median total income (\$)	\$56,000	
Women+ 15 years and over with total income	18,495	50.3%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	1,840	5.0%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	2,495	6.8%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	3,355	9.1%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	2,560	7.0%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	2,185	5.9%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,610	4.4%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,235	3.4%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	900	2.4%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	560	1.5%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	595	1.6%
\$100,000 and over	1,155	3.1%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	880	2.4%
\$150,000 and over	280	0.8%
Median total income (\$)	\$36,400	

Alberta

Household Income (2020) <sup>(36)</sup> ***		
Total private households	19,240	
Under \$5,000	165	0.9%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	90	0.5%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	135	0.7%
\$15,000 to \$19,999	225	1.2%
\$20,000 to \$24,999	650	3.4%
\$25,000 to \$29,999	620	3.2%
\$30,000 to \$34,999	485	2.5%
\$35,000 to \$39,999	635	3.3%
\$40,000 to \$44,999	740	3.8%
\$45,000 to \$49,999	570	3.0%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,350	7.0%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,390	7.2%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,355	7.0%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,170	6.1%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	1,170	6.1%
\$100,000 and over	8,495	44.2%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	2,575	13.4%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	1,770	9.2%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	2,240	11.6%
\$200,000 and over	1,910	9.9%
Median household income (\$)	\$90,000	

Alberta

Fotal number of economic families	13,945	
Median family income (\$)	\$105,000	
Couple-only families	6,085	
Median family income (\$)	\$94,000	
Couple-with-children economic families	5,565	
Median family income (\$)	\$133,000	
One-parent economic families	1,925	
Median family income (\$)	\$66,500	
Total not in economic families	6,610	
Median income (\$)	\$44,000	

Incidence of Low Income in 2020 on after-tax low-incom	ne measure (LIM-AT) (38)***		
Population in Low Income <sup>(38)</sup>	4,570	9.7%	
Aged 0 to 17 years	1,295	12.1%	
Aged 0 to 5 years	405	13.2%	
Aged 18 to 64 years	2,375	8.3%	
Aged 65 years and over	900	11.5%	
Men+ in Low Income	2,210	9.4%	
Women+ in Low Income	2,360	10.0%	

Alberta

#### Endnotes:

For Innisfail-Sylvan Lake, the total non-response rate (TNR) for the short-form census questionnaire is 3.8% and for the long-form census questionnaire is 6.5%. The TNR reflects only total non-response, meaning all questions were unanswered or the returned questionnaire did not meet minimum content. The TNR is an indication of data quality, where a smaller TNR suggests a lower risk of non-response bias and therefore, more reliable figures and estimates. When the TNR is 50% or above, the data should be used with caution. The TNR is identified for each region.

Data in this report have been specifically tabulated from the 2021 Census of Canada, by allocation of the Statistics Canada block face reference points to Alberta Provincial Electoral Division.

Income statistics presented in this report are based on 25% sample data from the 2021 Census. Statistics Canada has also released income statistics from the 100% data. As such, income statistics for Alberta in this report may not match data presented elsewhere.

- \* Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.
- \*\* 100% data (short-form census questionnaire)
- \*\*\* 25% sample data (long-form census questionnaire)
- (1) Gender refers to an individual's personal and social identity as a man, woman or non-binary person (a person who is not exclusively a man or a woman). The category men+ includes men (and/or boys), as well as some non-binary persons. Women+ includes women (and/or girls), as well as some non-binary persons.
- (2) All persons aged less than 15 are considered as never married and not living common law.
- (3) Census family households are those that include at least one census family. Non census family households are either one person living alone or a group of two or more persons who live together but do not constitute a census family. Census family households may be differentiated based on the presence of additional persons (that is, persons not in a census family). There is no age restriction on children. Multigenerational households include: households where there is at least one person who is both the grandparent of a person in the household and the parent of another person in the same household; households where there is at least one person who is both the child of a person in the household and the grandchild of another person in the same household. Multiple-census-family households and one-census-family households exclude multigenerational households.
- (4) Census family structure refers to the combination of relatives that comprise a census family.
- (5) Language spoken most often at home refers to the language the person speaks most often at home at the time of the Census. More than one language can be reported if the languages are spoken equally often. For a person who lives alone, this is the language in which they feel most comfortable. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this is the language spoken most often to the child at home.
- (6) Refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in the language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.
- (7) Includes persons who identify as First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who report being Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada), and/or those who report having membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements.
- (8) Includes persons who are not First Nations, Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who report having Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- (9) Includes Canadian citizens by birth and naturalization, including those with multiple citizenships. Persons who are stateless are included in 'Not Canadian citizens'.
- (10) Persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.
- (11) Persons who are, or who have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents and were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11, 2021. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. 'Period of immigration' refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.
- (12) Includes persons from another country with a usual place of residence in Canada and who have a work or study permit or who are refugee claimants. Family members living with work or study permit holders are also included, unless these family members are already Canadian citizens, landed immigrants or permanent residents.
- (13) The location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth.
- (14) 'Visible minority' refers to whether a person is a visible minority or not, as defined by the Employment Equity Act ("persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour."). The abbreviation "n.i.e." includes persons who provided responses that are classified as a visible minority, but that cannot be classified with a specific visible minority group.

Alberta

- (15) Self-identified connection or affiliation with any religious denomination, group, body, or other religiously defined community or system of belief (not limited to formal membership in a religious organization or group). For infants or children, refers to the specific religious group or denomination in which they are being raised, if any. Persons without a religious connection or affiliation can self-identify as atheist, agnostic or humanist, or can provide another applicable response.
- (16) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 11, 2021, in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year or five years earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- (17) Includes mobile homes and other movable dwellings such as houseboats, recreational vehicles and railroad cars.
- (18) Tenure refers to whether the household owns or rents their private dwelling. The private dwelling may be situated on rented or leased land or be part of a condominium. A household is considered to own their dwelling if some member of the household owns the dwelling even if it is not fully paid for, for example if there is a mortgage or some other claim on it. A household is considered to rent their dwelling if no member of the household owns the dwelling. A household is considered to rent that dwelling even if the dwelling is provided without cash rent or at a reduced rent, or if the dwelling is part of a cooperative. For historical and statutory reasons, shelter occupancy on Indian reserves or settlements does not lend itself to the usual classification by standard tenure categories. Therefore, a special category, 'dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band,' has been created for census purposes.
- (19) Rooms refers to enclosed areas within a private dwelling which are finished and suitable for year round living. The number of rooms in a private dwelling includes kitchens, bedrooms and finished rooms in the attic or basement. The number of rooms in a private dwelling excludes bathrooms, halls, vestibules and rooms used solely for business purposes. Partially divided rooms are considered to be separate rooms if they are considered as such by the respondent (e.g., L-shaped dining-room and living-room arrangements).
- (20) Does not include desirable remodelling or additions.
- (21) The period in time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed and completed, not the time of any later remodeling, additions or conversions. For properties having multiple residential structures, this refers to the period in which the most recent structure was completed.
- (22) Average monthly total of all shelter expenses paid by households. For owner households, this may include mortgage payments, property taxes and condominium fees, along with the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services. For renter households this may include rent and the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services. For households living in a dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band, shelter costs could include the monthly use or occupancy payment and the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services.
- (23) For information on data quality for this variable, refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013. 'High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational credential and excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree. 'Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and similar institutions. 'Apprenticeship certificate' includes Certificates of Apprenticeship, Certificates of Qualification and Journeyperson's designations. College, CEGEP and other non-university certificates and diplomas obtained from programs that are typically completed in less than 3 months are not included in this category. 'Earned doctorate' does not include honorary doctorates.
- (24) The main discipline or subject of learning for a person's highest completed postsecondary qualification. For more information on the CIP classification, see the Classification of Instructional Programs, Canada 2021. For information on classification and data quality for this variable, refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013. 'No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' includes persons who have not completed any credentials above a high school diploma.
- (25) Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday, May 2 to Saturday, May 8, 2021.
- (26) Includes self-employed persons aged 15 years and over with or without an incorporated business and with or without paid help, as well as unpaid family workers.
- (27) Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment, or who had last worked prior to January 1, 2020.
- (28) Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the National Occupational Classification [NOC] 2021 Version 1.0.
- (29) Includes persons aged 15 years and over in the labour force who have worked at some point in time between January 1, 2020 and May 8, 2021.
- (30) Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment, or who had last worked prior to January 1, 2020.

Alberta

- (31) Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. The industry data are produced according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Canada 2017 Version 3.0.
- (32) Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment, or who had last worked prior to January 1, 2020.
- (33) The main mode of transportation a person uses to travel to their place of work. The census assumes that the commute to work originates from the usual place of residence, but this may not always be the case. Sometimes, respondents may be on a business trip and may have reported their place of work or main mode of commuting based on where they were working during the trip. Some persons maintain a residence close to work and commute to their home on weekends. Students often work after school at a location near their school. As a result, the data may show unusual commutes or unusual main modes of commuting.
- (34) Full-year full-time workers are those who worked 30 hours or more per week for at least 49 weeks in 2020. For more information, see variable work activity in 2020, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2021.
- (35) Total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period (2020). Sources tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income: employment income; net income from self-employment; child/spousal support; pensions; investments; income from government sources (i.e. old age security; covid benefits etc.). Receipts that are excluded: one-time receipts (i.e. lottery winnings, inheritances); capital gains; employers' contributions to pension plans/employment insurance.
- (36) In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period (2020).
- (37) In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period (2020). Economic family refers to a group of two or more persons who live in the same dwelling and are related to each other by blood, marriage, common-law union, adoption or a foster relationship.
- (38) The Low-income measure, after tax, refers to a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of private households. The household after-tax income is adjusted by an equivalence scale to take economies of scale into account. This adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase, but at a decreasing rate, as the number of members increases. Thresholds for specific household sizes are presented in Table 2.4 Low-income measures thresholds (LIM-AT and LIM-BT) for private households of Canada, 2020, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2021.

Alberta